

AMERICA'S WAR AIMS

CAN RELY ON ALLIES TO CHECK GERMAN DRIVE

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The expected German offensive in the west, Secretary Baker's war review today says, "will possibly be their greatest assault," but "the British and French armies can be relied upon to withstand the shock."

Summarizing the situation, Secretary Baker confidently points out that through its fierce battles of great magnitude, the British and French have steadily pushed ahead with methodical and cumulative gains. The expected offensive, he points out, probably is being delayed for massing of great supplies of munitions, guns and troops, and the Germans may be expected to "wait every fibre of their remaining strength."

On the Italian front, the period of adjustment, Secretary Baker says, has passed, and it may now be expected that the French, British and Italian fighting side by side, will be able to master the situation.

The review, which makes no mention of American troops, follows:

Test of Review

"Six weeks have elapsed since the first rumors reached us of the great thrust in the west which the enemy then announced as imminent. In order to concentrate large troop masses, adequate artillery and ample reserves of munitions much time is required."

"Though the German higher command has so long delayed before beginning operations, advances received seemingly confirm the information that the enemy is steadily pushing forward along the western front. They may be counted upon to strain every fibre of their remaining strength in an endeavor to make their plans succeed."

British Victories in 16 Battles

"In considering the general military situation on the western front, it must be recalled that through 16 successive battles of great magnitude in Flanders, the British have every time come out victorious and pushed steadily ahead. Their gains have been methodical and cumulative. The Germans have during this long series of major operations, invariably been driven back, and the British have stood like a rock at Verdun and soon after drove forward vigorously in the battle of the Somme and in turn played a great part in the repeated drives at Arras."

Only on French and British to Hold

"The impending German offensive will probably be their great assault. The French and British armies can be relied upon to withstand the shock."

"In the west no important operations took place during the past seven day period. The entire front from the North Sea to the Swiss border was very active. The Germans continued their widely scattered attacks while the French and British parried with numerous reconnoitering raids and careful patrolling."

"They remained in the quiet vivacious of every minor change in the German order of battle, keeping closely informed of hostile troop movements and concentrations."

British Recapture Ground at Cambrai

"In the Cambrai area the enemy unsuccessfully attempted to recapture the ground."

SPECIAL TOMORROW

Choice of Soup
New England Baked Dinner
Pudding and Coffee.

Fox's Lunch

Next to Keith's.
Tables for Ladies.

"TIME TO SAVE"

CITY INSTITUTION FOR SAVINGS
69 Years
NEVER PAID A LOSS
4%
LOWELL, MASS.

Interest Begins Next Saturday

Chalifoux's CORNER

SIMPLICITY THAT PLEASES

There are no fringes on the evening star. Gaudy of any kind is only a poor little thing at best.

This store has eliminated everything that might be mistaken for gaudy or veneer. All who come here and see with their own eyes are judging our store by its stocks of merchandise and the quality of our manners.

The last word of improvement is never spoken here. With a persistence born of true simplicity we keep on our daily task, feeling that there is always something to be accomplished and higher ideals to reach. Persistent endeavor, we feel, leads to the royal road to progress.

FARRELL & CONATON

PLUMBERS, STEAM, GAS AND WATER FITTERS

243 Dutton St. Telephone 1513.

Wilson Delivers Restatement of Aims in Agreement With Lloyd George in Address to Congress

President Presents Definite Program for World Peace Containing 14 Specific Considerations and Says United States Will Continue to Fight Until These Are Achieved

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—President Wilson today addressing congress delivered a re-statement of war aims in agreement with the recent declaration by the British premier, David Lloyd George.

Program for World Peace

The president presented a definite program for world peace containing the following 14 specific considerations:

- "1.—Open covenants of peace without private international understanding."
- "2.—Absolute freedom of the seas in peace or war, except as they may be closed by international action."
- "3.—Removal of all economic barriers and establishment of equality of trade conditions among nations consenting to peace and associating themselves for their maintenance."
- "4.—Guarantees for the reduction of national armaments to the lowest point consistent with domestic safety."
- "5.—Impartial adjustment of all colonial claims based upon the principle that the peoples concerned have equal weight with the interest of the gov-

ernments.

"6.—Evacuation of all Russian territory and opportunity for Russia's political development."

"7.—Evacuation of Belgium without any attempt to limit her sovereignty."

"8.—All French territory to be freed and restored, and reparation for the taking of Alsace-Lorraine."

"9.—Readjustment of Italy's frontiers along clearly recognizable lines of nationality."

"10.—Best opportunity for autonomous development of the peoples of Austria-Hungary."

"11.—Evacuation of Roumania, Serbia and Montenegro, with access to the sea for Serbia, and international guarantees of economic and political independence and territorial integrity of the Balkan states."

"12.—Secure sovereignty for Turkey's portion of the Ottoman empire but with other nationalities under Turkish rule assured security of life and opportunity for autonomous development."

"13.—The Turkish empire permanently opened to all nations."

"14.—Establishment of an independent Polish state, including territories inhabited by indisputably Polish popu-

lations with free access to the sea and political and economic independence and territorial integrity guaranteed by international covenant."

"15.—General association of nations under specific covenants for mutual guarantees of political independence and territorial integrity to large and small states alike."

"16.—Readjustment of Italy's frontiers along clearly recognizable lines of nationality."

"17.—Best opportunity for autonomous development of the peoples of Austria-Hungary."

"18.—Evacuation of Roumania, Serbia and Montenegro, with access to the sea for Serbia, and international guarantees of economic and political independence and territorial integrity of the Balkan states."

"19.—Secure sovereignty for Turkey's portion of the Ottoman empire but with other nationalities under Turkish rule assured security of life and opportunity for autonomous development."

"20.—The Turkish empire permanently opened to all nations."

"21.—Establishment of an independent Polish state, including territories inhabited by indisputably Polish popu-

lations with free access to the sea and political and economic independence and territorial integrity guaranteed by international covenant."

"22.—General association of nations under specific covenants for mutual guarantees of political independence and territorial integrity to large and small states alike."

"23.—Readjustment of Italy's frontiers along clearly recognizable lines of nationality."

"24.—Best opportunity for autonomous development of the peoples of Austria-Hungary."

"25.—Evacuation of Roumania, Serbia and Montenegro, with access to the sea for Serbia, and international guarantees of economic and political independence and territorial integrity of the Balkan states."

"26.—Secure sovereignty for Turkey's portion of the Ottoman empire but with other nationalities under Turkish rule assured security of life and opportunity for autonomous development."

"27.—The Turkish empire permanently opened to all nations."

"28.—Establishment of an independent Polish state, including territories inhabited by indisputably Polish popu-

lations with free access to the sea and political and economic independence and territorial integrity guaranteed by international covenant."

"29.—General association of nations under specific covenants for mutual guarantees of political independence and territorial integrity to large and small states alike."

"30.—Readjustment of Italy's frontiers along clearly recognizable lines of nationality."

"31.—Best opportunity for autonomous development of the peoples of Austria-Hungary."

"32.—Evacuation of Roumania, Serbia and Montenegro, with access to the sea for Serbia, and international guarantees of economic and political independence and territorial integrity of the Balkan states."

"33.—Secure sovereignty for Turkey's portion of the Ottoman empire but with other nationalities under Turkish rule assured security of life and opportunity for autonomous development."

"34.—The Turkish empire permanently opened to all nations."

"35.—Establishment of an independent Polish state, including territories inhabited by indisputably Polish popu-

lations with free access to the sea and political and economic independence and territorial integrity guaranteed by international covenant."

"36.—General association of nations under specific covenants for mutual guarantees of political independence and territorial integrity to large and small states alike."

"37.—Readjustment of Italy's frontiers along clearly recognizable lines of nationality."

"38.—Best opportunity for autonomous development of the peoples of Austria-Hungary."

"39.—Evacuation of Roumania, Serbia and Montenegro, with access to the sea for Serbia, and international guarantees of economic and political independence and territorial integrity of the Balkan states."

"40.—Secure sovereignty for Turkey's portion of the Ottoman empire but with other nationalities under Turkish rule assured security of life and opportunity for autonomous development."

"41.—The Turkish empire permanently opened to all nations."

"42.—Establishment of an independent Polish state, including territories inhabited by indisputably Polish popu-

lations with free access to the sea and political and economic independence and territorial integrity guaranteed by international covenant."

"43.—General association of nations under specific covenants for mutual guarantees of political independence and territorial integrity to large and small states alike."

"44.—Readjustment of Italy's frontiers along clearly recognizable lines of nationality."

"45.—Best opportunity for autonomous development of the peoples of Austria-Hungary."

"46.—Evacuation of Roumania, Serbia and Montenegro, with access to the sea for Serbia, and international guarantees of economic and political independence and territorial integrity of the Balkan states."

"47.—Secure sovereignty for Turkey's portion of the Ottoman empire but with other nationalities under Turkish rule assured security of life and opportunity for autonomous development."

"48.—The Turkish empire permanently opened to all nations."

"49.—Establishment of an independent Polish state, including territories inhabited by indisputably Polish popu-

lations with free access to the sea and political and economic independence and territorial integrity guaranteed by international covenant."

"50.—General association of nations under specific covenants for mutual guarantees of political independence and territorial integrity to large and small states alike."

"51.—Readjustment of Italy's frontiers along clearly recognizable lines of nationality."

"52.—Best opportunity for autonomous development of the peoples of Austria-Hungary."

"53.—Evacuation of Roumania, Serbia and Montenegro, with access to the sea for Serbia, and international guarantees of economic and political independence and territorial integrity of the Balkan states."

"54.—Secure sovereignty for Turkey's portion of the Ottoman empire but with other nationalities under Turkish rule assured security of life and opportunity for autonomous development."

"55.—The Turkish empire permanently opened to all nations."

"56.—Establishment of an independent Polish state, including territories inhabited by indisputably Polish popu-

lations with free access to the sea and political and economic independence and territorial integrity guaranteed by international covenant."

LOWELL MEN JOIN ROYAL MUNSTER FUSILIERS

Three Lowell men have joined the Royal Munster Fusiliers, one of the most famous Irish regiments now in service and which gained much of its fame through the fact that Maj. William Redmond, son of John Redmond, the famous Irish leader, was killed while serving with it.

The Lowell men who have recently signed their intentions of joining the unit are Frank McHugh, of 69 Tyler street; Michael J. McNulty, 143 Chapel street, and Jeremiah P. Sullivan, 111 Port Hill avenue.

Other recent recruits recruited by the British recruiting mission at the local war work headquarters are Henry E. Bird, 26 Smith street, Canadian Expeditionary forces and Romulus Clermont, 187 Perkins street, 249th Canadians.

Man British Tanks
Lowell recruits are wanted to man

the famous British "tanks" about which so much has been heard during the present war. Sgt. Healey said this morning that if any British subject in Lowell is on the lookout for excitement and thrilling experiences, he should join the tank corps at once. Men in the following trades will be accepted for the tanks: Acetylene welders, blacksmiths, boilermakers, coppersmiths, draughtsmen, electricians, fitters, painters, traction drivers and wheelers. Applicants must bring a certificate from their employer stating how long they have been occupied in one of these trades. Recruits will be sent to Chertsey and will not be held there any longer than is necessary to await the arrival of a transport to take them to England. Here they will be sent to Grantham in the southern part of England where they will receive their training preparatory to departing for France.

PROMOTIONS IN THE ROYAL MUNSTER FUSILIERS

An examination for the promotion of privates in the local fire department to the positions of lieutenant will be held at city hall tomorrow morning and the men who have signified their intention of taking the examination are as follows:

John F. Ambrose, Patrick H. O'Loughlin, Edward P. Cunningham, Patrick J. Mooney, George H. McDermott, Robert W. Broadbent, John J. Wholey, Edouard Landry, Henri Carpentier, James H. Gray, Edson S. Barnes, James W. Jantzen, John D. Flanagan, William F. Egan, James E. McGuinness, James H. Lannon, Michael J. O'Connor, Philip Connors, Frank G. Collins, John J. Rinehart, Frank E. Turner, George J. Tracy, Hugh O. Green, Francis J. Sullivan, Joseph Bernier, Charles H. Cogswell and J. D. Desmond.

On Thursday at the same place an examination for captain will be held and the following will take it: Guzman S. Olcott, Alfred E. Prescott, George A. Campbell, John J. Flynn, James J. McCafferty, Thomas W. Collins, Timothy Dwyer, Elbridge H. Deane and Thomas F. Conway. The examination will be conducted by Deputy Examiner Dennis A. Doyle.

FUNERAL NOTICE

DIED.—Died in this city, Jan. 7, at his home, 77 Westford street, Charles E. Hild, aged 55 years, 6 months and 17 days. Funeral services will be held from his home, 77 Westford street, Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited to attend. Burial in the cemetery. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertakers Young & Blake.

BANK MEETING ADJOURNS

Owing to the sudden death of Mr. Frederick J. Fleming, for many years a director of the Appleton National bank, the annual meeting of the shareholders held today was adjourned without action to Tuesday, Jan. 15, at 8 a. m.

LOWELL IS SHORT ON WOOD

How are you fixed for wood? If you have plenty of it, "go light" for a while, anyway, because there isn't a great deal more in sight for the present. If you haven't very much, you'll have to be careful whether you want to or not.

The scarcity of coal has caused many Lowell people to think that one of the consequences would be a dearth of firewood, and a prominent local dealer said this morning that this fact was true. There is a scarcity of wood in that the dealers are not at present able to obtain any additions to their supplies and, however, the present supplies are ample for the time being.

Lowell people, housekeepers, especially, are using a great deal more wood than they ever did before and the extended cold spell of last week did not serve to decrease the demand.

Asked if any of the large industries had resorted to wood fires as yet, the dealer said that as far as he knew they hadn't and were using wood only to start their boiler fires as is the usual custom.

One of the reasons for the inability of the dealers to get any more wood is that the sawmills are using a great deal of it themselves and shipping out practically none of it.

This winter they are using wood for heating purposes instead of coal on account of the scarcity of the darker element. In the spring, however, this will be unnecessary and the wood will come from Maine and New Hampshire into Lowell and other places. The extreme weather conditions have also added to the difficulties of getting wood out of the north.

Hard wood is at present selling at retail for \$15 a cord, sawed, and \$10 a cord, "logs." Kindling wood is bringing in \$5 a cord.

At any rate, there is not much wood "to burn" in Lowell.

At a "Frugality Dance" in Montclair, N. J., those wearing patent leather shoes, silk stockings or high collars, were fined five cents; those wearing marcel waves, in cents; while those wearing dress suits or decolette gowns paid 25 cents.

WITH THE ARMY AND NAVY

Corps. Ralph Dudley and Arthur Rich who have been stationed at the local regular army recruiting station since last October as assistants left Lowell this afternoon for Boston where they are to report to Fort Andrews. The two soldiers are members of the coast artillery of the National Guard, and they returned today to their unit. No successors have been appointed as yet to take their places at the local station.

Gerald R. Willette of Pepperell and Howard G. Wilden of 53 Chestnut st. were accepted at the local navy recruiting station this morning as ap-

prentice seamen and were forwarded to Boston for formal enlistment.

Sgt. Healey of the British recruiting mission stated this morning that British residents of this city who registered on June 6th for the draft must fill out their questionnaires. There has been some misunderstanding among the local British residents as many of them thought it unnecessary to fill out their papers.

The Lawrence recruiting station for the British mission is doing excellent work under the direction of Lieut. Stehelin and Sgt. Palmer. Today they sent 16 recruits to Boston, yesterday 9, and Saturday 7.

The following persons have volunteered their services to the British mission as canvassers of British subjects in this city: T. G. England, W. T. Smith, Windsor, James W. Fletcher and George Dailey.

Russian Peace Envoy Arrive

LOWELL, Jan. 8.—The Russian peace delegation, including Foreign Minister Trotsky, reached Brest-Litovsk on Monday for the reopening of negotiations that afternoon, according to a Berlin dispatch received in Copenhagen and forwarded by the Exchange Telegraph Co.

Austrian Delegate to Peace Session

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 8.—Count Adam Tarnowski von Tarnow, according to a despatch to the Berlin Tageblatt has been appointed Austrian delegate to the peace conference at Brest-Litovsk. He was named ambassador to the United States last spring but was never officially received by the American government.

British Destroyer Sunk

LONDON, Jan. 8.—A British torpedo boat destroyer has been torpedoed and sunk in the Mediterranean sea, according to an admiralty announcement issued last night.

The name of the destroyer was not given, but 10 members of the crew were lost.

British Port Raided

LONDON, Jan. 8.—"An enemy party raided one of our ports yesterday noon in the neighborhood of Flegueres," the war office announces. "One of our men is missing."

"Hostile artillery showed some activity during the night in the neighborhood of Bulcourt and Passchendale."

German Field Marshal Threatens to Resign

Russia apparently will continue peace negotiations with the central powers at Brest-Litovsk. A Berlin despatch received in Copenhagen says that Russian representatives arrived at Brest-Litovsk Monday and that the negotiations were to be reopened yesterday afternoon. Foreign Minister Trotsky accompanied the delegation.

Official confirmation of this report is lacking, but probability is lent to it by the fact that neither Russia nor the central powers have declared officially that the peace negotiations have been broken off definitely. Germany suspended the negotiations temporarily last week because it could not meet the Russian request that the conference be transferred to Stockholm.

Hindenburg May Resign

The political crisis in Germany brought about over the annexation policy of the government is most serious according to reports from neutral capitals. It is reported that Gen. von Ludendorff, as leader of the militarist group, threatened the resignation of himself and Field Marshal von Hindenburg should the government continue to support Foreign Secretary von Kuehlmann's peace plans. The German social democrats have adopted a resolution again declaring that the honest recognition of the democratic principle of right of self-determination in occupied territories only can bring a lasting peace.

War Aims Bring Better Feeling

In London it is felt that the central powers will be compelled to make full answer to Premier Lloyd George's statement of the aims which apparently has brought about better feeling in Great Britain. President Wilson and Premier Clemenceau have congratulated the British leader on his statement. German newspapers in their comment express disbelief in the sincerity of the British premier's words.

Artillery Duels in West

Intense artillery duels continue on the western front but the Germans have carried out only two raids—one southeast of Ypres and the other north-west of Verdun—which were repulsed by the British and French respectively. The German artillery fire in the Ypres sector has been very strong for some days and the occasional raids there may be forerunners of a determined attack in an effort to regain possession of the dominating hills in southeastern Flanders. Reconnoitering engagements along the Ypres and Lively artillery duels between the Asiatic and the Italian front.

British Warship Sunk

Ten sailors were lost in the sinking by a submarine of a British torpedo boat destroyer in the Mediterranean. All others on the vessel, including the officers, were saved.

GERMAN FIELD MARSHAL THREATENS TO RESIGN

Russia apparently will continue peace negotiations with the central powers at Brest-Litovsk. A Berlin despatch received in Copenhagen says that Russian representatives arrived at Brest-Litovsk Monday and that the negotiations were to be reopened yesterday afternoon. Foreign Minister Trotsky accompanied the delegation.

Official confirmation of this report is lacking, but probability is lent to it by the fact that neither Russia nor the central powers have declared officially that the peace negotiations have been broken off definitely. Germany suspended the negotiations temporarily last week because it could not meet the Russian request that the conference be transferred to Stockholm.

Hindenburg May Resign

The political crisis in Germany brought about over the annexation policy of the government is most serious according to reports from neutral capitals. It is reported that Gen. von Ludendorff, as leader of the militarist group, threatened the resignation of himself and Field Marshal von Hindenburg should the government continue to support Foreign Secretary von Kuehlmann's peace plans. The German social democrats have adopted a resolution again declaring that the honest recognition of the democratic principle of right of self-determination in occupied territories only can bring a lasting peace.

War Aims Bring Better Feeling

In London it is felt that the central powers will be compelled to make full answer to Premier Lloyd George's statement of the aims which apparently has brought about better feeling in Great Britain. President Wilson and Premier Clemenceau have congratulated the British leader on his statement. German newspapers in their comment express disbelief in the sincerity of the British premier's words.

Artillery Duels in West

Intense artillery duels continue on the western front but the Germans have carried out only two raids—one southeast of Ypres and the other north-west of Verdun—which were repulsed by the British and French respectively. The German artillery fire in the Ypres sector has been very strong for some days and the occasional raids there may be forerunners of a determined attack in an effort to regain possession of the dominating hills in southeastern Flanders. Reconnoitering engagements along the Ypres and Lively artillery duels between the Asiatic and the Italian front.

British Warship Sunk

Ten sailors were lost in the sinking by a submarine of a British torpedo boat destroyer in the Mediterranean. All others on the vessel, including the officers, were saved.

LOWELL IS SHORT ON WOOD

How are you fixed for wood? If you have plenty of it, "go light" for a while, anyway, because there isn't a great deal more in sight for the present. If you haven't very much, you'll have to be careful whether you want to or not.

The scarcity of coal has caused many Lowell people to think that one of the consequences would be a dearth of firewood, and a prominent local dealer said this morning that this fact was true. There is a scarcity of wood in that the dealers are not at present able to obtain any additions to their supplies and, however, the present supplies are ample for the time being.

Lowell people, housekeepers, especially, are using a great deal more wood than they ever did before and the extended cold spell of last week did not serve to decrease the demand.

Asked if any of the large industries had resorted to wood fires as yet, the dealer said that as far as he knew they hadn't and were using wood only to start their boiler fires as is the usual custom.

One of the reasons for the inability of the dealers to get any more wood is that the sawmills are using a great deal of it themselves and shipping out practically none of it.

This winter they are using wood for heating purposes instead of coal on account of the scarcity of the darker element. In the spring, however, this will be unnecessary and the wood will come from Maine and New Hampshire into Lowell and other places. The extreme weather conditions have also added to the difficulties of getting wood out of the north.

Hard wood is at present selling at retail for \$15 a cord, sawed, and \$10 a cord, "logs." Kindling wood is bringing in \$5 a cord.

At any rate, there is not much wood "to burn" in Lowell.

At a "Frugality Dance" in Montclair, N. J., those wearing patent leather shoes, silk stockings or high collars, were fined five cents; those wearing marcel waves, in cents; while those wearing dress suits or decolette gowns paid 25 cents.

At a "Frugality Dance" in Montclair, N. J., those wearing patent leather shoes, silk stockings or high collars, were fined five cents; those wearing marcel waves, in cents; while those wearing dress suits or decolette gowns paid 25 cents.

At a "Frugality Dance" in Montclair, N. J., those wearing patent leather shoes, silk stockings or high collars, were fined five cents; those wearing marcel waves, in cents; while those wearing dress suits or decolette gowns paid 25 cents.

At a "Frugality Dance" in Montclair, N. J., those wearing patent leather shoes, silk stockings or high collars, were fined five cents; those wearing marcel waves, in cents; while those wearing dress suits or decolette gowns paid 25 cents.

ITALIANS HONOR AMERICANS

Venice Schools Reopened—Were Closed When City Was Threatened by Raiders

Canals Frozen for First Time in Years—American Consul Helps Sufferers

VENICE, Jan. 7. (By the Associated Press.)—The public schools, which were ordered closed when Venice was threatened and the city evacuated, have been ordered to re-open on Jan. 15. The school board declared its confidence that the defenses were sufficient to insure the protection of Venice from invasion. The first air raid alarm in weeks

was sounded Sunday afternoon when Austrian airplanes appeared over San Marco in broad daylight. Italian aviators ascended to give battle, but the enemy threw no bombs and scurried home when they saw that the defensive preparations were complete. Honor was paid to the United States and the American Red Cross today at a charity school for orphan children of Italian soldiers. The children sang American songs and waved American flags. Their sufferings have been greatly alleviated through the activities of Hervey B. Carroll, Jr., the American consul, and his wife. Consul Carroll today visited the 1500-platteau as the guest of the general staff. He carried a huge supply of knitted hoods for the soldiers in the trenches. Venice is experiencing an unusual cold snap. The canals are frozen for the first time in years and light snow fell today.

HOUSE TAKES UP OIL LANDS LEASING BILL

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Effort was begun in the house today to obtain early consideration for the Walsh-Pittman oil and coal land leasing bill finally passed by the senate yesterday after agreement had been reached to exclude navy oil reserves from its provisions. The bill has been before the senate four years and its approval delayed by opposition of the navy department to its plan to throw open naval oil reserves in California to private lease. A separate bill providing for the operation of these reserves by the government is being drafted and will be introduced as soon as approved by President Wilson.

KILLED 2, TRIED TO KILL THIRD AND STOLE \$1700

NEWBURYPORT, Jan. 8.—Antonio C. Zesepanek confessed yesterday to the murder, on Dec. 19, of Mrs. Annie Spiewok and Wladyslaw Bill, the attempted murder of Francesca Bill and the theft of \$1700 from the Spiewok home. He was held without bail to await the action of the grand jury on Jan. 14.

AWAIT GERMAN REPLY TO LLOYD GEORGE

LONDON, Jan. 8.—A reply from the central powers to the statement of British war aims made by Premier Lloyd George Saturday is awaited here with the greatest interest. It is believed that Germany and her allies cannot decline to reply in some form and to make the reply more straightforward and definite than any previous statement of their aims. But if the German papers correctly mirror the situation there, the test which the Bolsheviks have made of Germany's attitude toward the principle of no annexation has thrown Germany into political turmoil. Advice from the capitals of neutral countries bordering on Germany show that the opinion prevalent there is that one of the most severe national crises in the history of Germany is developing as a result of the difference of views between the militarist and non-militarist leaders regarding the government's attitude toward Russia.

It is reported generally that Gen. von Ludendorff, leader of the former group, actually has gone so far as to threaten the resignation of himself and Field Marshal von Hindenburg if further countenance is given even to such views as those advanced by men of the type of Dr. von Kuehlmann, and Count Czernin, the German and Austrian foreign ministers. At the same time the views of von Kuehlmann and Czernin fail to satisfy the middle of the road policy as tricky and who are determined that the spirit of the reichstag resolution

MUSTEROLE—QUICK RELIEF! NO BLISTER!

It Soothes and Relieves Like a Mustard Plaster Without the Burn or Sting. Musterole is a clean, white ointment, made with the oil of mustard. It does all the work of the old-fashioned mustard plaster—does it better and does not blister. You do not have to bother with a cloth. You simply rub it on—and usually the pain is gone! Many doctors and nurses use Musterole and recommend it to their patients. They will gladly tell you what relief it gives from sore throat, bronchitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frost-bitten feet, colds of the chest (it often prevents pneumonia). 30c and 60c jars, hospital size \$2.50.



must be followed sincerely and without qualification or reserve. Neutral observers declare that the gap between the German parties suddenly has become a chasm so wide that there is little hope of bridging it and that the development of an internal crisis of serious proportions seems inevitable. On the other hand it is pointed out that the various parties in the German government have completely united in their support of the war aims formulated by Premier Lloyd George.

SUN BREVITIES

Best Printing, Tobin's, Asso. Bldg. J. F. Donohoe, 225 Hildreth Bldg., real estate and insurance. Telephone. Pierre A. Rousseau of Essex street has returned from a brief visit to Montreal, Que., where he visited his son, Charles, who is seriously ill. Edelmard S. Desmarais, the well

WHY WOMEN DREAD OLD AGE

Don't worry about old age. Don't worry about being in other people's way when you are getting on in years. Keep your body in good condition and you can be as hale and hearty in your old days as you were when a kid, and every one will be glad to see you. The kidneys and bladder are the causes of senile afflictions. Keep them clean and in proper working condition. Drive out the waste from the system and avoid uric acid accumulations. Take GOLD MEDAL Maatien Oil Capsules periodically and you will find that the system will always be in perfect working order. Your spirits will be invigorated, your muscles made strong and your face have once more the look of youth and health. There is only one guaranteed brand of Maatien Oil Capsules, the GOLD MEDAL. There are many fakes on the market. Be sure you get the original GOLD MEDAL. Imported by Maatien Oil Capsules. They are the only reliable. For sale by all first-class druggists.

KEITH'S

Lowell's Leading Theatre
THIS WEEK
DAILY, 2 and 7.30—Tel. 28

BIG LAUGHING SHOW!!

CORNER STORE

A Hilarious Rural Comedy
Two Noble Nuts

Rockwell & Wood
Navigating the Ocean of Nonsense

The Two Popular Lowell Girls
BESSIE and ZENA

MORIN SISTERS
In a Variety of Dances
Best Dancing Act This Season

THREE ROSELLAS
Some Music—Some Laughs

ABBOTT and WHITE
The Boys from Songland

ALANSON
And His Novelty Surprise

Photoplay Feature
ELSIE FERGUSON in
"The Rise of Jennie Cushing"

The Biggest Show in Town at the Lowest Prices

USUAL KEITH NEWS PICTORIAL

Linen Shower

—AT—
ST. JOHN'S HOSPITAL

SATURDAY, JAN. 12
3 P. M. to 6 P. M.

Musical—Refreshments
NO CARDS

Donations of money and linen sheets and pillow cases gratefully received.

Open to the General Public

JEWEL THEATRE

TODAY ONLY
CLADYS BROCKWELL in
"THE SOUL OF SATAN"
FOURTH EPISODE OF
"WHO IS NUMBER ONE?"
COMEDY AND OTHERS

STREET
FLOOR
NEAR KIRK
STREET
ENTRANCE

The Bon Marche
DRY GOODS CO.

STREET
FLOOR
NEAR KIRK
STREET
ENTRANCE

Clearance Sale of SHOES FOR WOMEN

All First Quality Shoes New This Season

COME
NOW
WHILE
THE
CHOOSING
IS
GOOD

THESE
PRICES
WILL HELP
YOU CUT
THE HIGH
COST OF
LIVING

Women's "Boston Favorite" SHOES	Women's "Queen Quality" SHOES	Women's "Boston Favorite" SHOES
Women's Black Cloth Top Boots with Louis heels, all sizes. Regular price \$4.50. Sale Price.....\$3.00	Women's High Cut Lace Boots, in black only, with Louis heels. Regular price \$6.00. Sale Price \$4.50	Women's Lace Boots, made of fine black kid, high cut. Regular price \$5.00. Sale Price.....\$3.50

known automobile man left for Texas, where he will spend a couple of months for the benefit of his health.

Helen Thelen, residing in Market street, suffered an injury to her side while at work shortly before 10 o'clock this morning. The ambulance was summoned and she was taken to the Lowell Corporation hospital where she received treatment.

Richard Maple, who was wanted by the Manchester, N. H., police for the non-support of his family, was arrested in Moody street late yesterday afternoon by Inspector Walsh and Officer Casselle. He was brought to the police station and later taken to the Queen City.

Two Places to Go—The Academy and Home

Academy THEATRE
LET'S GO

4 DAYS STARTING THURS. JAN. 10

William Fox Presents
THEDA BARA
Superproduction
CLEOPATRA

A wondrous picture of old Egypt. Heavy with the legends of antiquity and rich with the luxuries and splendors of its unbridled revelry.

Matinee Daily, 2.15—25c and 50c
Nightly at 8.15—25c to \$1.00

Those who passed the Morrill school as the evening session of the Vocational school was being dismissed last night, must have known that they had come in contact with a local Sargent school of physical culture for young women, for they saw a number of comely young women doing a series of most unusual acrobatic stunts on the steep stone steps of the school, accompanied by a bewildering array of hoarse and hoarse. The stunts, it seems, were completely covered with ice as the result of the sleaz storm, and but few of the pupils were able to negotiate them without a tumble.

MAYOR WILL ADDRESS PATRIOTIC MEETING

Mayor Perry D. Thompson has accepted an invitation to be one of the speakers at the patriotic meeting to be held tomorrow evening under the auspices of the Lowell Teachers' organization in Memorial hall. The other speakers will be Brig. Gen. William Welgel of Camp Devens and Acting Chief of Staff Major Wainwright, also of Camp Devens. The meeting will be at 8 o'clock and at the close of the session the visitors will be entertained at the York club by the mayor. The mayor has also received an invitation to speak at the annual installation of the officers of the Lowell Musicians' association, which will be held in the quarters of the organization.

THE GREATEST HIT IN MANY YEARS—IT WILL BREAK ALL FORMER RECORDS OF THE PLAYERS TO "SMITHEREENS"

EVERYONE FOR MILES AROUND IS GOING TO SEE THIS FUNCLONE

Return of Lowell's Own Big Favorite
Mr. JOSEPH CREHAN
And All the Favorites of the Emerson Players in the World Famous Hit

CHARLEY'S AUNT

Given the Same Sterling Production as When Presented in New York, Chicago and Boston at Two Dollar Prices—In All the Years that Lowell Has Seen On the Theatrical Map, No Better Offering Has Been Presented.

COMING NEXT WEEK
Return of the Big Lowell Favorite
MISS ANN O'DAY
Presenting That Big Success
"THE DAUGHTER OF MOTHER MACHREE"

OPERA HOUSE

Return of the Big Lowell Favorite
MISS ANN O'DAY
Presenting That Big Success
"THE DAUGHTER OF MOTHER MACHREE"

PHONE 281 FOR SEATS—DO IT NOW—DO NOT DELAY

WHY IT IS RISKY TO HAVE CLOGGED NOSTRILS

The inside of the lower part of your head is hollow and holds the things you think with, hear with, taste with, smell with, talk with and act with. If you think right, see right, hear right, smell right, taste right, talk right and act right, you will amount to something. The only difference between the employer and his hired help is the difference between the workings of their thinking and acting machinery.

If your nostrils are clogged the air does not circulate through your head as it should and the result is your brain is not cooled. A hot brain will not work right. With such a brain you do not rest well at night, but get up tired and sleepy and stupid. You cannot collect your thoughts, cannot concentrate your mind on your work. The discomfort and misery of clogged nostrils is great. When your nostrils are stopped up you must keep your mouth open to get enough air. Breathing with the mouth open changes the expression of the face. Those with clogged nostrils soon develop a dull, this look in the face.

Catarh nostrils often have a feeling of heaviness or deep dull pain across the forehead and in the temples. This feeling is not only annoying, but may be so severe as to prevent the proper acting of the brain. In most cases of clogged nostrils there is considerable discharge poured out. This discharge may be watery and thin or it may be tough and sticky fast to the nostrils, or it may drop back into the throat and stick to the back of the throat.

In others with catarrh the discharge dries up in the nostrils and forms yellowish or brown crusts and scales. This dried discharge cannot be expelled by blowing the nose, but remains in the nostrils and may clog them. This causes the head to ache. In many cases clogged nostrils result in asthma. In others they cause pain in various parts of the head. In others it causes dizzy spells. In still others it causes head noises, deafness or discharging ears.

Operation On Jeffries's Nostrils

Mr. James J. Jeffries, the famous pugilist, went all the way to Europe to have his closed nostrils opened. The surgeons of the Old World wanted to cut away the bones inside his nose. As this would weaken his nose, he refused to allow them to operate on him.

Mr. Jeffries's return to this country he learned that a New York surgeon was freeing obstructed nostrils without cutting away the bones of the nose. He immediately contacted Dr. McCoy at his New York office, was operated on and the operation caused him no pain and no inconvenience, and did not interfere with his work. After the operation his nostrils were free, and his breathing, that had been labored, became easy again.

The case of Mr. Jeffries is cited as showing how closed nostrils may usually be opened without cutting away the bones in the nose by the use of an electrical operation.

She Was Deaf Now She Hears

Mrs. Mary Farley, 9 L Street, Lowell, Mass., has been troubled with her ears for over six years. It began with noises which sounded like chirping of crickets. Her hearing began to fail, finally it got so bad that she had difficulty in hearing what people said. When I went to church everything was a blur and I could not hear a word of the sermon. One day in crossing a street, I came very near being killed. An electric car was within a few feet of me when it pulled away. The motor-man blew the horn loudly but I could not hear it. As the result of Doctor McCoy's treatment, I can hear every word of the sermon. In fact, my hearing is so good that I can hear the crickets in the next room. The neighbors all notice my changed condition and they marvel at the result produced by Doctor McCoy's treatment.

Ordered to the Consumptives' Home

Mrs. Madeline Kendrick, 5153 Broad street, Pittsfield, Mass., writes: "I had been a very sick woman for a number of years. I had lost flesh, would cough and have terrible sweats at night. I would wake up in the morning as though I would choke to death. My complexion was sallow, my nose was clogged up and I was a physical wreck. I had been to a doctor for some time, until finally he told my sister that I had consumption, and advised me to go to a Consumptives' Home. It seemed so sad to think that I was compelled to leave my three little children, perhaps never to see them again. I was so full of all arrangements to go, but the thought of home was too strong for me, and I lingered with my children, growing worse all the while. "Having heard so much about the wonderful recoveries of the McCoy System, I concluded to try it. The result was wonderful. I began to improve almost immediately. I am now a new woman. There is no trace of tuberculosis about me. I breathe free and once more my life is worth living."

8 Visits for \$5

The reason why many people suffering from catarrhal troubles are not cured is because they cannot afford to receive the right kind of treatment often enough.

The offer of the nominal fee rate is given at this time by Dr. McCoy so that all sufferers from catarrhal diseases can afford to receive treatment as often and as long as it is needed. Dr. McCoy takes this opportunity of notifying all those who need treatment from catarrhal troubles that until January 15 he has placed his fees at the nominal rate of 8 visits for \$5.00.

In order to take advantage of this low offer, it will be necessary to visit from 8 to 15 times, and to enroll your name on or before Jan. 15.

The McCOY SYSTEM

PERMANENT OFFICES
116 CENTRAL ST. LOWELL.
Second Fl., Room 1

J. C. McCOY, M. D.
J. R. POWELL, M. D.

CONSULTING PHYSICIANS
Hours: 9 a. m. to 12 m., 2 to 4 p. m., 6 to 8 p. m. Office closed on Sabbath Day.

CONSULTATION AND EXAMINATION FREE.

THIS WEEK Strand

CONTINUOUS-15ER.

Today and Wednesday

Continuons, 1 to 11 p. m.

Wm. H. Selig Presents

HELEN WARE

In the Love Story of the Sahara Desert, in 8 Acts

GARDEN OF ALLAH

Wm. A. Brady World Film Offers

Ethel Clayton

In the Romantic Story in 6 Acts

STOLEN HOURS

IRVING MARSTON JACKSON, Solist

PRICES:
Matinee 10c, 15c
Until 6.15 p. m.
Evening 10c, 15c, 25c

CROWN THEATRE

TODAY ONLY

FRANKLYN FARNUM IN

"ANYTHING ONCE"

The Story of a Man Who Refused to Be Bluffed

WM. DUNCAN and CAROL HOLLOWAY in

"THE FIGHTING TRAIL"

Other Plays

OWL THEATRE

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT

Irene Fenwick, Reine Davies, Clifford Bruce

IN

"THE SIN WOMAN"

A seven-act super-feature allegorical play which traces sin down through the ages beginning with the origin of sin in the Garden of Eden and ending in modern New York. A daring play but unobjectionable.

PEARL WHITE in "THE FATAL RING"

See each of the remaining episodes

E. K. LINCOLN in "THE GREY SEAL" Series

COMEDY—OTHER PLAYS

Tonight—Mollie King in "On The Square Girl;"

Roy Stewart in "The Learnin' of Jim Benton."

MERRIMACK SO THEATRE

TODAY AND WEDNESDAY

Mary Pickford in "The Little Princess"

In the role of a feminine Oliver Twist. She is a little drudge who eventually obtains her happiness.

O. Henry Story—"THE DEPARTMENTAL CASE"

Hand Colored Pictures of the Silk Industry

"That Night," Comedy. Other Plays

Thursday—Vivian Martin in "The Fair Barbarian;"

George Behan in "Jules of the Strong Heart."

POLO

—AT—

Worcester vs. Lowell

Rollaway "Bob" Hart and "Jigger" Higgins, famous stars, will play with Worcester. Game at 8.15.

DON'T MISS THE RUMMAGE TABLE
20 COATS
15 DRESSES
25 SKIRTS
Values to \$18
Choice
\$2

20 DOZEN
BUNGALOW
APRONS—Choice
42c

CHERRY & WEBB
LOWELL'S QUALITY STORE

15 DOZEN HIGH GRADE
WAISTS
Some Soiled.
Values \$2.00, at **62c**

300 BLACK AND NAVY
SKIRTS
Values to \$3.
Choice
\$1.69

January Clearance

COMMENCES THURSDAY MORNING AT 9.30 O'CLOCK SHARP

36 ALL WOOL
SERGE DRESSES

Good value at \$12.00—
Wednesday while they last,
\$6.62

Navy, Brown and Green.

A TWICE YEARLY EVENT—A CLEARANCE OF ALL WINTER GARMENTS AT COST AND LESS

Women's and Misses' Coats, Suits, Dresses, Furs, Waists, Skirts, etc.

Our entire stock, nothing reserved, at such prices as come only twice a year. To fully realize what this sale means you should see the garments. Cherry & Webb values are known all over New England. Compare the style and quality with the advertised prices. With winter in full swing this sale offers a wonderful opportunity to buy. NO EXCHANGES. NO REFUNDS. NO GOODS ON APPROVAL. ALL SALES FINAL.

100 SILK
PETTICOATS

In Taffeta Silk Jersey;
some with floral flounce;
\$3 and \$1 values. Choice

\$1.92

\$6.00 and \$7.00 values—
Choice
\$3.82

1267 Coats

At Record Prices

Plush, Velour, Burella, Broadcloth, Pom Pom
and Mixtures. Fur, Plush and Kerami Col-
lars.

- GROUP 1—Coats that are a big value
at this low price..... **\$8.82**
- GROUP 2—Coats that were great
value at regular price..... **\$14.22**
- GROUP 3—Coats that sold to \$35
in the lot..... **\$17.82**
- GROUP 4—Pan Velour, high grade
qualities, with fur collars..... **\$19.82**
- GROUP 5—Cream of the stock;
some were \$45.00..... **\$24.22**



DRESSES

We are sacrificing at this sale the finest
assortment of dresses ever assembled in any
Lowell store. Serge, Satins, Crepe de Chine,
for street, afternoon wear and costumes. A
bewildering assortment.

- GROUP 1—Dresses that sold to \$15—
January Sale **\$9.82**
- GROUP 2—Dresses that sold at \$18.00 and \$20.00—
Many new styles in but 4 days,
but they must be marked down. **\$11.62**
- GROUP 3—The most exceptional lot of dresses ever
sold by us at these prices. Serge,
Crepe, Satin and Taffeta Dresses. **\$14.82**



SUITS

In this suit selling 350 fine high grade, made
for Cherry & Webb, balance of cloths made
up in 12 of the season's best styles.

- GROUP 1—Many sold at \$18.75. **\$9.82**
- GROUP 2—Burellas, Serges and
Broadcloth; values to \$25.00 **\$12.62**
- GROUP 3—Broadcloth with fur trimmings, silk lining;
some were \$30.00 **\$16.22**
- GROUP 4—Silverstone, fur collar, broadcloth and high-
est grade styles. Sold to \$40. **\$19.22**

ENTIRE STOCK OF FURS AND FUR COATS

At More Than 25 Per Cent Off

- \$50.00 Taupe Sets..... **\$35.00**
- \$75.00 Red Fox Sets..... **\$50.00**
- 50 Black \$8.00 Muffs, at..... **\$5.00**
- \$15.00 Natural Raccoon Muffs..... **\$12.00**
- \$75.00 Muskrat Coats..... **\$55.00**

- 15 Natural Raccoon Coats, 45 inches long, full
sweep, \$150 values, at..... **\$122.50**
- Others reduced from \$200.00, \$135.00, \$150.00
Hudson Seal Coats, trimmed and plain, sold to
\$375.00, reduced to
\$95, \$125, \$150, \$175 to \$250

Our Basement Store

Is noted from one end of city to the other for its val-
ues. Extra special at this semi-annual event.

- Flannellette Kimonos **82c**
- Flannellette Kimonos **\$1.32**
- Crepe Kimonos **82c**
- Crepe Kimonos **\$1.12**
- \$5.00 Raincoats **\$3.22**
- \$8.00 Raincoats **\$5.82**
- 300 Bathrobes sold to \$7.50,
\$1.52, \$2.62 and \$3.82

- Expansion Dresses of gingham and
chambray; the newest house
dress with elastic belt; will fit
figures 36 to 46. Sale price **\$1.82**
- Ladies' Sweaters **\$1.59**
- Bungalow Aprons **42c**
- Children's Fur Muffs..... **\$2.42**
- Children's Fur Scarfs..... **\$2.32**

- Children's \$1 Serge Dresses, **\$2.82**
- \$1.25 Satene Petticoats..... **82c**
- \$2 Heatherbloom Petticoats, **\$1.22**
- Children's Teddy Bears..... **\$3.92**
- Angora Sets..... **52c**
- \$1.00 Angora Caps..... **52c**
- \$1.25 Angora Scarfs..... **82c**
- Angora Sets..... **92c, \$1.22 and \$1.82**

- SILK POPLIN DRESSES
\$8.00 values..... **\$5.62**
- \$10.00 values..... **\$7.62**

SKIRTS

\$3.82 AND \$4.62
High Grade Novelty Skirts, made
from goods \$3.75 to \$5.50 per
yard. Choice **\$6.62**
As You See—Not Cost of
Material Asked.
An extra Skirt is a good buy at
these prices.

WAISTS

\$2.00 and \$2.50 1.62

1000 Dozen New Waists Bought for the Holiday at Prices That
Will Not Happen Soon Again.

\$3.00 and \$4.00 2.62 **\$5.00 and \$7.50 3.82**

EVERY HIGH GRADE WAIST IN THE STORE MARKED DOWN

CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT

This is Carnival time for the Kiddies' Mothers seldom refuse to Save
on Children's Wear.

CHILDREN'S COATS ABOUT HALF PRICE

- 25 Dozen New Gingham
Dresses; \$1.25 value, **82c**
- 35 Dozen New Chambray
and Gingham; sizes 6 to
14; \$1.50 value..... **\$1.12**
- 25 Coats at..... **\$2.22**
- 50 Coats at..... **\$3.62**
- 40 Coats at..... **\$4.82**

Cherry & Webb 12-18 John St. Cherry & Webb

FOURTH LUCKENBACH FIGHT ON RAILROAD LINE SHIP LOST BILL IN CONGRESS

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The American
steamship Harry Luckenbach has been
torpedoed and sunk with loss of life,
according to word received by the owners
of the vessel yesterday.

Eight of the crew are missing. The
owners were informed. The crew con-
sisted of 30 men, not including the naval
guard.

When last heard from by the owners,
the Harry Luckenbach was in France,
having been requisitioned at a French
port Oct. 15 by Gen. Pershing for use
as a supply vessel under the general
requisition order of the United States
shipping board. It is believed she was
sunk in the English channel.

The vessel was under command of
Capt. N. S. Jones. No information as
to the identity of the eight men re-
ported missing has been received.

The Harry Luckenbach was built in
1911 at West Hartlepool, Eng., under the
name of the Surrey, and was also
known as the Michigan before her pur-
chase by the Luckenbach Steamship
Line. She was registered at 2740 tons.

When the Harry Luckenbach was the
sloop of the Luckenbach Line, lost
through submarine attack since the
war began. The others were the Iowa
Luckenbach, sunk July 7, 1916;
the Lewis Luckenbach, Oct. 14, and the
E. N. Luckenbach, Oct. 27, last year.
Five members of the crew of the latter
were killed.

Another ship of the same line, the
A. L. Luckenbach, had a four-hour run-
ning fight with a submarine the same
month, but escaped, although a num-
ber of her crew were killed by shell-
fire. The total gross tonnage of the four
ships sunk is 12,597.

DECLINE OF LIBERTY BONDS
NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The steady
decline of Liberty bonds has been the
recent feature of the bond market. In
the first issue of today's trading the
32s per cent, which were converted
into 4s, now called the "second 4s"
fell to the new minimum of 26.25, a
discount of almost 33 per cent.

**ELLIS H. ROBERTS, FORMERLY
TREASURER OF U. S. AND EDITOR
OF UTICA HERALD DEAD**

UTICA, N. Y., Jan. 8.—Ellis H.
Roberts, formerly treasurer of the
United States and for many years editor
of the Utica Herald, died at his home
in this city today. He was born
Sept. 30, 1827.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Congressional
hearings on the railroad bill
were in full swing today with indica-
tions of certain opposition to the ad-
ministration's plan of indefinite gov-
ernment control of the roads and their
reimbursement on the basis of average
earnings for the past three years.

A resolution seeking to amend the
section calling for indefinite govern-
ment control so as to provide for the
return of the roads to private man-
agement at the close of the war al-
ready has been introduced in the sen-
ate while first criticism of the reim-
bursement plan was made yesterday
by Julius Kruttschnitt at a hearing be-
fore the senate interstate commerce
committee.

The house interstate commerce com-
mittee announced that Interstate Com-
merce Commissioner Anderson would
open its hearing today with an explana-
tion of the administration's bill.

WILSON'S ADDRESS GOES TO ALL STATIONS

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—Distribution to
all parts of the world of President Wil-
son's address to congress today by ra-
dio and wireless has been arranged for
by the committee on public informa-
tion. The sending was to begin at the
press censor's office here as soon as
the report was received from Washington
that the president had begun to speak.

SPECIAL ELECTION TO BREAK TRIPLE TIE

At the weekly meeting of the Y.M.C.A.
held Sunday morning a special elec-
tion was held to break the triple tie
resultant from the annual election
held a week ago. Out of the ten can-
didates three were elected and three
others tied for the two remaining of-
fices. At a special election Leo Cal-
lahan and Timothy Linnahan were
elected. The officers for the coming
year as finally chosen are as follows:

President, John J. Shea; board of di-
rectors, Andrew Doyle, Frank McCar-
lin, Henry Driscoll, Leo Calahan and

Timothy Linnahan. The vice president
will be chosen next week after the in-
stallation of the board of directors.
Recently a committee was chosen to
conduct a minstrel show for the Y.
M.C.A. on the night before Lent. Wil-
liam Goodwin, chief director and
with such a man at the helm backed
up by a live committee, the show is
bound to prove a success. Mr. Goodwin
is director of the Immaculate Concep-
tion choir and is well versed in musical
affairs. The first rehearsal will be
held next Sunday afternoon and every
member is requested to be present.
The committee in charge of the
show is as follows: Timothy Linnahan,
chairman; Leo Calahan, secretary;
Joseph Wedge, Vincent Higgins,
Joseph Boyd, Jr., John Payne, Andrew
Doyle, Thomas Clark and Jas. Clancy.

15 YEAR SENTENCE FOR SOLDIER AT AYER

AYER, Jan. 8.—Nathan Hyatt of
Springfield, a member of the National
Army at Camp Devens, today was given
a 15 year sentence in the govern-
ment prison at Fort J. N. Y. and
ordered dishonorably discharged for
refusal to perform military duty. The
sentence, the most severe imposed here
by a general court martial, was ap-
proved by the camp commander, and
published as a warning against similar
infractions of discipline.

Hyatt, a private in Company D, De-
pot brigade, was convicted on two
charges. The first alleged that on
Dec. 16, when ordered by Second Lieut.
Herbert E. Jacques of Boston, to go
on sentry duty, he refused, saying he
would rather be in the guard house
than on guard duty. On the same
day, it was charged, in the other
count, he looted a mess in an at-
tempt to evade duty.

RECEIVER MEETS BAY STATE CARMEN

BOSTON, Jan. 8.—The fourth con-
ference to be held between the com-
mittee of the joint conference board
of the Bay State Street Carmen's
union and Receiver Wallace R. Don-
ahue will be held this afternoon at
the offices of the company on State
street.

Yesterday the joint conference board
held their monthly meeting at the
Quincy house and received the report
of the committee that has been con-
fering with the officials of the com-
pany. Some of those present had hav-
ing to say on the matter other than
the report was progressive.

ENDICOTT APPOINTS HALIFAX COMMITTEE

HALIFAX, N. S., Jan. 8.—The ap-
pointment of Henry E. Endicott,
chairman of the Massachusetts-Hal-
ifax relief committee of a local com-
mittee with authority to deal with all
matters concerning the distribution of
Bay State relief funds, was announced
here today. This action was taken.
Mr. Endicott explained, in order to
bring about the closest possible co-
operation between the people of Mas-
sachusetts, who had responded so
generously to calls for assistance, and
citizens here charged with the work
of carrying out the wishes of the com-
mittees.

Frank Pearson, publisher of the
Morning Chronicle and acutely as-
sociated with reconstruction work,
was named as chairman of the com-
mittee. Other members are: A. D.
MacRae, secretary; Mrs. G. S. Cam-
pbell, Mrs. J. Norwood Duffus, R. T.
MacLennan, H. R. Silver and W. R.
Powell.

Mr. Endicott left here for Boston
last night, accompanied by A. C. Rat-
schesky, James J. Thelin, Robert Win-
sor and Joseph H. Russell. Citizens
of Halifax took occasion to remind
the delegation of the city's gratitude to
the people of Massachusetts for
prompt relief measures after the dis-
aster on Dec. 6.

SENATE WAR INQUIRY RESUMED TODAY

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The senate
war inquiry committee resumed hear-
ings today on the army clothing situa-
tion, with prospects that this phase of
the investigation would be disposed of
late today or tomorrow. With this
question out of the way the investi-
gators will proceed with examination
of Brigadier General Littell regarding
cantonment construction.

William McKeen, a chef in Bath,
who shucking oysters the other day,
was surprised to see a bright shiny
\$5 gold piece. The specie was obtained
in 1916 and was imbedded between the
flesh and shell.



EARL CADDOCK

FIRST CHAMPION TO JOIN U. S. SERVICE

A few weeks ago a wrestling tour-
nament, advertised for the champion-
ship of the world, was held in New
York. Dozens of wrestlers took part
and it was finally won by Wladek
Zhyzsko, who promptly annexed the
title.
The man who probably has more
right than any other to claim Frank
Caddock's title was not entered.
And for a particularly good reason.

Earl Caddock, the wrestler in ques-
tion, was wearing an olive drab uni-
form and was out working with the
rest of the doughboys while the others
were sweating out on a mat in
New York.
Caddock—assuming that he is the
real champion—is the only profes-
sional champion in the United States
who has voluntarily joined Uncle Sam's
forces without asking for some special
favor for so doing.
Caddock is a private—he didn't ask
to be enlisted as a wrestling instruc-
tor—he didn't work around to try to
earn a commission. He just went to
his recruiting office and enlisted.
Under these circumstances it is not
likely that Zhyzsko or anyone else will
receive very serious consideration as

champion until Caddock has a chance
to defend the honor he won against
Joe Stecher last summer.

EXEMPTION BOARD OF DIVISION 1 SENT OUT LAST QUESTION- NAIRES TODAY

The exemption board of Division 1
completed today the sending out of
questionnaires, the total number sent
out being 3175. A good many of the
questionnaires were returned because
of the fact that those to whom they
were addressed had moved and Chain
Julian Keyes stated today that all of
those who do not receive question-
naires by tomorrow should call at the
board's headquarters. As a matter of
fact the board is not obliged to mail
questionnaires. The law provides that
all registrants shall call at their re-
spective division headquarters and get
their questionnaires, but the local
boards, intent upon adding a little ex-
tra accommodation to their good ser-
vice, mailed the questionnaires and
those who have not received them
should not fail to call at headquarters
tomorrow.
Division 1 board will complete send-
ing out its questionnaires tomorrow.
The total number in this division is
3,220 and today the registrants whose
order numbers were between 3005 and
3187 inclusive received theirs.

- NANNY- NABBERS -



THE WAITER WHO
TAKES AWAY YOUR
TIE BEFORE YOU'RE
HALF THROUGH



AMERICANS REPORTED TO BE REDS' CAPTIVES

Reports from Russia say that the Reds have arrested John F. Stevens, former chief engineer of the Panama canal, and other members of the Stevens railroad commission, sent by America to help Russia straighten out her railway tangles.

Above are: Stevens; W. L. Darling, chief engineer of the Northern Pacific; Henry Miller, former operating vice president of the Wabash; George Gibbs, former chief mechanical engineer of the Pennsylvania; and J. P. Grenier, chief consulting engineer of the B. & O. This picture of the commissioners was taken when they were en route to Russia.

INTERESTING LETTERS FROM LOWELL SOLDIERS IN THE WAR ZONE

OUR MAIL SERVICE

Of parcels and boxes, we've sent quite a lot. Correctly addressed to the boys "Over There." Do they get lost in transit—or have they yet got to the place with the title "Somewhere?"

What's wrong with the service? It's awfully slow. For there's something disquieted with Uncle Sam's mail—our postal director requires a good W-h-a-c-h. If I could but meet him, he'd have cause to wail.

Week in and week out we're expecting to hear from the land of the "Pleur de l'œil" (which is France). Then we use these expressions "It's strange" and "It's queer." And we wonder, and look at each other askance.

Our congressman, John Jacob Rogers, has been "Cross the pond"—where our dough-boys are training. There was much in the papers of what he had seen. An account of his visit was most entertaining.

Of your boy and my boy he tells us with pride. And they send by him greetings to parents and friends. He will quickly find out, now he's back on this side. The cause of our postal neglect, which offends.

We regret not the postage we've paid out galore. Nor the cost of things sent, be it little or great. It's the boys' disappointment—that's why we deplore. The U. S. M. service, whose motto is "Wait!"

—E. C.

Private Bernard O'Grady

Private Bernard O'Grady, a Lowell boy with Battery F, Lowell's Own, is another soldier "over there" who complains about not receiving letters from home. It would seem that the fault lies with the postal authorities of that part of France in which the battery is located for most of the complaints have come from the boys of the battery and Congressman Rogers in his recent interview in The Sun stated that the battery is in a different part of France than that occupied by the Lowell boys in the Infantry and Engineer Corps. The fact that the boys are not receiving all the letters sent them from home should cause their friends to write even more frequently in hope that some of them will reach their destination.

Private O'Grady writes an interesting letter to his pal, Mr. John Hogan, of 41 Whipple street, as follows:

Somewhere in France. Dear Jack: Just a few lines to let you know that I am well and hoping you are the same. I received your letter and was glad to hear from you. We don't receive much mail over here. I have received only one letter from mother and I know she writes once or twice a week. The mail gets lost somewhere. Well Jack, this is some place. I wish you were over here with me. I know you would like it. All it does is rain. Harry is well and has gotten so fat you wouldn't know him. We eat plenty of food and



LOWELL BOYS IN BATTERY F—PICTURE TAKEN IN FRANCE

what the Cartridge shop is doing. I am sending you a picture of some of the Lowell boys and myself. Let me know if you receive it. I guess I'll say goodbye, and I hope to see you soon for the people over here where we are think we will be going back to the good old U.S.A. soon. Goody, with best wishes for a happy New Year to all.

Private Bernard O'Grady, Battery F, 182nd Field Artillery, American Expeditionary Forces.

Accompanying Private O'Grady's letter was a post card picture of nine Lowell boys, one of whom looks like Harry Cole, formerly of Page's, but now the Battery cook. Harry will be able to present French dishes at

Pages upon his return. In the picture he appears to be reading, probably studying up a newly discovered menu.

Engineers at Religious Duties

Jack Donovan writes a brief letter showing that the boys over there are not neglectful of their religious duties while at the front even though not possessed of a regimental chaplain of their own faith, for he writes:

Somewhere in France.

Dear Jim: Tonight all the Catholic boys of Companies B and C went to confession to Fr. Craven, an English chaplain, who ranks as a major in the British army. We all attend mass in his little chapel in a town near here. He came over to the camp to attend us and he heard confessions in one of the tents and gave communion in our canteen. Tommy Baxter of Lowell acted as altar boy and served the mass. The Catholic boys and many of



LOWELL BOYS IN BATTERY F—PICTURE TAKEN IN FRANCE

the others each contributed two frames as a fund toward Fr. Craven's chapel and in all we handed him 250 francs. He assured us that he would offer masses for the success of our battalion. The committee in charge of the services and collection consisted of Chairman, Sgt. Ed. Gallagher of Company B, Concord, N. H.; Corporal (Greely, Co. B, Concord, N. H.); Corp. McDonald, Co. B, Concord, N. H.; Corp. Hopkins, Co. B, and Private Jim Kennedy, Co. B, of Lowell. Fr. Craven preached a very instructive sermon. More soon.

Capt. Needham Writes

Mr. Otto Hockmeyer of this city has received the following interesting letter from Capt. Sumner H. Needham of Battery F, 182nd F. A.

Somewhere in France, Dec. 7, 1917.

My Dear Mr. Hockmeyer: We are all well and fast learning to be real soldiers. The men are fairly well quartered and have an excellent mess. Our cooks are doing a fine job. Sometimes under difficult conditions. I suppose that you know by now that First Sgt. Currie and Sgt. Berry are second lieutenants and Sgt. Holder and Corp. Converse are in the way of gaining commissions. Sgt. Soule is now first sergeant and Corp. Dunbar, formerly of the Y. M. C. A., is my supply sergeant.

We don't need much of anything but a good pair of serviceable gloves for each of the men, preferably fur lined, as the weather is getting quite cold here, and the issue gloves could be improved upon. We can also use a Red Cross muffler for each man, and if you can secure them and send them along we will be happy; also cigars and tobacco would be welcome. We especially need the gloves, and rough

GERMAN PRISONERS IN U. S. MAKE TOY SOLDIERS LIKE KAISER'S OWN

A member of the Prinz Eitel Frederick, prisoner of war at Fort McPherson, Ga., who has spent his idle moments making toy soldiers fashioned after the well known German model, helmet and all. Other prisoners make toy battleships, sailing vessels and miniature cannon.

It's truly astonishing how quickly it acts, penetrating through every air passage of the throat and lungs—loosens and raises the phlegm, soothes and heals the inflamed or swollen throat membranes, and gradually but surely the annoying tickle and drowsy cough will disappear entirely. Nothing better for bronchitis, spasmodic cough, whooping cough or bronchial asthma.

Pinec is a special and highly concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, and is known the world over for its prompt healing effect on the throat membranes.

Avoid disappointment by asking your druggist for "2½ ounces of Pinec" with full directions and don't accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction or money promptly refunded, goes with this preparation, The Pinec Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

BRITISH SUBJECTS OF MILITARY AGE

BOSTON, Jan. 8.—British subjects of military age have been flocking to the British and Canadian recruiting sta-

Make Your Own Cough Syrup and Save Money

Better than the ready-made kind. Easily prepared at home.

The finest cough syrup that money can buy costs only about one-fifth as much as ready-made preparations, can easily be made up at home. The way it takes hold and conquers distressing coughs, throat and chest colds will really make you enthusiastic about it.

Any druggist can supply you with 2½ ounces of Pinec (60 cents worth). Pour the bottle with plain granulated sugar, shake thoroughly and it is ready for use. The total cost is about 65 cents and gives you a full pint—a family supply—of a most effective, pleasant tasting remedy. It keeps perfectly.

It's truly astonishing how quickly it acts, penetrating through every air passage of the throat and lungs—loosens and raises the phlegm, soothes and heals the inflamed or swollen throat membranes, and gradually but surely the annoying tickle and drowsy cough will disappear entirely. Nothing better for bronchitis, spasmodic cough, whooping cough or bronchial asthma.

Pinec is a special and highly concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, and is known the world over for its prompt healing effect on the throat membranes.

Avoid disappointment by asking your druggist for "2½ ounces of Pinec" with full directions and don't accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction or money promptly refunded, goes with this preparation, The Pinec Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.



CARING FOR WOUNDED AT A FRENCH TELEPHONE EXCHANGE

This photograph taken during recent fighting in Belgium shows the telephone operators at a French central station made out of a captured German concrete shelter, caring for two wounded poilus who were struck by the less by shell fragments and missed by the ambulance corps. The Belgium battery front has Atlantic City faded when it comes to board walls. In the foreground the war variety, laid over shell holes and almost impassable Flanders mud.



FAVORITE OUTDOOR SPORT ON SHIPS PASSING THROUGH SUBMARINE ZONE

"Good morning! Is my life belt on straight?" said the youthful patriot in the center of the picture to Congress-

man John E. Miller, of Seattle, Wash., shown at the extreme right. Miller,

ones, as the hands get very cold driving and handling the guns.

Another thing we could use would be a pair of wooden foot warmers inside of rubber boots, about the shape of a slipper, with no sole. And just coming up to the ankle bone. We have the rubber boots and they would do much to keep the feet warm, and they could be worn also inside of field shoes. I do hope I am not asking for too much, but I have waited until there was a real need.

The men are all contented and willing at all times, and it makes me very happy to say that there is no grumbling. Battery F. Everything is done with a willingness that at times is wonderful, and we have a record we are well proud of.

I must close with best regards to yourself and any of my friends you may chance to meet. Wishing you a happy New Year, I am,

Yours very truly,
Capt. Sumner H. Needham,
Battery F, 182nd F. A.

BRITISH SUBJECTS OF MILITARY AGE

BOSTON, Jan. 8.—British subjects of military age have been flocking to the British and Canadian recruiting sta-

Make Your Own Cough Syrup and Save Money

Better than the ready-made kind. Easily prepared at home.

The finest cough syrup that money can buy costs only about one-fifth as much as ready-made preparations, can easily be made up at home. The way it takes hold and conquers distressing coughs, throat and chest colds will really make you enthusiastic about it.

Any druggist can supply you with 2½ ounces of Pinec (60 cents worth). Pour the bottle with plain granulated sugar, shake thoroughly and it is ready for use. The total cost is about 65 cents and gives you a full pint—a family supply—of a most effective, pleasant tasting remedy. It keeps perfectly.

It's truly astonishing how quickly it acts, penetrating through every air passage of the throat and lungs—loosens and raises the phlegm, soothes and heals the inflamed or swollen throat membranes, and gradually but surely the annoying tickle and drowsy cough will disappear entirely. Nothing better for bronchitis, spasmodic cough, whooping cough or bronchial asthma.

Pinec is a special and highly concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, and is known the world over for its prompt healing effect on the throat membranes.

Avoid disappointment by asking your druggist for "2½ ounces of Pinec" with full directions and don't accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction or money promptly refunded, goes with this preparation, The Pinec Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

one of the congressional party that recently returned from a visit to French battlefields, found that donning the lifebelt is as important a feature of

the morning toilet on shipboard in the submarine zone as the before-breakfast drill with the safety razor. As for the women folk, they pay more attention to their lifebelts than to their hats.

On Monday 63 men applied for enlistment at the British and Canadian recruiting headquarters at 41 Bromfield street, Boston, and as many more are expected every day this week.

Capt. Kenneth D. Marlatt, head of the British and Canadian recruiting mission in Massachusetts has sent a letter to British subjects of military age in the Bay State, plainly outlining the status of British and Canadian

eligibilities. Similar letters have been sent to British subjects in the other states of New England and letters have also been sent to them from the headquarters in New York of the British mission in the United States.

The British and Canadian mission and the United States authorities are co-operating in this drive to round up British subjects who have so far avoided their duty and within a week there will be two British and Canadian authorities will be in possession of complete information as to the physical fitness for military service of every man of British birth in the United States who is within the American, British and Canadian draft ages.

Capt. Marlatt's letter to British subjects reads:

Sir: Your name has been submitted to the British-Canadian recruiting mission by your local exemption board as having claimed immunity from military service, the basis of your claim being that you are still a British subject. Therefore, on your own admission, your duty is with the imperial or Canadian forces.

A man who claims exemption from the U. S. army on the grounds of foreign birth and yet does not come forward and make application for service with the country whose protection he claims, is merely evading his obligation as a technically. That these men are being noticed by the U. S. authorities is evident from the fact that your name has been submitted to us under instructions from Washington.

What, do you think, after the fact, will be the status of a man of military age and physical fitness who has not made an effort to place his services where they undoubtedly belong?

There is not seem feasible to you that there is going to be two classes after the war is over—the man who did his duty and the man who didn't? It is a question for your own good judgment as to which man is going to have the better standing in the community.

The opportunity is now presented to you to come forward and take a man's part in a noble war.

Judging by the reports from Washington friendly aliens will soon be made subject to the draft and, therefore, we earnestly urge that you take the opportunity of voluntary enlistment now, both the American and British governments will be pleased to have you.

It is made applicable to friendly aliens the first to be called will be those who in the last draft claimed exemption.

Of the 60,000 of more British subjects in the New England states between the ages of 21 and 31 the percentage of men who have come forward is pitifully small. Does this ful-

fill the traditions of the land of your birth?

Germany is not crushed yet, as the latest reports from the Italian front will clearly demonstrate and it requires the concentrated energy of every man, woman and child in the empire, but in all the allied nations, to enable us to come out of this conflict so that the peace terms will be dictated by the allies.

Do it now. Your delaying may injure our cause. Remember your standing after the war will be determined by your attitude now.

Headquarters company of the 302nd and the 301st Supply company have other sets and day and night there is the busiest wireless exchange. 10 of every who are going to be held on and aeroplane observers for the brigade and 17 men of the 302nd taking the course. They pick up official Washington time and set the adjutant's clock.

After taps Lieut. Sullivan slips back to barracks to the wireless room so that romics, taking turns in groups of four each night can listen on the weather reports. Two auctioneers have been promised, and then the 303rd expects to get European news. K. V. will be easy.

Outside the wireless room the whole squad room was as noisy as a telephone exchange yesterday afternoon. The mess hall yesterday afternoon, the mess hall, the mess hall, the mess hall.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an entry of the Kaiser's, the members claim it has the measles, too.

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the board has refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and has been in the United States since 1904.

One of the

WOOL REFUSAL "GRAVE BLUNDER," SAYS MARVIN

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Winthrop L. Marvin of Boston, secretary and treasurer of the National Association of Woolen Manufacturers, said today that the military committee yesterday accepted the offer of the government to accept the offer of the Boston wool dealers last April to turn their entire supply of wool over to the government at the prevailing market price of April 2, 1917, would cost the United States perhaps \$50,000,000 by reason of the advances in price.

"It has cost the government on fabric manufactured to date \$20,000,000 to \$30,000,000," said Mr. Marvin, "and I regard it as one of the gravest blunders of the war."

"Was it not perfectly apparent that the price of wool would advance sharply with the outbreak of the war?" asked Senator Weeks.

"It was just as certain as that the price of gunpowder would advance," replied Mr. Marvin.

"What reason did the war department give for refusing to take advantage of this patriotic offer?" questioned Senator Weeks.

"I understand Secretary Baker and the quartermaster general held that there was no precedent for the acceptance of such an offer," replied the witness.

The committee was told that the price of wool had advanced 20 to 25 percent since the offer was made.

Defends Use of Shoddy

The witness defended the National Council of Defense against the charge that it was responsible for the change of specifications which brought shoddy into army clothing.

The wool manufacturers' committee, acting in an advisory capacity to the National Council of Defense, assumed entire responsibility for the new specifications, which provided that shoddy could be reworked wool with virgin wool in army uniforms, the witness said.

"Prior to the war," said Mr. Marvin, "the specifications called for 75 percent wool and 25 percent cotton in army overcoats and uniforms. On May 17, on recommendation of a committee from the National Association of Woolen Manufacturers, the requirement was changed to 65 percent pure wool and 35 percent substitute or reworked wool. That change was made because the

wool manufacturers who made the cloth believed this would be warmer and more comfortable than the mixture of cotton previously used."

"I think the only reason for the change" was asked.

"No, there was another very important reason. There was an impending famine in the wool market and the manufacturers believed if pure wool was used entirely the available stocks would be exhausted."

"Was it not possible that this change was not at a sacrifice of durability, the witness stated this was not necessarily true if reworked wool of good quality was used."

When pressed by Senator Chamberlain as to whether there could have been any improper motives that influenced the change of specifications, Mr. Marvin stated that the paramount consideration was to preserve a plentiful wool supply.

Col. Wood Backs Marvin

Use of reworked wool instead of cotton was vigorously defended by Col. John P. Wood, of the Engineers Reserve Corps, an ex-president of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers. He said the order was adopted over the opposition of Quartermaster General Sharpe and Charles Eisenman, chairman of the Defense Council's supplies committee.

Col. Wood said it would be a great mistake to impose heavier clothing upon the soldiers while training in this country, and that it would be enough to make the change if actual experience abroad demonstrated its necessity.

In response to questions by Chairman Chamberlain, Mr. Marvin said it would take six months to get enough all-wool clothing for 1,000,000 men if the order for the use of shoddy should now be rescinded.

He said that the wool shortage "seems" has been caused by interests in shoddy, and that the wool supply is not secure enough wool for such an order.

During the hearing the committee received a telegram from E. J. Huggenbach, secretary of the National Wool Growers' association, asserting that the wool shortage "seems" has been caused by interests in shoddy, and that the wool supply is not secure enough wool for such an order.

"The specifications called for 75 percent wool and 25 percent cotton in army overcoats and uniforms. On May 17, on recommendation of a committee from the National Association of Woolen Manufacturers, the requirement was changed to 65 percent pure wool and 35 percent substitute or reworked wool. That change was made because the

the incline toward the Boston and Albany tracks when he slipped. There were no witnesses to the accident. He was found lying on the icy pavement seemingly unconscious.

He was taken to the City hospital, where he was pronounced dead. The physicians found a piece of wire five inches long in one nostril, indicating that he had fallen against the wire fence, which separates the end of Overland street from the railroad tracks.

His body was taken to the mortuary and his mother, Mrs. Henry Lamb of 64 Beacon street, Somerville, was notified.

DR. GARFIELD LIMITS EXPORTS OF COAL

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—America's coal exports this year will be limited strictly to shipments to be used for war purposes and to those necessary in exchange for commodities the United States must have. In announcing this policy last night, Fuel Administrator Garfield declared that in no event will exports be permitted to equal in volume those of the year just ended.

The fuel administrator turned over to the war trade board yesterday figures showing the amount of coal the country can spare and asked the board to exercise supervision over its distribution abroad. The amount available for export was not made public. Canada will be excepted from the regulations, and shipments to the dominion will be left in the hands of the fuel administration.

"In view of the existing coal shortage and the great demand for it, the coal must come first in supplying the industries and households with coal," said Dr. Garfield last night.

The new export policy means that England will be called upon to supply domestic users in France and Italy. Producers desiring to export coal to the allied countries must show that shipments are to be used for war purposes and must give to the war trade board the names in every instance of the final consignees.

The arrangement was worked out yesterday at a conference between fuel administrator, state department and war trade board officials.

The war board, now in control of all exports and imports, will use coal to trade with neutral nations, particularly those in Latin America, for goods the United States requires in connection of the war. British coal shipments to America have been used for this purpose for some time.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

ident: Mrs. Annie B. Robertson, treasurer, Mrs. Emma B. Marshall and Mrs. Mary U. Munn served frappe, and the ushers were Miss Esther Elliott, Mrs. A. J. Spaulding, Miss Edith C. Erskine, Miss Adelaide Walsh, Mrs. Roy Levee, Mrs. Gardner Macartney, Miss Marion Clogston, Miss Kathleen Wright, Mrs. Elmore McPhie, Miss Dorothy Humphrey and Miss Sarah Holston.

CORN SHOW FEATURE OF PUBLIC MEETING OF STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE

WORCESTER, Jan. 8.—A corn show with special attention to development of varieties adapted to New England conditions was a feature of the three-day mid-winter public meeting of the state board of agriculture which opened here today. An unusual number of exhibits was attracted by the addition of new classes and the offering of increased prizes. Among the new prizes was one for ninety-day corn, the desire of the board being to encourage the raising of short season crops which would not suffer from spring and fall frosts that make corn growing hazardous in New England.

FAVOR CHURCH UNION

The members of the First Congregational church held a meeting last evening and again favored a union with other down-town churches of the city. The meeting was presided over by Deacon Chalmers, who was chosen moderator and the reports of the sub-committees were heard. In the course of the meeting it was announced that a meeting of a joint committee, consisting of delegates from the First Congregational, First Unitarian, Congregational and Kirk Street Congregational churches will be held in the near future.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS BY CHILDREN OF MARY SODALITY OF ST. LOUIS PARISH

At a recent meeting of the members of the Children of Mary sodality of St. Louis parish the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Miss Isidora Dallaire; first assistant, Miss Yvonne Lafontaine; second assistant, Miss Lucy Mallet; secretary, Miss Jean Dupuis; treasurer, Miss Ida Belleville; counselors, Misses Alida Dalgic, Irene Renaud, Apolline Lemay and Adrienne Deschamps. The chaplain is the pastor of the parish, Rev. J. B. Labossiere.

Y. W. C. A. CLASSES

Mrs. Elsie Powers Corwin opened her beginners' class in dramatic art at the Y. W. C. A. last evening at 7 o'clock, and the advanced class met at 8 o'clock. This course includes voice cul-

ture, gesture and literary interpretation and is given in 10 lessons with a recital.

Miss Edith Price of the Lowell Guild gave the first lesson in home nursing last evening at 7 o'clock. This course comprises instruction in hygiene, sanitation, care of the sick, etc. It continues for 15 weeks and is given every Monday evening from 7.30 to 9.

JOLLY GLEE CLUB

A well attended and enjoyable dancing party was held at Associate hall last night, the occasion being the annual gathering of the Jolly Glee club, which is composed of popular young men of this city. The Minor-Davie orchestra furnished music for dancing and the success of the affair was due to the zealous work of the following efficient officials: General manager, John Pondy; assistant, James H. Nickerson; floor director, Thomas H. Kenney; assistant floor director, Henry J. O'Grady, and treasurer, J. Donald O'Grady.

CHURCH SERVICE FLAG

A service flag containing between 300 and 400 stars will soon be displayed from St. Jean Baptiste church in Merrimack street. It is estimated that between 300 and 400 young men of the parish are now serving Uncle Sam either in the army or navy and the clergymen of the parish are busy gathering the names of these soldiers or sailors. The pastor and his assistants would consider it a favor if anyone with a relative in the service would send in his name. It is believed that the flag raising exercises will be held in about three weeks and an elaborate program will be prepared for the occasion.

MISCELLANEOUS SHOWER

A miscellaneous shower was held last night in honor of Miss Ora Bibeault at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Bibeault, 110 Ford street. About forty of her friends regaled and presented her a number of Rogers 1847 silver, linen and innumerable other useful gifts.

A musical and literary program was carried out and refreshments served. Later all departed after wishing the bride to be happiness and prosperity. The home was prettily decorated with palms, Japanese lanterns, grocery and streamers of crepe paper.

Miss Bibeault is to be married to Mr. Albert Migeault, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ambrose Migeault of Merrimack street tomorrow morning at a nuptial mass which will be celebrated at St. Joseph's rectory at 7 o'clock by Rev. Louis Bachand, O.S.M.

What is believed to be the record yield for corn in Illinois is that made on the John Brown farm south of Chicago. Production will range from 115 to 120 bushels to the acre.

FREDERIC J. FLEMINGS DIED SUDDENLY

The many friends and business acquaintances of former Alderman Frederic J. Flemings were shocked to learn of his sudden death last evening, which occurred on the 8.30 o'clock train from Boston to Lowell, as he was returning to his home.

The news of his death spread rapidly through the city and was heard with expressions of sorrow and regret for Mr. Flemings was widely known and well beloved, and universally respected by his many business acquaintances.

Frederic J. Flemings was born in Tewksbury and was 65 years of age. He was educated in the schools of his native town and at the Howe school of Billerica. Early in life he left his father's farm and coming to Lowell started in the paper and printing business in which he was eminently successful. In 1895 he listened to the importunities of his friends and became a candidate for alderman during the administration of the late Mayor William J. Courtenay. He served two terms as alderman with credit and distinction, being chairman of the board for one term, and then retired from politics. He was a member and one of the most active workers of the First Baptist church. For many years he was a teacher in the Sunday school and chairman of the board of assessors of the society.

Mr. Flemings was a charter member of Centralville lodge, I.O.O.F. He was also a member of Pilgrim Encampment, a member of Kilwinning lodge, A. F. and A. M., of Mount Hope A. S. chapter, Almasus council and Pilgrim Commandery, K. T., also of the Scottish Rite bodies, including the Massachusetts Consistory. He was also a director of the Appleton National bank, vice president of the Cashmere Paper Co. in Maine, president of the New England Paper Jobbers association. He had been for many years a trustee in the Middlesex North Agricultural society and a leader in the direction of his business affairs.

Mr. Flemings' place of business was in Ferry street, and his home was in High street.

He leaves, besides his wife, four sons, John of Sharon, Mass., George

of Elizabeth, N. J., Harry of Chelmsford and James of this city; four daughters, Mrs. J. W. Myers, Mrs. Frank E. Johnson, Mrs. William Conant and Miss Alice Flemings, and several grandchildren. Walter Myers, William, Jessie and Edward Conant, Dorothy, Elizabeth, Barbara, Patricia, Harriet, Evelyn, Frederic, Arthur and George Flemings.

ILLINOIS CAMPFIRE GIRLS ACTIVE

There are 54,000 Campfire girls in the state of Illinois and the new war program which they have recently taken has had the approval of President Wilson. The girls have achieved important practical results in knitting woolen comforters for the soldiers, the wool having been supplied mainly by the Red Cross and the finished garments returned to that source.

The Campfire girls of Chicago have contributed between \$300 to \$1000 for Red Cross work within recent months. The Chicago girls are divided into three groups, and each group is caring for a Belgian family for five years.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

The annual meeting of Central council, A.O.U.W., was held yesterday afternoon, and the following officers elected: President, John Kenney of Division 8; vice president, James O'Sullivan, Division 1; treasurer, Thomas Dorsey, Division 3; recording secretary, John Harvatt, Division 3; janitor, Hugh J. McGowan, Division 3.

The chairman of the St. Patrick's day committee being ill, and the secretary at a training camp in Georgia, the president will call a meeting of this committee to be held the last Sunday in January.

BOLSHEVIKI OFFERS WHEAT SHIPPED FROM AMERICA TO NORWAY

LONDON, Jan. 8.—The Bolsheviki government, The Times says, understands, is offering to Norway the wheat stored on the Murman coast and shipped from America for use in Petrograd. It says that as the offer is made at a time when Petrograd and Finland are both said to be on the verge of starvation and the Finns are appealing to Sweden, the United States and Great Britain to send wheat, it would seem to have been made at the instigation of Germany, which wishes to pose as a friend of Norway.

Germany itself is offering wheat to Holland and the Scandinavian countries. It is added, although the only supplies available for exportation are those in Belgium and other occupied territories and the food of prisoners.



FREDERIC J. FLEMINGS

CONSOLIDATING COMMISSIONS

Special to The Sun.

STATE HOUSE, Boston, Jan. 8.—Governor McCall's policy of consolidating commissions has worked out successfully in the first instance tried at his suggestion. This is shown by the report of the commission on waterways and public lands made public today, indicating a saving of \$185,000 for the commonwealth in the first year of the existence of the new commission. The new organization represents a consolidation of the directors of the port of Boston and the harbor and land commission.

The waterways commission has been able to make such a financial record, which its directors believe is without parallel in the history of departmental government in this state, by increasing the earnings of the department \$36,000. This was accomplished by the two commissions that it succeeded by reducing the expenses \$22,000.

The cost of maintaining the waterways commission in the past year was \$200,000 as against \$220,000 which was required to maintain the harbor and land commission and the directors of the port of Boston. The total earnings of the waterways commission in 1917 were \$245,000 in contrast to earnings of \$158,000 by the two old commissions in 1916.

With the definite policy of wartime economy established, it is anticipated, only such expenditures in the development of waterways in Massachusetts as are absolutely necessary to meet the actual demands of the times will be made in the ensuing year, according to the announcement made by the commission.

Considerable new work on harbors and rivers would have been deferred under normal conditions has been deferred until a more opportune time both on account of the existence of the war and the high cost of materials and the shortage of labor, associated with carrying out contract work, which the existence of the national war emergency has brought about, the commission says.

The comprehensive program for river and harbor development which the commission formulated has been temporarily side-tracked. Regarding development of the three principal rivers of the state, The Connecticut, the Merrimack and the Taunton, the commission says it has made surveys and reports regarding each which show clearly the possibilities needs and advantages to be derived by improvements, but there is need also of a better understanding of incidental details which as yet have not been fully worked out.

"Expenditures which will be involved in constructing railroad connections and terminal facilities along the Merrimack river," the commission says, "after the improvement of the channel there is completed so that actual service may come to the people directly interested will be made the subject of a special investigation. The commission further says that it is particularly necessary that the people of the Merrimack valley should understand the costs associated with the big improvement plans for the Merrimack river which they are advocating." HOYT.

BREAKING UP NATIONAL GUARD A SEVERE BLOW

BOSTON, Jan. 8.—A statement "that methods adopted by the war department" in drafting National Guard troops into federal service have been discouraging to officers and men is given prominence in the annual report of Adj. Gen. Jesse F. Stevens, made public today. Declaring that breaking up of National Guard organizations was a very severe blow, he says:

"The war department has been unable to understand that the very strength of a military organization is in its pride in its traditions."

The report shows that the state has given \$1,525 men to the military service of the nation in addition to those called in the draft.

WIRE DRIVEN INTO NOSE CAUSES DEATH OF JAMES J. LAMB OF SOMERVILLE

BOSTON, Jan. 8.—James J. Lamb, 25, of 41 Beacon street, Somerville, was killed in a peculiar manner last evening, when he slipped and fell against a wire fence in Overland street, Back Bay. A five-inch piece of wire entered his nostril, either penetrating his brain or causing him to bleed to death. Lamb was apparently walking down

the incline toward the Boston and Albany tracks when he slipped. There were no witnesses to the accident. He was found lying on the icy pavement seemingly unconscious.

He was taken to the City hospital, where he was pronounced dead. The physicians found a piece of wire five inches long in one nostril, indicating that he had fallen against the wire fence, which separates the end of Overland street from the railroad tracks.

His body was taken to the mortuary and his mother, Mrs. Henry Lamb of 64 Beacon street, Somerville, was notified.

DR. GARFIELD LIMITS EXPORTS OF COAL

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—America's coal exports this year will be limited strictly to shipments to be used for war purposes and to those necessary in exchange for commodities the United States must have. In announcing this policy last night, Fuel Administrator Garfield declared that in no event will exports be permitted to equal in volume those of the year just ended.

The fuel administrator turned over to the war trade board yesterday figures showing the amount of coal the country can spare and asked the board to exercise supervision over its distribution abroad. The amount available for export was not made public. Canada will be excepted from the regulations, and shipments to the dominion will be left in the hands of the fuel administration.

"In view of the existing coal shortage and the great demand for it, the coal must come first in supplying the industries and households with coal," said Dr. Garfield last night.

The new export policy means that England will be called upon to supply domestic users in France and Italy. Producers desiring to export coal to the allied countries must show that shipments are to be used for war purposes and must give to the war trade board the names in every instance of the final consignees.

The arrangement was worked out yesterday at a conference between fuel administrator, state department and war trade board officials.

The war board, now in control of all exports and imports, will use coal to trade with neutral nations, particularly those in Latin America, for goods the United States requires in connection of the war. British coal shipments to America have been used for this purpose for some time.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

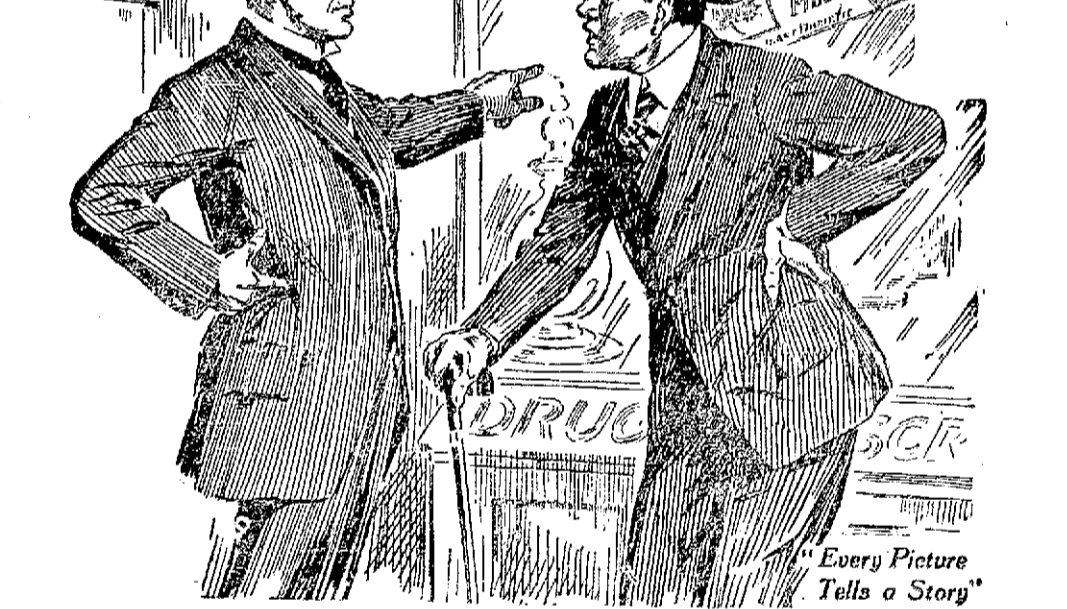
Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.35 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

Get Rid of That Bad Back!



Urinary disorders may give further proof. Don't neglect it! Though easily corrected at first, delay may run you into gravel, dropsy, crippling rheumatism or dangerous Bright's disease. Get a box of Doan's Kidney Pills today. They have helped thousands. They should help you.

Lowell People Tell You How:

LAWRENCE STREET	WILSON STREET	WALKER STREET
<p>J. D. Finnegan, city freeman, 92 Lawrence st., says: "I have nothing but the highest praise for Doan's Kidney Pills, for they helped me a whole lot. I had lumbago and my back was sore and lame. When I stopped, it was hard for me to get up in the morning. The leg would cause me to suffer a great deal and I was miserable. My kidneys acted irregularly. Doan's Kidney Pills made my back strong and well and I felt like a different person. My kidneys were soon in good condition, too."</p>	<p>Mrs. J. Seavey, 17 Wilson st., says: "My kidneys annoyed me a great deal and as one of the family had used Doan's Kidney Pills with fine results, I tried them. Doan's proved very good and rid me of all that trouble. My experience with them is good and they are good and I can recommend them to anyone." (Statement given July 15, 1915.)</p> <p>On May 4, 1917, Mrs. Seavey said: "I use Doan's Kidney Pills now, whenever I have any sign of kidney trouble. They have never failed me. I know there is no better medicine for kidney trouble."</p>	<p>C. C. Thompson, blacksmith, 746 Walker st., says: "My work is usually hard on my kidneys and I have had dull pains across my kidneys. At times when I have taken cold, my kidneys have acted irregularly and have caused me a lot of trouble. Doan's Kidney Pills have soon relieved that trouble and at my age of 76, I can work at my trade every day and never know what it is to be tired. I use Doan's Kidney Pills occasionally and they keep my kidneys in good condition."</p>
CENTRAL STREET	C STREET	BELLEVUE STREET
<p>Mrs. Mary L. Cochran, 449 Central st., says: "Doan's Kidney Pills are a reliable medicine and I know from using them that they are worthy of endorsement. My kidneys troubled me so that I could hardly do my housework. I had no energy and often had to sit down and rest. My back ached all the time and my kidneys acted irregularly. I bought Doan's Kidney Pills and they helped me wonderfully. My back didn't trouble me any more."</p>	<p>B. H. McDonald, railroad brakeman, 11 C street, says: "My kidneys became weakened by the exerting and jolting of the cars. I had attacks of lumbago that lasted for several days at a time. I was sore and lame and it was hard for me to bend or stoop. My kidneys acted irregularly. I got Doan's Kidney Pills from the Burdickshaw Drug Co. and they soon had my back well and strong again. I was free from all signs of kidney trouble."</p>	<p>Mrs. L. G. Gifford, 28 Bellevue St., says: "I suffered from backache brought on by disordered kidneys. I was laid up all week and had rheumatic pains and was lying in a damp house. Spasms floated before my sight. The way my kidneys acted caused me a lot of distress. I took Doan's Kidney Pills and they gave me much relief." (Statement given April 9, 1915.)</p>

Doan's Kidney Pills

Every Druggist has Doan's, 60c a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Manufacturing Chemists, Buffalo, N. Y.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published here.

THE MAYOR'S SUGGESTIONS

In his inaugural address Mayor Thompson made some excellent points, one of the chief being an appeal for loyal co-operation for the best interests of the city and for the subordination of all work that can be postponed in order that the people of the city may render the utmost service in helping to win the war. His urgency of economy and conservation, of course, is timely and to the point. That is the duty of city officials at all times, but this policy must be carried to greater extremes this year than ever before on account of the numerous demands of the war upon the resources of the people.

The advice to avoid any construction work requiring steel should be followed as far as possible inasmuch as the country needs all the steel it can get for building ships and other purposes.

In view of the amount of money recently paid out for damage claims of one kind or another, it is no wonder that his Honor advised to this abuse as one of the things requiring reform.

As to the water department, when he says that it should be self-supporting with its present income, he voices public sentiment on the matter although the commissioner in charge claims that a radical increase in water rates is necessary.

The mayor's suggestion that a fixed percentage of the tax levy be set apart for the use of the school department is a plan of financing schools that works well in other cities. It should receive careful consideration.

It is our earnest hope that Mayor Thompson will be successful in carrying out his ideas and suggestions for better city government. There is certainly much room for improvement; but we can see but little hope of better conditions if the trio that attempted to run the government last year continues along the same lines. The charter that places such power in the hands of three men is radically wrong. We have had ample proof of that. The mess which these men have made of matters in their attempt to remove officials from office without sufficient cause or in a manner which the supreme court overruled, has involved unnecessary expense while bringing unsavory notoriety upon our city. If the commissioners who have been responsible for this business will only co-operate with the new mayor in promoting the interests of the city, there may be some improvement in the methods of transacting the city's business and something more to show for the money expended.

MAKING MILLIONAIRES

Despite the war, or perhaps as a result of the war, there has been an addition of 7923 new millionaires to the income tax rolls for last year. This information appears in the recent report of the internal revenue commissioner.

Senator Simmons says there will be no revenue legislation this year. Although the southern senator may have considerable influence with the administration, there is no reason to believe that he speaks for President Wilson or even for the democrats in congress. In his war message of April 2 the president made this statement:

"It is our duty, I most respectfully urge, to protect our people so far as we may against the very serious hardships and evils which would be produced by vast loans."

To attain this end more legislation may be necessary in order to reach big incomes and war profits in a way not yet authorized by any act of congress. It transpired at the hearing before the senate committee investigating the shipping board, that the department of labor in settling the shipbuilders' strike on the Pacific coast granted an increase of 30 per cent to cover the increase in the cost of living in 1917. That shows how much the dollar has shrunk in a year due in part to the large loans. But regardless of the cause, if this shrinkage of the dollar continues the result will be very serious to the people. Wages very seldom keep pace with this form of depreciation. Hoover can fix the price of sugar and of wheat but it is even more important that some government authority shall fix or stabilize the value of the dollar so far as that may be possible.

WAR SITUATION CLARIFIED

The crux of the Russian matter, today, is that the Bolsheviks thought they were dealing with Germany and found themselves dealing with the German autocracy. That's all, and it was to have been expected.

Prussian militarism naturally, demanded Poland, Lithuania, Courland, etc., as "buffer" territory and, naturally, was determined to hold and fortify it. Riga and other parts as guarantee. Knowing itself well, German autocracy isn't trusting, without security, so simple and irresponsible an element as the Bolsheviks, and the latter could not furnish the security without fatal risk of their own necks.

The break in the Brest-Litovsk negotiations ought to have some effects favorable to the entente interests. The socialists of Germany can now see that autocracy's talk about no annexation and no indemnities was all bosh. All Russia ought to be able to see that, if Russia is to save vast parts of her territory, Russia must fight, or at least, put up such a bluff at it that Germany cannot strip the eastern front of her

warriors. And pacifists all over the world must admit that, if Russia cannot make a separate peace, her attempts at general peace are mere vaudeville.

The Brest-Litovsk affair, in its present status, is a good thing, in that it once again, more clearly than ever, demonstrates the fact that the world's business is strictly the overthrow of German autocracy.

PATRIOTISM ABOVE POLITICS

An example of patriotic political action has been given by the democrats of the Eighth senatorial district of Wisconsin.

With the opening of the war last spring, a Milwaukee socialist who represented the district in the legislature, made speeches so disloyal that he was expelled from the senate, only three members voting in the negative. In order to ensure the election of a loyal candidate to succeed him the democrats joined the republicans in support of the republican nominee. The victory was decisive and the manner in which it was secured offers a salutary lesson to political parties in other parts of the country. It is time to put patriotism above politics.

CAUSING A WOOL FAMINE

With regard to the knitting of sweaters, the women are keeping up the work without interruption, despite the high price of yarn and the difficulty of getting the right kind. It appears, however, that in many cases machine-made sweaters just as good could be bought for much less money. As the knitting craze put up the price of sugar and helped to bring on the famine, so this home knitting craze will drive the price of wool still higher and reduce to a very great extent the quantity of wool that can be put in the cloth made for army blankets and soldiers' uniforms.

REPUBLICAN DEMANDS

The republican party of this nation is determined not to let the democrats get a major portion of the glory of running the war. The serious part of the business has not yet arrived and it might be just as well to share with them the responsibility for what may occur. There will be great sacrifices and great losses on the part of the United States if the war lasts into the fall of 1919. Already many republicans are holding prominent places but the discredited politicians are out in the cold.

THE DRAFT LAW DECISION

Nobody, of course, expected that the United States supreme court would join the anarchists in their effort to punch holes in the constitution by condemning the draft law. The slackers and alien enemies are finding it daily more difficult to justify their opposition to the course of the government in conducting the war.

The federal government and the various state guards should organize firing squads to deal with the incendiaries who are going through the country trying to start fires in munition factories, docks and railroad centres. These alien enemies should be shot at sight.

SHOULD MAKE A MILLION FOR HIM

Cincinnati Man Discovers Drug That Loosens Corns So They Lift Out.

Local druggists are having a tremendous call for frezons, the drug which is said to shrivel a corn, root and all, without any pain.

A few drops applied directly upon a tender, aching corn relieves the soreness at once, and shortly the entire corn, root and all, lifts right out with the fingers.

This new drug is being dispensed at small cost in quarter ounce bottles, which is sufficient to take off every hard or soft corn from one's feet. It is a sticky substance which dries at once, and does not inflame or even irritate the surrounding tissue or skin. There is no excuse for anyone suffering from cutting their corns now.

UMBRELLAS
REPAIRED AND RE-COVERED
Phone and We Will Call
SARRE BROS.
520 MERRIMACK ST.

NEWS
Perhaps you didn't know that we have an expert razor sharpener that shaves his entire time to this work and nothing else.
It can hone old style razors to a safety and each one is tested properly, so that none leaves our store that is not absolutely right.
PRICE, 35c
HOWARD The Druggist,
197 Central St.

SEEN AND HEARD

Hoyle has nothing in his well known rule book as to which is the right side of a pancake.

Or which is the other side of a fence, or how big is a piece of paper, or how many is a bunch.

The dogs of Fizzbra are gifted with laziness. When happy, they let the wind wag their tails for them.

The darkest shadows of life are those which a man himself makes when he stands in his own light.

"Officer," said the lady much above the usual avoirdupois, "could you see across the street?" "Madam, I could see you half a block!"—Judge.

A St. Louis marvel has invented a match with a four-fold purpose. It can be used first for a match, second for a toothpick; third, to take the place of a missing suspender button; fourth, as a pipe cleaner.

Some men who flirt with the bores while there's a dollar left in the tick are selfish enough to complain if their wives refuse to sympathize with them in the cold gray dawn of the morning after.

While the fool killer is abroad, seeking whom he might mark as his next victim, let him pay particular attention to the fellow who loses a rubber on the way to the car and doesn't miss it till he gets to the office.

Always Unselfish
The life work of Farmer Millsaps

TRY THIS FOR A COLD—IT'S FINE!

"Pape's Cold Compound" Ends Severe Colds or Grippe in Few Hours

You can end grippe and break up a severe cold either in head, chest, body or limbs, by taking a dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" every two hours until three doses are taken.

It promptly opens clogged-up nostrils and air passages in the head, stops nasty discharge or nose running, relieves sick headache, dullness, feverishness, sore throat, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffling. Breathe your throbbing head—nothing else in the world gives such prompt relief as "Pape's Cold Compound," which costs only a few cents at any drug store. It acts without inconvience, tastes nice, and causes no inconvenience. Be sure you get the genuine.

HIS HEART BADLY AFFECTED

"Fruit-a-tives" Soon Relieved This Dangerous Condition

632 GERRARD ST. EAST, TORONTO.

"For two years, I was a victim of Acute Indigestion and Gas in The Stomach. It afterwards attacked my Heart and I had pains all over my body, so that I could hardly move around. I tried all kinds of Medicine but none of them did me any good. At last, I decided to try 'Fruit-a-tives'. I bought the first box last June, and now I am well, after using only three boxes. I recommend 'Fruit-a-tives' to anyone suffering from Indigestion."

FRED J. CAVEEN.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all Dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ogdensburg, N.Y.

My wife was over; like a head of wheat fully ripe she was about to be gathered in by the grim harvest, "Obadiah," she said, in a feeble voice, as she drew near peacefully and painlessly, "you have been a good husband to me."

"I have tried to be, Lucindy," replied Farmer Millsaps.

"You have laid yourself out to make things easy and comfortable-like for me,"

"I have always tried to do my best,"

"Obadiah," she went on, "we've lived together 55 years, hasn't we?"

"We have."

"And ever since we were married you've eaten all the bread crusts, hasn't you?"

"I don't deny it, Lucindy. I have."

"You've eat the bread crusts for 55 years, so I wouldn't have to eat 'em, ha'n't you, Obadiah?"

"Obadiah," said Farmer Millsaps

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

A handy Calcium compound that safeguards against chronic lung and throat troubles. A long-continued preparation without harmful or habit-forming drugs. Try them today.

50 cents a box, including war tax

For sale by all Druggists Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia

Lowell, Tuesday, Jan. 8, 1918

A. G. Pollard Co.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

Come Today for the Clearance Sales in Books, Infants' Wear, Ribbons and Fancy Work.

The Greatest Values of the Year in Their Several Lines Are Marked by the Orange Cards.

Special Announcement of Excellent Underprices Now of Interest in Our Underprice Basement.

Dry Goods Section

SAMPLE BED SPREADS—About 150 bed spreads, for single and double bed, square cut corners, fringe and scallops, crocheted and satin finish, slightly soiled, at 25 per cent. discount; \$1.50 to \$7.00 value, at.....\$1.00 to \$4.00 Each

TOWELS—About 40 dozen towels, drummers' samples, slightly soiled, back and Turkish, in all sizes, at 25 per cent. discount; 20c to 75c value, from.....12½c to 39c

Ready-to-Wear Section Basement

QUILTED JACKET—Ladies' quilted jackets, black and white, with sleeves; \$2.00 value, at.....\$1.00 Each

QUILTED VEST—Ladies' quilted vest, white and black; \$1.00 value, at.....50c Each

BLANKETING VEST—Ladies' vests, made of heavy blanketing, in large assortment of patterns; 50c value, at....39c Each

Men's Furnishing Section

MEN'S WOOL SWEATERS—Men's heavy knit wool sweaters, in brown and gray; regular \$3.00 value, at.....\$2.00 Each

BASEMENT

wife, after a pause, "It was very kind of you. And now you won't mind my telling you one thing, will you?"

"No," she said, "Lucindy."

"Obadiah—and there was a world of self-abnegation in her voice—"I always was fond of crusts."—Tid-Bits.

Brace Up and Forget It

When you have a feeling that "something is going to happen" get rid of it as soon as you can. Go take a walk. If you cannot do that, wash your face in cold water, and then the matter gets a good look or call on some of your friends; get up and shake yourself some way and start over again. There are some people who worry every idle hour they have, thinking of the misfortunes which may never come. There is trouble frequently enough in actual experience. Why make yourself miserable when you have reason? Trouble in the future seems greater through perspective, for imagination is a wonderful magnifying glass. When the circumstance confronts us the reality is usually insignificant. Try for confidence in yourself. Meet and overcome all obstacles. If you do not believe in yourself, no one else will. Encourage this line of thought, or better yet, go to the assumption that everything is going to turn out finely, and see how difficulties will fade away like mist in the sunlight. Do not forget that you are God's children and that you are too good for an heir of the kingdom. You cannot fail, no matter what happens.

Rhymes for Straphangers

For several months President Shonts has been writing homely maxims exhorting passengers not to cross their legs and to avoid various ways of being killed or injured. The poet has dropped into verse. Prose imposed limitations that hampered the free play of his fancy. With Mother Goose as a model he has struck a summer note. Some street car presidents find enough to do to move 1,000,000 or so passengers a day, look after the finances of their corporations, keep on with them the public and the numerous other incidental duties. Time hangs heavy on President Shonts' hands unless he discovers something more to occupy his leisure. When the public service commission has shut up shop and his day's work is over he tosses off a jingle like this:

Little Jack Horner stands on the corner

To show off to Billy and Bert.

He simply will not

Wait for street cars to stop.

And some day he'll get badly hurt.

Or when the straphangers are rushing home, packed in hermetically sealed cars, he goes without his dinner to console himself with this:

So, girls, you must remember to copy

Face forward with your right foot first

And you'll be always right.

The booklet of lyrics produced by President Shonts, circulating by the New York Railways company as a valuable offering of good cheer lacks one thing. The precious little verses from his pen should be set to music. May we not hope that before long he will compose a series of simple melodies to which they may be sung by the "Dear Children" to whom they are addressed by their distinguished author? That his name will be forever enshrined in the loving hearts of the people of New York city and the memories of Father Shonts and Mother Goose will be inseparable—Mother World.

By Berton Braley

You see, it's this way

I've got several things I

Want to do today, and besides

I'm too lazy to put any thoughts

into rhyme.

(That requires a certain amount of

brain work and energy

And I don't feel

Energetic)

So

I'm going to see if I can't slip

This free verse dope

Over on the editor in place

Of real stuff that's worth money.

If I get by with that stunt

I can go join the boys

At the Kelly pool game

And tell 'em how easy

It is to be a poet.

That's the only excuse I have for

This free verse proposition.

And that it's a better excuse

Than the regular free verse poets

have.

Slong.

Note—We have had some great

stuff from our friend, Berton Braley,

but it seems that he's met a rebuff

that has knocked him quite silly.

We have read all his verse with the

greatest elation, but since he drops to

versy here, he must need a vacation.—

Editor.

HONOR RIBBONS FOR WOUNDED

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—American officers and enlisted men who are wounded in this war are to wear—for the first time in the history of our armies—ribbons of honor which will indicate that they have shed their blood for their country. Orders have just been issued that those ribbons are to be worn on the right breast, and are to be one and a half inches long and three-eighths inches wide, the length to be divided into equal sections of red, white and blue. The soldier is to wear one ribbon for each date upon which he receives a wound.

All the foreign armies designate wounded men by stripes or similar marks, usually worn upon the sleeve. These new American ribbons are but one designation among a large number that have been ordered on account of the great broadening of the American armies to meet conditions of the present war. A description of all the markings is given in the current number of the Army and Navy Journal. Among the new regulations as to uniforms and insignia are the following:

Aviators—To wear two silver embroidered wings on a blue background, the wings three inches from tip to tip, with a shield between, surrounded by a five-pointed star, with the letters "U. S." in gold thread embroidered beneath.

Junior Aviators—The same, except for the star.

Observers—To wear a single wing, with the letter "O."

Aeronauts—Two wings with a balloon between them and the gold letters "U. S."

Army Field Clerks and Field Clerks of Quartermaster and Commissary units of officers, but minus all insignia of rank and a hat cord of silver and black intermixed.

Postal Agents attached to Units in the Field—Same as field clerks, but with brassard bearing words "Posts, U. S."

Tank Service—A tank one inch high.

LOWELL TEACHERS' ORGANIZATION

Regular monthly meeting, Wednesday, Jan. 9, 8 p. m., Memorial hall. Speaker: Brig. Gen. William Weigel of Camp Devens.

Keep Your Feet Dry

Preserve your health, save paying a doctor.

MEN'S GUARANTEED NO. 1 RUBBERS

Storm Rubbers, Eversticks. All fresh goods, \$1.25

MEN'S DULL FINISH

Pure Gum Rubbers, will outwear any other rubbers sold.....\$1.50 and \$1.75

MEN'S OVERSHOES

Fine Jersey tops, fresh goods, one to four buckles.....\$1.75 to \$3.50

MEN'S HEAVY

Tan Calf Shoes, as near waterproof as leather can be made, two full viscolized soles, lined with heavy waterproof canvas.....\$8.00

BOYS' RUBBERS

But only the good kind, made from fresh live rubber, no seconds or shoddy sold in our store. These guaranteed fresh rubbers.....60c to \$1.15

BOYS' STORM BOOTS—Special Values

Made from heavy oil tanned grain leather, high cut, bellows tongue, two straps, viscolized soles, \$2.85 and \$3.50

Putnam & Son Co.

166 CENTRAL STREET.

with number of regiment below.

"Interpreter" Corps—The letters

"INT" inclosed in a wreath one inch

high.

Anti-aircraft Artillerists—Crossed

cannon with "AA" in upper angle.

Trench Mortar-men—Crossed cannon

with "TM."

Machine Gunners—Crossed rifles with

"MG."

Ammunition Trainmen—The letter

"T."

Intelligence Police—The letters "IP."

Dental Corps—A bronze caduceus,

one inch high, with the letter "D" super-

imposed upon the center.

Veterinary Corps—The same with

"V."

Ambulance Service—With "A."

Sanitary Service—With "S."

Chemical Service—Crossed retorts

within a ring.

The orders prescribe a badge which may be worn by those who took part in any of the Mexican campaigns. This consists of a bronze disc, 1½ inches in diameter, showing a Mexican yucca plant with mountains in the background. Above the plant are the words "Mexican Service."

The latest orders announce, also, that short machine gunners, or similar garments, will be issued to all drivers of motor trucks, motor cars, motor ambulances or motorcycles, in lieu of the olive-drab long coat.

Secretary Baker said yesterday he had not heard that war department shipments were trying up thousands of freight cars, adding to the congestion of railroads and terminals, and that under Director McAdoo's recent order, the department faced a demurrage charge of \$10 a day per car. He added, however, that the department "should, take not luck with the whole country," on the demurrage question and be compelled to unload at once any cars it was using for storage purposes.

LODGE'S SECRETARY RESIGNS

John B. Dufault of Worcester and well known in this city, who for the past nine years has held the position of secretary to Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, has tendered his resignation and returned to his home city, where he will enjoy a well earned rest. Mr. Dufault counts a host of friends in this city. For a one time he was secretary of the Franco-American Republican club of Massachusetts of which Rep. Henry Akin of this city is president. Mr. Dufault's resignation went into effect at the close of the last senatorial session and it was with regret that it was accepted by the senator. Mr. Dufault's successor is a Mr. Harrington of Salem.

SEC. BAKER BROADENS GOETHALS' POWERS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Reorganization of the war department, begun with the creation last month

SUSPICIOUS FIRE OVER CARTRIDGES

Fourth Mysterious Fire In 10 Days in Big Boston Hardware Store

Many Firemen Injured—Three Alarms—Loss \$50,000—Investigation Ordered

BOSTON, Jan. 8.—For the fourth time in ten days the wholesale hardware firm of Bigelow & Dowse company, 239 Franklin street, was visited by fire late yesterday afternoon, but unlike the previous fires, which were extinguished in their incipient by the firm's fire-fighting force, yesterday's fire was beyond control when discovered and it required all the city apparatus, summoned by an automatic alarm and three bell alarms, to subdue it.

RED BLOODED MEN FIGHTERS

THEY RULE THE WORLD

Red blooded men are born leaders in every walk of life and fight intelligently with both brain and muscles. They are always live wires, smiling and full of ginger; keen, alert in their toes and ready for anything that comes their way. Work is a pleasure and they land on top every time.

You will not find a strong, successful man or woman trying to plug along with poor health or weak nerves. They know better, they are wise and see to it that their blood has plenty of good fresh iron and their nerves at all times loaded with Phosphated Iron.

A leading doctor says, "Show me a strong, healthy, successful man or woman and you can bank on it every time, their bodies are still loaded with iron and Phosphates." Another prominent physician says, "There is no need of anyone going through life sickly, miserable, played out, fagged and nervous when Phosphated Iron will always put energy and vigor in the body, mind and nerves." This same doctor also said, "With the system loaded with Phosphated Iron you can fight life's battle at any stage of the game and be a winner at every turn."

Mr. Run Down man or woman in any stage of life, if you feel all in, your nerves are all shot, and life seems life, one continual drag and drudgery from day to day, get next to yourself, wake up, take a brace, lay in a supply of Phosphated Iron and take a new lease on life. You will once again feel like a live one and face the world with the smile that wins. Are you game?

To insure physicians and their patients receiving the genuine Phosphated Iron, it has been put up in capsules only, so do not allow dealers to give you tablets or pills. Insist on capsules.

Fred Howard, 199 Central St., Lowell, Mass., 633 Merrimack St., and leading druggists everywhere.

proof room in the cellar. Firemen forced another conflagration in the building such as that of 15 years ago, when \$250,000 loss was sustained and exploding cartridges endangered the lives of the fire-fighters.

Investigation Ordered
Because of the rapidity with which the fire spread, and because of the previous three fires, which were investigated by District Chief Taber, Chief McDonough last night ordered a thorough investigation into yesterday's fire. After the second fire, suspicion was directed toward one of the employees of the concern and he was discharged. The automatic alarm was instantly followed by a bell alarm, and the chief ordered a third alarm immediately upon his arrival. While the extra apparatus was responding, another alarm was turned in from Foster's wharf, in the North End, and, but for the fear of disorganizing the entire fire department by sounding six alarms for the downtown section, a fourth alarm would have been sounded for the Bigelow & Dowse fire.

The fire was one of the most stubborn the firemen have had to contend with for a long time, as the building is one of the older type in Boston's wholesale district. The firemen were hampered by the narrow stairs leading to the top of the building and the excessive smoke. The fire, which was confined almost entirely to the fifth floor, had undoubtedly been smoldering for some time. Although employees of the company attempted to extinguish it with hand extinguishers soon after its discovery, the blaze rapidly gained headway, and after the arrival of the first pieces of fire apparatus, excavations in Franklin street hampered the firemen in placing their apparatus and next difficulty was experienced in producing water from the frozen hydrants.

Third Alarm Sounded
Upon the arrival of Chief McDonough, flames were leaping from the top windows on the Franklin street side of the building and he immediately ordered a third alarm sounded, skipping the second. This brought all the apparatus that was needed. Water Towers 1 and 4 were placed in Franklin street, directly in front of the building, and Tower 2 in Wendell street in the rear; Ladders 17 and 18 were raised in Franklin and Wendell streets respectively, and soon volumes of water were being directed into the seething mass of flames, step-ladders, sleds, paper files and other material stored on the top floor.

Breaching out at 4.45 p. m., the fire, which emitted dense volumes of smoke, attracted crowds of people. Some anxiety was felt for employees of the Bigelow & Dowse Co., including about a score of girls. These were all at work in the offices on the first and second floors. At the first alarm they fled from the building, some not waiting to secure their wraps, and sought refuge in adjoining establishments. Few, however, lost any clothing, as the male employees on the upper floors caught up the girls' clothing as they took to the stairs.

Walter Kendall, a clerk, was at work on the top floor when he discovered the fire. It was burning briskly among some boxes on the Franklin street front. Although Kendall summoned help and attempted to fight the fire with extinguishers, the smoke and flames drove the employees back, and finally to the street. Henry Roche of 223 Dudley street, Roxbury, a 17-year-old employee, was at work on the fourth floor, devoted to cutting and tools, with three others. After the first excitement had subsided fears were entertained for his safety, but he turned up all right.

Score Overcome By Smoke

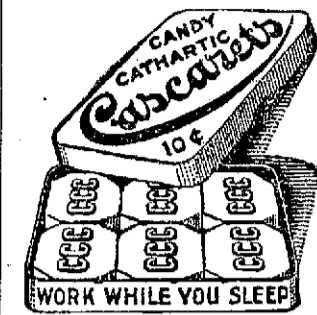
Because of the peculiar character of the goods stored on the fifth floor, the fire was hard to fight. Streams of water poured into the blaze from front and rear had little apparent effect, for nearly an hour, but finally, by ventilating the roof and lower floors, the firemen were enabled to fight the fire from the top and inside with good success.

A score of firemen were affected by smoke. Capt. James Ryan of Engine 25 was overcome by smoke and illuminating gas and sent to the Relief Station. Lieut. George E. Derragh of Engine 4 and Hoseman Edward Locke of the same company had similar experi-

BEST FOR LIVER, BOWELS, STOMACH, HEADACHE, COLDS

They lighten the liver and bowels and straighten you right up.

Don't be bilious, constipated, sick, with breath bad and stomach sour.



Tonight sure! Take Cascarets and enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced. Wake up with your head clear, stomach sweet, breath right, and feeling fine. Get rid of sick headache, biliousness, constipation, furred tongue, sour stomach, bad colds. Clear your skin, brighten your eyes, quicken your step and feel like doing a full day's work. Cascarets are better than salts, pills or calomel because they don't shock the liver or give the bowels or cause inconvenience all the next day.

Mothers should give cross, sick, bilious, feverish children a whole Cascaret anytime as they can not injure the thirty feet of tender bowels.

Hoseman Shanley of Engine 25 was slightly injured when a hot-air explosion threw him down a flight of stairs. P. J. Mullane of Protective 1 was also overcome. Chief Caulfield of the Mason street headquarters and Lieut. George Carney of Engine 25 were also overcome by illuminating gas, they maintained, and were treated by Dr. Edward F. Gookin of the fire department in nearby doorways. They afterwards returned to duty, as did several other men treated by Dr. Gookin.

Other firemen overcome by smoke were Hoseman Thomas F. Wren of Engine 25, and Hoseman Paul J. Howard of Engine 38-39. Both were treated at the Relief Station.

Hoseman Theodore R. Cressay of Engine 38-39 also was treated at the Relief hospital for smoke sickness.

ONE OUT OF EVERY 250 IN STATE IS INSANE

Special to The Sun.

STATE HOUSE, Boston, Jan. 8.—One person out of every 250 in the state of Massachusetts is insane. This statement, based on careful investigation, is made by the state commission on mental diseases in a report issued today.

Dr. George M. Kline, chairman of the commission, one of the signers of the report, declares that there are in the state under observation in private and public sanitariums, 15,045 persons. In addition, there are 1215 persons who are temporarily admitted from institutions, and a considerable number of others in the community who had been previously discharged or had never appeared in institutions for the insane.

The figures in the statement are for the year 1916 and show an increase of

303 insane persons over the preceding year. First cases of insanity appeared in public institutions to the number of 183, compared with 217 in the preceding year. The increase in new cases was 38. Of all the commitments of the insane, more than 77 per cent, appeared for the first time in any institution for the insane.

One insane person came under care for the first time from every 1183 of the estimated population of the state compared with 1173 of the previous year. The nativity of such persons does not differ materially from the percentages of previous years. Exclusive of about 1-2 per cent, whose birthplaces were unknown, 40 per cent, were born in Massachusetts; 49 per cent, in New England; 55 per cent, in the United States and 41 per cent, in foreign countries.

The age of 60 or more had been reached by 20 per cent, when admitted for hospital treatment, by 17 per cent, when insanity began. The average age on admission was 45 years. It is shown, further, that the country districts furnish relatively fewer cases of insanity than the more populous centers. The cities or towns of over 10,000 inhabitants comprise 80 per cent, of the total population and country districts only 20 per cent, whereas 81 per cent, of the insane commitments were made from the former and 19 per cent, from the latter.

Causes for insanity are given as follows: Heredity, 17 per cent; alcohol, 16 per cent; (intemperance alone, 12 per cent); senility, 11 per cent; coarse brain lesions in 11 per cent, and syphilis in 10 per cent. These five causes were operative in 74 per cent, of the year's first cases of insanity. The results of treatment at institutions under either direct or indirect supervision of the commission on mental diseases show that 414 recovered during the year, 308 were capable of self support, 675 were improved, 446 did not improve, and 126 were shown not to be insane. The recovery rate for the whole state was 11 per cent, of commitments. HOYT.

USE WOOD AND SHAKE OFF COAL DEPENDENCY

State Forester Frank W. Rane contends that, with proper handling of wood fuel, using the material that is readily available and which should be harvested from the forests, Massachusetts could shake off her dependency upon coal.

"Wood is the natural fuel of Massachusetts," he says. "Why should we disregard so valuable a birthright? It is not only our patriotic duty to use fire wood for fuel at this time in order to give way for the coal so much needed in our industries and hard to get, but even of greater fundamental importance to us as an economic people it is to utilize what is absolutely wrong for us not to utilize the millions of cords of wood that is actually standing on the hills and mountain sides and in our valleys, in fact, actually going to waste everywhere due to our lethargy and unscientific awakening."

"Why should people be freezing in our cities and towns this winter while wood is actually rotting and wasting all over our state within their very grasp?"

"Why should we wish for coal to keep us warm when the wood that should be cut for the better improvement of our woodlands and forests, if not used, is actually rotting? There are thousands of cords of fallen and standing dead and dry wood waiting for harvesting in Massachusetts this winter. If it is not utilized, will become a forest-fire menace to our state later on, probably costing us no one knows how much in conflagrations, not taking into account the utter desolation and waste they leave behind them."

"With our present reservoir of natural fuel going to waste, and bewailing the fact that we are going to freeze this winter, it is nothing short of lack of foresight and dependence upon the great President who has placed our bidding plenty in store for our use. If we cannot see it and will not use it, simply because we would rather be warmer than freeze, this, in substance, is nothing short of our real attitude at the present hour."

"The state forester's department has been active in advocating and aiding our people in forest utilization for years, and at least 30,000 cords have been made available outside of the ordinary channels through this work, but this is not enough. We need a wide open campaign of greater accomplishments. While the state offers assistance in the way of advice through the state forester's department, this does not pay the laboring man who will chop wood."

"If we can get the national or state fuel administrator, or some other authority, to determine upon what the minimum price will be for standard grades of cordwood at shipping points on the coast, and then immediately organize some method of financing wood cutting operations, retaining a lien upon the product until it is sold, there is no question but that something of real accomplishment could be done."

"Why not go further and commandeer that wood should be used more generally if it is for the best interest and good of our section of the country. This is not a time for guesswork, but for the cold realities of a real situation that should be dealt with at once. It is ridiculous to be compelled to pay \$17 or more for cordwood in one locality, and half of that amount in another. Many look upon wood as a luxury, when it should be as natural to home production as bread and use as any of our agricultural crops. It is an actual fact that farmers and those living in the country have even this year laid in their coal supply for fuel at distances of fifteen miles from market when wood could have been had almost for the chopping on their own lands. Why transport coal from Pennsylvania and other coal fields and block traffic and use freight cars for accomplishing what, nothing but a great economic waste."

"We have talked conservation for years, but talk is cheap. Not many years ago our railroads used cordwood in their engines here in Massachusetts and if the truth were actually known, even steam could be generated in many boilers in manufacturing plants scattered throughout New England, that could be generated from wood."

"It may entail many simple though easily wrought out ideas in the home wood can be used in furnaces and stoves as well as hearth fires. The writer has given a great deal of attention to this subject and even discussed it months ago with an authority, but even now we folks we are stumbling while we should be wide-awake on the whole proposition."

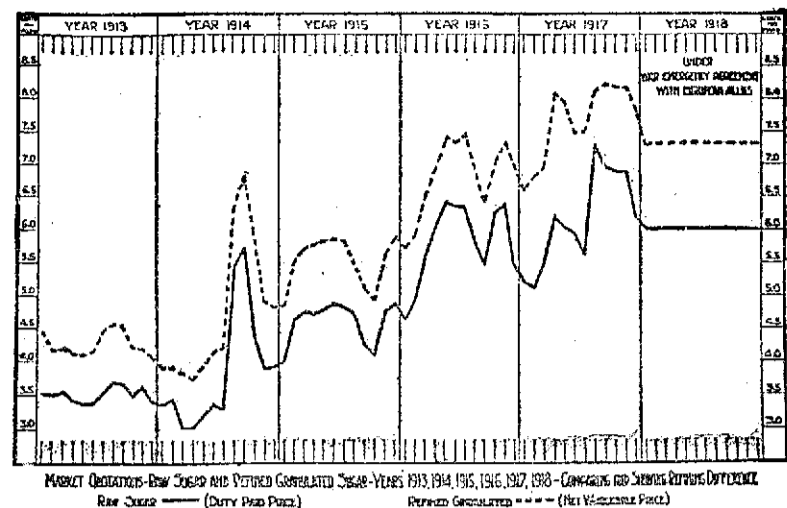
CONGRESSMAN SIMS INJURED

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Representative Thomas W. Sims, of Tennessee, chairman of the house committee on commerce, committed, suffered severe injuries about the shoulder when he fell on an icy pavement near the Capitol yesterday. Physicians believe that either his arm or shoulder was broken.

EXAMINATIONS FOR CANDIDATES FOR COMMISSIONS IN MOTOR MECHANIC REGIMENT

BOSTON, Jan. 8.—Examinations were begun here today for candidates for commissions as officers of the motor mechanic regiment, now being organized for service abroad. The examinations are being held by a board of six army officers and will continue for three days.

Why You Are Not Paying 30 Cents for Sugar



In April 1917 the cables told of a plan proposed by Herbert C. Hoover, then in London, which he described as "a plan by which the Allies can consolidate under one head the whole purchasing of food staples from our market, and not only will competitive bidding be abolished, but by co-operative buying on our side we can arrange the proper balance between the rights of producers and consumers."

This plan was favorably received by the sugar refining industry, which had been on a war basis almost from the beginning of the European War.

The war had brought the Allies into the Cuban market, resulting in severe domestic and international competition with no increased supplies. Naturally prices of refined sugar, both to the American public and to the Allies, rose under this forced draft.

Domestic sugar refiners, since the outbreak of the European War not only have safeguarded the United States supply but have maintained the lowest sugar prices in the world.

This brilliant record is due largely to the fact that sugar refining is in the hands of large business units, with an excess of refining capacity sufficient to supply all domestic needs, and so far all demands of foreign countries.

In the spring of 1917 there was a serious attempt at the disorganization of the sugar refining industry, following a long series of attempts at destruction of sugar ships.

Accompanying these incidents were widely circulated sensational reports predicting a sugar famine and sugar shortage, causing widespread apprehension.

At that time, even with the assurance of ample supplies on hand, retail sugar prices rose in some sections to 20 and 25 cents a pound.

The efforts of the American Sugar Refining Company to allay public alarm, to check hoarding, to accept a price less than that which it could easily have secured, and to distribute its product fairly and evenly among the trade, were of real public service.

While there were great supplies of sugar in far-away Java which ordinarily would have gone to Europe, yet the necessity for saving ships became so great that Europe turned to Cuba for even larger supplies than previously.

It takes a cargo ship 150 days to make a round trip between England and Java, while a round trip between England and Cuba can be made in 50 days.

Under these circumstances and seemingly to avoid paying proposed United States war taxes on refined sugar the European Allies purchased in Cuba the sugar which ordinarily would have come to the United States in the fall months.

These conditions, and especially the necessity of saving ships,

In war time and at all times it is our aim to safeguard the interests of the public we serve.

American Sugar Refining Company

"Sweeten it with Domino"
Granulated, Tablet, Powdered, Confectioners, Brown

What Every Housewife Should Know About Coffee

FRESH coffee, fragrant in the cup, never came from coffee that was ground long before you bought it.

The minute coffee is ground the strength and flavor are released and deterioration begins. That's why La Touraine is never ground until you order it.

"Food will win the war—don't waste it."

La Touraine

The Freshly Ground Coffee



All the goodness of this rich blend is preserved for you—is sealed in the plump ripe coffee beans. None of the quality is lost through long standing in bags or cans. Try La Touraine—today.

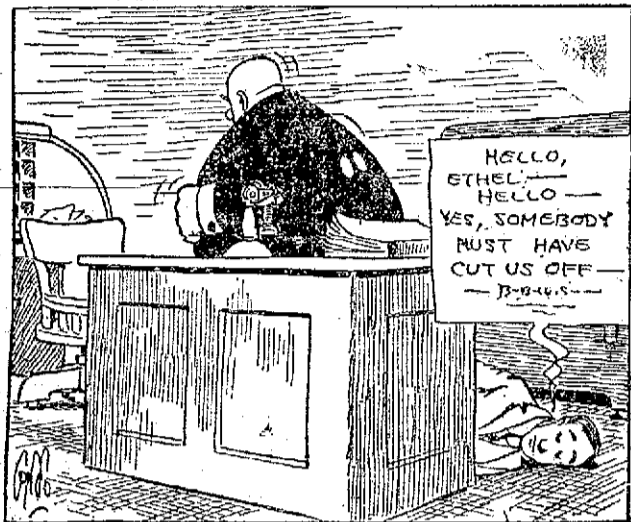
W. S. Quinby Company
Boston—Chicago

The dealer in Quinby products is worthy of your confidence. He is reliable and up-to-date. He believes in quality goods and fair dealing.

Sold only in the La Touraine bag 35c a pound—all grocers

EVERETT TRUE

OH, SURE WHAT? NO!
LISTEN, GIRLIE, I NEVER SAID THAT—WHAT?
NAY, NAY, PAULINE, TEE-HEE-HEE-HEE
NOW LISTEN, IF YOU DON'T BELIEVE ME—



HOW GERMANY RULES PRESS

Censor's Warnings Fall Into Hands of U. S.—Deceive Own People and Enemies

Papers Warned America's Army of 100,000 Men Is Bluff

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Evidence of the care the German government is taking to direct public opinion and to deceive not only its enemies but its own people, is contained in a series of secret instructions issued to the German press by the censorship, which have fallen into the hands of the state department. These instructions cover a period of less than three months of last year, but they tell a complete story of how the Teutonic war lords control public opinion.

A hint of the relentlessness of the authorities in punishing infractions of orders is contained in one notice, in which attention is called to the fact that the police "have again been notified to seek out and to bring to ruthless punishment originators and communicators of untrue military, political, financial and economic reports."

Interesting light is thrown upon the Berlin view of the preparations for war in the United States by a paragraph of an order dated June 6 last. It says:

"While the news about America's war preparations, such as the organization and outfitting of an army 1,000,000 strong, to reinforce the French-English front, is looked upon in that form, the spreading rumors of which may unfavorably affect the opinion of the German people, yet the fact must not be overlooked, on the other hand, that the United States, with the support of its capacity for material and industrial management, is arming itself for war with great energy and tenacity. The war preparations in America are, therefore, as was intimated in the reichstag at the time, not at all to be made little of, but must be taken seriously, without on that account being made a source of worry."

America's Task "Impossible"

Another, dated June 9, says:

"Pitt Parisien informs us that five American divisions, comprising 125,000 men, may be expected in France in the autumn of 1918. It is urgently requested not to produce the impression without some comment. We do not wish to underestimate the ability of America to accomplish things, but not on the other hand, overestimate it. In order to bring a division over from America 75,000 tons must make the trip twice. Therefore from the mere fact of lack of space, the transportation of such a body of troops within certain fixed time limits is impossible. Moreover, it is impossible to train these troops properly by autumn. These facts, which have recently been discussed in the German war news

Pennsylvania Gasolene

You all know the success of the Pennsylvania Gasolene Company, Owners of Fred's Gasolene Stations and how this business started in a small way and then grew very rapidly adding several new stations in a few months.

Six months ago they offered to the people of Lowell and vicinity, an opportunity to become interested in the Gasolene and Oil business by purchasing shares in the company which were bought quickly by those who realized the possibilities for profit in this business.

You have probably watched this business grow as many others have, and wished you had bought a few of these shares.

The company has secured additional shares in extra good locations, one of which is across the Square from the Depot and Richardson Hotel, in the centre of the business district of Lowell, which should more than double their business, and in order to have these stations all ready for the spring trade, are going to give the public another opportunity to share in their profits.

The Pennsylvania Gasolene Company is growing rapidly; every day now adds to the value of the stock. This is your opportunity.

A LIMITED AMOUNT OF TREASURY STOCK IS NOW OPEN FOR SALE AT \$12.00 PER SHARE. PURCHASE NOW BEFORE THE PRICE ADVANCES AGAIN.

LIBERTY LOAN BONDS WILL BE ACCEPTED AT FULL FACE VALUE IN PAYMENT FOR SHARES.

WRITE FOR OUR LARGE FREE ILLUSTRATED CIRCULAR. WE OFFER AND RECOMMEND THIS STOCK FOR INVESTMENT. WRITE, CALL OR TELEPHONE US IMMEDIATELY.

UNITED SECURITIES COMPANY
411 WYMAN'S EXCHANGE, LOWELL, MASS. TEL. 525-W.

must not be allowed to rest. The hostile governments try to frustrate the effect of all publication bearing upon the agreement with all the means at their disposal in order that their people may not learn the war aims and the reasons why they were egged on into the war.

Dog Meat "Ads" Forbidden
Last spring a large number of Russians were repatriated from Switzerland through Germany to spread German propaganda in Russia. In this connection the censor said:

"Nothing is to be published concerning the journey through Germany from Switzerland of Russian emigrants."

Later this instruction was revised to permit publication of articles concerning the journey, "but without comment."

Various economic conditions are disclosed by the censorship orders. One forbids the publication of advertisements of dog meat for sale.

There is no objection to the reprinting of the manifesto of the independent socialist party, in case it is adversely commented upon, even without irritation or sharpness.

"In the interest of a victorious carrying through of the war, which is endangered by every stoppage of work, expressions of the press which recommend a strike or express themselves in favor of a strike are forbidden. Utterances which are directed against strikes are indeed not subject to censorship, but it is supposed that they are kept free from immoderate sharpness which could offer material for irritating the people."

Imports from Holland
"Reports concerning disturbances in Koenigsburg, in Prussia, and concerning a warning from the commander of the 1st army corps, which followed in the Koenigsburg press, are impermissible."

"It is desired that it should clearly and distinctly put in the foreground the fact that the enemy has no alternative but to attempt a new of-

sensive as the enemy's statements are still against peace.

"Concerning the most recent bomb attack by a German flying machine on London nothing may be published."

"The publication and discussion of the resolutions adopted in a strike meeting of the Leipzig unions and of a telegram sent to the imperial chancellor are not permissible."

"The publication is to be avoided of anything concerning the state of the districts as well as in Switzerland."

"Advertisements of undertaking establishments which seek the removal of bodies of alien soldiers are not to be accepted."

"It is not desired to discuss or even mention the German importations from abroad, especially from Holland."

DANIEL W. SANBORN, AGED 85, VETERAN RAILROAD MAN IS DEAD

BOSTON, Jan. 8.—Daniel W. Sanborn, a veteran railroad man, who was for more than 50 years in the employ of the Boston & Maine, died at his home, 382 Broadway, Somerville, last night. He was 83 years old.

Mr. Sanborn was born in Wakefield, N. H., Feb. 27, 1834. He began his railroad career in 1859, and in 1870 became a conductor, making the run between Portsmouth and Somerville. From 1879 to 1884 he was transportation master of the Eastern railroad later merged with the B. & A. In 1884 he was appointed superintendent of the Eastern division of the Boston & Maine, and in 1891 became general superintendent.

He is survived by his wife and two children by his first marriage, Fred E. Sanborn, general superintendent of the Maine Central railroad, and Mrs. J. J. French of Somerville. He was a member of Signet Chapter, O.E.S.; Eminie Tebekah Lodge, I.O.O.F., and the Sons and Daughters of New Hampshire. Masonic services will be held at the home Thursday at 2 o'clock.

ESTABLISHED 1875
Chalifoux's
CORNER

FOR

MEN'S, WOMEN'S and CHILDREN'S

RUBBERS

This is everybody's rubber sale. Rubbers are of vital importance now. You can't keep your feet dry without them. Keep your feet dry. Keep the children's feet dry. Avoid colds and doctors' bills.

800 PAIRS OF
MEN'S \$1.25 EVER-
STICK RUBBERS 79c
AT

Women's Rubbers,
Boys' and Girls' Rub-
bers, Children's Rub-
bers. Hundreds of 59c
Pairs, at

MEN'S 1-BUCKLE ARCTICS, heavy rolled edge gum soles \$1.39

MEN'S LACE RUBBERS for stockings \$1.69

BOYS' SIZES, 3 to 6 \$1.49

BOYS' SIZES, 11 to 2 \$1.25

MEN'S "SHAWMUT" GOODYEAR GLOVE OR BALL BAND RUBBERS at special prices on sale in Chalifoux's super-value basement. Rubbers of every description.

MEN'S RED RUBBER BOOTS \$4.00

MEN'S LEATHER TOP RUBBERS, first quality Arrow brand \$3.50

MEN'S FELTS AND RUBBERS—Both for \$2.75

MEN'S 4-BUCKLE OVERSHOES, just the shoes for stormy weather and hard wear \$2.50

BOYS' RUBBERS, sizes 11 to 2 \$59c

BOYS' RUBBERS, sizes 2½ to 6 \$69c

WOMEN'S RUBBERS, made to fit any style shoes for \$59c

GIRLS' AND CHILDREN'S RUBBERS, made on broad last, sizes 3 to 10½ and 11 to 2 \$49c

WOMEN'S FIRST QUALITY RUBBERS, fit new style lasts and military heels; all sizes, 75c

GIRLS' AND CHILDREN'S BEST QUALITY RUBBERS, plain and rolled edge, nature shape last; sizes 3 to 10½ and 11 to 2 \$59c

WOMEN'S CLOTH RUBBERS, made of best Jersey cloth and fleece linings, all sizes, \$1.19

GIRLS' AND CHILDREN'S RUBBER BOOTS, knee length, with heavy fleece lining; sizes 6 to 10½ and 11 to 3 \$1.75

THIS WAS A BUNCO GAME PURE AND SIMPLE

YOU SAY YOU'VE CUT OUT SMOKING FOR 1918? I'LL BET YOU TEN DOLLARS THAT YOU DON'T KEEP THAT RESOLUTION ONE MONTH—

YOU'RE ON—I'LL TAKE THAT BET

NO THANKS, OLIVIA, I'VE CUT—GOSH, AND I'M DYING FOR A SMOKE BUT I'VE CUT IT OUT—WHERE DO YOU GET 'EM?

ONE OF THE BOYS LEFT THEM THE OTHER NIGHT AND I SAVED 'EM FOR YOU—TAKE ONE NOWBODY WILL KNOW THE DIFFERENCE

I DON'T SUPPOSE ONE LITTLE DRAG WOULD KILL ME BUT I'LL HAVE TO BE QUICK ABOUT IT

NOBODY'S LOOKIN' AND I SAVED THESE ALL FOR YOU

NOW YOU WON'T TELL TOM THAT I SMOKED WILL YOU?

NOT A WORD PROVIDING YOU COME CLEAN WITH FOUR BITS SO THAT MILDRED AND I CAN GO TO THE MOVIES

TEE-HEE

IT'S A WONDER BENNY DIDN'T ASK FOR A TOOTHSTICK, TOO

A NICE DRINK OF MILK WOULDN'T LISTEN BAD WOULD IT BENNY? NO—IT WOULD GO FINE!

HOW MUCH IS MILK A QUART MR. MILKMAN? 16¢

COULD YOU GIVE ME A QUART IN PINTS? SURE!—NO DIFFERENCE!

BY THE TEETH!

FOWLS HAVE NO TEETH!

I KNOW IT!

BUT I HAVE!

Gas Fixtures, Globes, Mantles, Etc.

Welch Bros Co.
73 MIDDLE STREET

Bright, Sears & Co.,
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE
Bankers and Brokers
SECOND FLOOR

BOOTS AND SHOES
REMOVAL SALE—Biggest shoe
bargains in Lowell. Entire stock of
men's, women's and children's boots
and shoes. See John P.ress, formerly
338A Middlesex st., now at new store,
630 Middlesex st.

CHINESE RESTAURANT
CHIN LEE, o.—Chop suey, Amer-
ican food. Nicest place in the city.

CHINESE RESTAURANT
CHIN LEE & Co.—Chop suey, American food. Nicest place in the city. Open from 11 a. m. to 1 a. m. 68 Merrimack st.

CONTRACTORS—BUILDERS
CONTRACTOR and builder, Arthur F. Babcock, residence, 484 Irving st.

Res. phone 5042-M; shop 1216

CHIMNEY EXPERTS

LIMBURG CO. - Chimneys swept and repaired. Residence-1123 Bridge st. Tel.

DRESSMAKING

DRESS AND SUIT MAKING; latest styles; satisfaction assured. Mrs. A. E. Scraggs, 9-10 Central Bldg.

DENTIST

T. E. HARR, D.D.S. - Suite 404, Bldg.

3 to 12; 1 to 5. Mon. Fri. Sat. eve. Tel. 5632

ELECTRIC SHOP

CLORIA INVERTED GAS LIGHTS.
\$1.16. Regular price \$1.75. Electric
Shop, 221 Central st., 251 Dutton st.
Tel. 1317-W.

FURS REPAIRED

Furs cleaned, repaired and remod-
eled. Work guaranteed satisfactory.
Mrs. A. E. Scraggs, 9-10 Central Block.

FURNITURE

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, stoves, beds,
mattresses, rugs. New goods. Cash
or credit. Hitch, 160 Middlesex st.

GROCERIES

ITALIAN GROCERIES—Imported
olive oil, macaroni, cooked spaghetti,
also candy and fruit. Joe and
Suzie Carpenito, 152 Gorham st.

HATTERS

PUR CAPS RENOVATED—Have a Delorme hat for a change; the change will do you good. Sun building.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

JOHN A. OSKOOK, Merrimack, cor. Suffolk St. Appointments can be made by telephone. Tel. 8722.

**LICENSED AND BONDED
WAREHOUSEMAN**

STORAGE for furniture at reasonable rates; separate rooms, dry and clean. J. H. MacDonald, 255 Hill-dreth st.

PIANO TUNERS

J. KERSHAW, piano and organs tuned and repaired. 60 Humphrey St. Tel. 974-31.

ROOFERS

professor, Roofs repaired, & Etc.
166 Concord st. Tel. 1453-J, 300 Piesant
ant st.

STOVE REPAIRS

T. F. DAILY, 218 Dutton st. Expert
stove repairing. Grates, linings, etc.
for sale. Our work guaranteed. Den-
ial of all honest and fair.

QUINN STOVE REPAIR CO., 149
Gorham st., carries in stock, linings,
grates, water fronts, and other parts
to fit all stoves and ranges. Work
promptly extended to Tel. 4170.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

\$360 CASH down buys 2 tenement
houses.

SIX-ROOM COTTAGE for sale; good repair, new plumbing; situated near Back Central, Wameist, Lawrence and Mill sts.; 7350 feet of land, assessed \$3000, owner's bid \$1800; \$1800 balance in rent. Rare bargain. Paul Korossian, 218 Bradley Bldg., 147 Central st. Tel. 1304.

for a quick sale. Daniel J. O'Brien.
202 Wyman's Exchange.

WANTED

USED RECORDS, Victors and Colum-
bias, wanted; also books and paper

novels. Merritt's Bookstore, 277 Mid-
dsex st.

LIVE POULTRY WANTED
Send card or tel. #168-W. G. H. Bar-
ton, Chelmsford.

FOR SALE

FURNITURE for three rooms for
sale, good condition, family leaving
city. Inquire 525 Fletcher st.

4 SILENT SALESMAN SHOWCASES
for sale, play class. J. T. Finnegan,
36 Merrimack st.

PIANO for sale; Colonial upright; used but little; only \$100. 747 Merrimack st.

SLEIGH for sale; Travers runner sprung in fine condition. Inquire at 33 Chapel st. O'Brien Brothers.

FIVE PIANOS and five sleighs for sale. J. L. Flynn, 45 Grand st.

PLAYED PIANO of high grade, for private sale. F-57, Sun Office.

SPECIAL NOTICES

MADAM MAY—If in trouble come and see her. 53 John st., room 2.

M. L. FRENEY—Pianos and furniture moving. 16 Ainsman st., Tel. 5478-W.

TO LET

5-ROOM TENEMENT to let, corner Middlesex and Howard sts.; separate bath; rent, \$22.50 per week. Also 5-room tenement, near 6 Cross st., \$1.25 per week. Inquire C. Harry Clapp, 600 Middlesex st.

FURNISHED ROOM to let in private family in Highlands. Write P-96, Sun Office.

HOUSE to let; 5 rooms and bath; 83 Westford st.; house to be vacated in January; \$12 a month. Tel. 3613-M.

STORE to let; large, bright, few

1-ROOMS, WALK from Carriage shop;
 furnished; good location for variety
 store; inquire at 1014
 Lawrence st. Inquire rear door, 87,
 1014 1/2
 2-ROOMS, KITCHENETTE, to heat.
 furnished; electric light gas, hot
 water; walk from square. Inquire
 1014 1/2
 4-ROOMS, 1014 1/2

TRAINS TO AND FROM DOSTON			FROM DOSTON		
Southern Division			Portland Division		
To Boston	From Boston	Arr.	To Boston	From Boston	Arr.
5:38	5:50	2:55	3:38	6:35	10:40
5:55	7:25	8:19	7:25	10:58	11:53
6:47	7:55	26:35	8:04	11:43	12:47
6:55	8:05	26:45	8:12	12:08	1:13
6:57	8:00	26:48	8:21	12:16	1:22
7:22	8:05	26:51	8:30	12:25	1:31
7:30	8:37	3:30	10:03	12:34	1:40
8:04	9:17	17:49	10:11	12:42	1:48
8:36	10:37	12:30	1:09	12:57	1:16
9:19	11:15	11:05	1:28	1:15	1:24
10:13	11:48	2:15	1:30	1:24	1:33
10:25	11:55	2:25	1:41	1:35	1:44
11:24	12:43	3:24	1:51	1:45	1:54
12:43	2:05	6:34	6:50	1:59	2:08
2:45	3:41	4:00	4:31	2:00	2:09
4:00	5:00	5:00	5:31	2:11	2:20
5:01	6:01	6:01	6:37	2:22	2:31
6:01	7:01	7:01	7:37	2:33	2:42
7:01	8:01	8:01	8:37	2:44	2:53
8:01	9:01	9:01	9:37	2:55	3:04
9:01	10:01	10:01	10:37	3:06	3:15
10:01	11:01	11:01	11:37	3:17	3:26
11:01	12:01	12:01	12:37	3:18	3:27
12:01	1:01	1:01	1:37	3:19	3:28
1:01	2:01	2:01	2:37	3:20	3:29
2:01	3:01	3:01	3:37	3:21	3:30
3:01	4:01	4:01	4:37	3:22	3:31
4:01	5:01	5:01	5:37	3:23	3:32
5:01	6:01	6:01	6:37	3:24	3:33
6:01	7:01	7:01	7:37	3:25	3:34
7:01	8:01	8:01	8:37	3:26	3:35
8:01	9:01	9:01	9:37	3:27	3:36
9:01	10:01	10:01	10:37	3:28	3:37
10:01	11:01	11:01	11:37	3:29	3:38
11:01	12:01	12:01	12:37	3:30	3:39
12:01	1:01	1:01	1:37	3:31	3:40
1:01	2:01	2:01	2:37	3:32	3:41
2:01	3:01	3:01	3:37	3:33	3:42
3:01	4:01	4:01	4:37	3:34	3:43
4:01	5:01	5:01	5:37	3:35	3:44
5:01	6:01	6:01	6:37	3:36	3:45
6:01	7:01	7:01	7:37	3:37	3:46
7:01	8:01	8:01	8:37	3:38	3:47
8:01	9:01	9:01	9:37	3:39	3:48
9:01	10:01	10:01	10:37	3:40	3:49
10:01	11:01	11:01	11:37	3:41	3:50
11:01	12:01	12:01	12:37	3:42	3:51
12:01	1:01	1:01	1:37	3:43	3:52
1:01	2:01	2:01	2:37	3:44	3:53
2:01	3:01	3:01	3:37	3:45	3:54
3:01	4:01	4:01	4:37	3:46	3:55
4:01	5:01	5:01	5:37	3:47	3:56
5:01	6:01	6:01	6:37	3:48	3:57
6:01	7:01	7:01	7:37	3:49	3:58
7:01	8:01	8:01	8:37	3:50	3:59
8:01	9:01	9:01	9:37	3:51	4:00

BIGGER PRINTING BILL FOR WAR DEPARTMENT

Special to The Sun
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 8.—The war department estimates that it will take ten times as much money the coming year for printing as it ordinarily expends for that purpose in times of peace. The department asks for three million dollars for printing the coming year.

The government printing office expects to use one hundred million pounds of paper costing about four million dollars.

The increase due to the war is shown by the fact that in normal years the public printer has required only 25,000,000 pounds of all classes of paper, while for the coming year his estimate for book paper alone exceeds that total.

One way of effecting economy in the immense amount required will be to reduce the weight of the most impor-

Girls! Beautify Your Hair and Stop Dandruff

Hair Becomes Charming, Wavy, Lustrous and Thick in Few Moments

Every Bit of Dandruff Disappears and Hair Stops Coming Out

For a few cents you can save your hair. In less than ten minutes you can double its beauty. Your hair becomes light, wavy, fluffy, abundant and appears as soft, lustrous and charming as a young girl's after applying some Danderrine. Also in this—moistens a cloth with a little Danderrine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. This will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt or excessive oil, and in just a few moments you have doubled the beauty of your hair. A delightful surprise awaits those whose hair has been neglected or is sagging, faded, dry, brittle or thin. Besides beautifying the hair, Danderrine dissolves every particle of dandruff, cleanses, purifies and invigorates the scalp, forever stopping itching and falling hair, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes, really new hair growing all over the scalp. If you care for pretty, soft hair, and lots of it, surely get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderrine from any drug store or toilet counter and just try it.

Coburn's HOUSEHOLD CHEMICALS

PURE COD LIVER OIL
It comes from the Norway fisheries, where it is made from unblemished livers. Half pint.....50c

REFINED WHITE RUSSIAN MINERAL OIL
The safe and sure remedy for constipation. Recommended by leading physicians. It is odorless and tasteless. Pint.....75c

PURE BAY RUM
The aromatic liquid of delicate color—prepared by distilling rum into which fresh leaves of the bay tree have been steeped. Pint 65c

Free City Motor Delivery
C. B. COBURN CO.
63 MARKET ST.

Boston Fish Market

CHAPMAN & McQUADE 80 GORHAM STREET

We are going to do our patriotic bit by having a limited supply of Fancy Whiting which we are going to place on sale Wednesday morning. The price will be.....3 Pounds for 25c

Also, we will have Fresh Labrador Herring for....10c Pound which cannot be duplicated. This is a request from our Food Administrator, and we are going to the full limit to make it a success.

LOWELL'S LEADING and MOST SANITARY FISH MARKET

We have decided to withdraw delivery of transient orders. We will deliver for our regular customers who have weekly orders.



THE FINISHING TOUCH IN LAUNDRY WORK

Clothes which are washed are but half done—

Be they ever so snowy white, it takes the finishing touch of smooth hot ironing to render them dainty, fresh and ready to wear.

THE ELECTRIC IRON gives that instant heat which makes ironing a pleasure instead of a task. Don't tire yourself out carrying a heavy, sooty iron from stove to board. Use an Electric Iron.

UNITED STATES WAR SAVINGS CERTIFICATES AND THRIFT STAMPS
On Sale at the Cashier's Window

CONGRESS MAY TAKE UP NEW SUFFRAGE BILL

Special to The Sun.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 8.—The house committee on suffrage, which was created recently for the purpose of giving suffrage bills a favorable report, has a joker up its sleeve in case suffrage comes up for a vote on this bill as expected. The plan is to table the Anthony amendment, which was before the judiciary committee and reported with no recommendation, and substitute the bill introduced this session by Raker of California, and which is now before the new committee. The Raker bill will probably get a favorable report

of eleven to two, and the suffragists believe such report will give them a gain in votes by stimulating doubtful members. The anti's are urging a vote the tenth, but there is a rumor that the suffragists plan to delay both sides claim victory, but the result seems to be in great doubt with a close vote promised. The rules committee had tentatively agreed for a vote of the tenth, but the chairman and ranking members are all ardent advocates of suffrage and at this moment it is by no means certain that the anti's will not attempt to delay for delay will not prevail.

RICHARDS.
William L. Walsh, pastor of the First Congregational church, Billerica Centre, died yesterday at his home, 33 Hill street, where the committee service was read by Rev. Mr. Walsh. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertakers Young & Blake.

CHRISTIAN—The funeral of Mrs. Apolline Christian took place yesterday from her home, 33 Decatur street. Burial was in the family lot in St. Joseph's cemetery, where the committee service was read by Rev. Mr. Walsh. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertakers Young & Blake.

DUCHARME—The funeral of Cecile Ducharme took place Sunday afternoon from her home, 213 Alton street. Services were held at St. Jean Baptiste church, the officiating clergyman being Rev. Eugene Turcotte, O.M.I. The bearers were Messrs. Medard, Charles, Fred and David Christian. Burial took place in the family lot in St. Joseph's cemetery. Undertakers Joseph Albert & Son in charge.

MIRALTO—The funeral of Mrs. Amelie Miralto took place yesterday from her home, 33 Tucker street. Burial was in the family lot in St. Joseph's cemetery. Undertakers Joseph Albert & Son in charge.

READ—The funeral services of Robert L. Read were held at his residence, 38 Fourth street, yesterday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. William F. English, Jr., pastor of the Kirk Street Congregational church. Appropriate selections were sung by Edward F. Adams and Miss Ella H. Thompson. The bearers were Messrs. Adams, English, Jr., and Thompson.

WILBER—James H. Wilber, aged 55 years, died this morning at his home, 121 West street. He leaves to mourn his loss one daughter, Ada P. Wilber, wife of Mr. J. H. Wilber, of New Bedford, and Mrs. Fannie C. Reed of Kansas City and one brother, Stephen Wilber of Little Compton, R. I.

MURPHY—Patrick J. Murphy, an old and well known resident of this city, died this morning at his home, 723 Moody street. He is survived by two sons, Thomas J. and John J. Murphy, and one daughter, Della A. Murphy. Burial took place this afternoon at 1 o'clock in St. Patrick's cemetery, under the direction of Undertakers James P. O'Donnell & Sons.

CLUNE—Michael J. Clune, a well known resident of this city, died yesterday afternoon, after a short illness, at his home, 17 Westford street. He leaves two sons, James and William, and one daughter, Mrs. Peter A. Clune. The body was removed to the rooms of Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons.

SWENBERG—Charles Edouard, aged 1 day, died yesterday at his home, 11 day street. He leaves one son, Charles, and one daughter, Mrs. Mary A. Swenberg. Burial took place this afternoon at 1 o'clock in St. Patrick's cemetery, under the direction of Undertakers Amedee Archambault & Son.

HILL—Charles F. Hill died last evening at his home, 17 Westford street, at the age of 77. He leaves a wife, Mrs. Hill, one son, Leslie A., and two daughters, Mrs. Cora James and Miss Nellie Hill; also one brother, E. Hill, all of Pennsylvania. He was a member of the Painters union.

WILLIAMS—George Williams, a highly respected resident of this city, died yesterday afternoon at his home, 11 day street. He is survived by a wife, Mrs. Williams, and five daughters, Mrs. Charlotte Brown, Mrs. Ella Howard, Mrs. Margaret Wilson, Mrs. Katherine Merrill, and Miss Rosa Williams; four sons, William, George, Walter and Clarence Williams. The body was removed to the rooms of Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons and later to his home, 18 Brown street.

FUNERALS
HEARD—The funeral of Miss Clara Heard was held at the rooms of Undertaker George W. Healey, 79 Branch street this morning at 10:30 o'clock and was very largely attended. The services were conducted by Rev. Alfred R. Hussey, pastor of the First Unitarian church. A very large delegation was present from the city library. Burial was in the family lot in cemetery at Nashua, N. H.

BURNS—The funeral of Robert D. Burns was held yesterday afternoon from the rooms of Undertakers J. Will Carpenter & Son, 85 Plainfield street, Providence, R. I. The services were conducted by Rev. Clifton H. Walker of Sharon, Mass. The remains were buried Tuesday morning in the family lot in the Edison cemetery. The local arrangements were in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

HARRISON—The funeral services of Hazel Harrison took place at her home, Billerica Centre, yesterday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev.

of eleven to two, and the suffragists believe such report will give them a gain in votes by stimulating doubtful members. The anti's are urging a vote the tenth, but there is a rumor that the suffragists plan to delay both sides claim victory, but the result seems to be in great doubt with a close vote promised. The rules committee had tentatively agreed for a vote of the tenth, but the chairman and ranking members are all ardent advocates of suffrage and at this moment it is by no means certain that the anti's will not attempt to delay for delay will not prevail.

RICHARDS.
William L. Walsh, pastor of the First Congregational church, Billerica Centre, died yesterday at his home, 33 Hill street, where the committee service was read by Rev. Mr. Walsh. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertakers Young & Blake.

CHRISTIAN—The funeral of Mrs. Apolline Christian took place yesterday from her home, 33 Decatur street. Burial was in the family lot in St. Joseph's cemetery, where the committee service was read by Rev. Mr. Walsh. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertakers Young & Blake.

DUCHARME—The funeral of Cecile Ducharme took place Sunday afternoon from her home, 213 Alton street. Services were held at St. Jean Baptiste church, the officiating clergyman being Rev. Eugene Turcotte, O.M.I. The bearers were Messrs. Medard, Charles, Fred and David Christian. Burial took place in the family lot in St. Joseph's cemetery. Undertakers Joseph Albert & Son in charge.

MIRALTO—The funeral of Mrs. Amelie Miralto took place yesterday from her home, 33 Tucker street. Burial was in the family lot in St. Joseph's cemetery. Undertakers Joseph Albert & Son in charge.

READ—The funeral services of Robert L. Read were held at his residence, 38 Fourth street, yesterday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. William F. English, Jr., pastor of the Kirk Street Congregational church. Appropriate selections were sung by Edward F. Adams and Miss Ella H. Thompson. The bearers were Messrs. Adams, English, Jr., and Thompson.

WILBER—James H. Wilber, aged 55 years, died this morning at his home, 121 West street. He leaves to mourn his loss one daughter, Ada P. Wilber, wife of Mr. J. H. Wilber, of New Bedford, and Mrs. Fannie C. Reed of Kansas City and one brother, Stephen Wilber of Little Compton, R. I.

MURPHY—Patrick J. Murphy, an old and well known resident of this city, died this morning at his home, 723 Moody street. He is survived by two sons, Thomas J. and John J. Murphy, and one daughter, Della A. Murphy. Burial took place this afternoon at 1 o'clock in St. Patrick's cemetery, under the direction of Undertakers James P. O'Donnell & Sons.

CONGRESS MAY TAKE UP NEW SUFFRAGE BILL

Special to The Sun.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 8.—The house committee on suffrage, which was created recently for the purpose of giving suffrage bills a favorable report, has a joker up its sleeve in case suffrage comes up for a vote on this bill as expected. The plan is to table the Anthony amendment, which was before the judiciary committee and reported with no recommendation, and substitute the bill introduced this session by Raker of California, and which is now before the new committee. The Raker bill will probably get a favorable report

of eleven to two, and the suffragists believe such report will give them a gain in votes by stimulating doubtful members. The anti's are urging a vote the tenth, but there is a rumor that the suffragists plan to delay both sides claim victory, but the result seems to be in great doubt with a close vote promised. The rules committee had tentatively agreed for a vote of the tenth, but the chairman and ranking members are all ardent advocates of suffrage and at this moment it is by no means certain that the anti's will not attempt to delay for delay will not prevail.

RICHARDS.
William L. Walsh, pastor of the First Congregational church, Billerica Centre, died yesterday at his home, 33 Hill street, where the committee service was read by Rev. Mr. Walsh. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertakers Young & Blake.

CHRISTIAN—The funeral of Mrs. Apolline Christian took place yesterday from her home, 33 Decatur street. Burial was in the family lot in St. Joseph's cemetery, where the committee service was read by Rev. Mr. Walsh. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertakers Young & Blake.

DUCHARME—The funeral of Cecile Ducharme took place Sunday afternoon from her home, 213 Alton street. Services were held at St. Jean Baptiste church, the officiating clergyman being Rev. Eugene Turcotte, O.M.I. The bearers were Messrs. Medard, Charles, Fred and David Christian. Burial took place in the family lot in St. Joseph's cemetery. Undertakers Joseph Albert & Son in charge.

MIRALTO—The funeral of Mrs. Amelie Miralto took place yesterday from her home, 33 Tucker street. Burial was in the family lot in St. Joseph's cemetery. Undertakers Joseph Albert & Son in charge.

READ—The funeral services of Robert L. Read were held at his residence, 38 Fourth street, yesterday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. William F. English, Jr., pastor of the Kirk Street Congregational church. Appropriate selections were sung by Edward F. Adams and Miss Ella H. Thompson. The bearers were Messrs. Adams, English, Jr., and Thompson.

WILBER—James H. Wilber, aged 55 years, died this morning at his home, 121 West street. He leaves to mourn his loss one daughter, Ada P. Wilber, wife of Mr. J. H. Wilber, of New Bedford, and Mrs. Fannie C. Reed of Kansas City and one brother, Stephen Wilber of Little Compton, R. I.

MURPHY—Patrick J. Murphy, an old and well known resident of this city, died this morning at his home, 723 Moody street. He is survived by two sons, Thomas J. and John J. Murphy, and one daughter, Della A. Murphy. Burial took place this afternoon at 1 o'clock in St. Patrick's cemetery, under the direction of Undertakers James P. O'Donnell & Sons.

CLUNE—Michael J. Clune, a well known resident of this city, died yesterday afternoon, after a short illness, at his home, 17 Westford street. He leaves two sons, James and William, and one daughter, Mrs. Peter A. Clune. The body was removed to the rooms of Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons.

SWENBERG—Charles Edouard, aged 1 day, died yesterday at his home, 11 day street. He leaves one son, Charles, and one daughter, Mrs. Mary A. Swenberg. Burial took place this afternoon at 1 o'clock in St. Patrick's cemetery, under the direction of Undertakers Amedee Archambault & Son.

HILL—Charles F. Hill died last evening at his home, 17 Westford street, at the age of 77. He leaves a wife, Mrs. Hill, one son, Leslie A., and two daughters, Mrs. Cora James and Miss Nellie Hill; also one brother, E. Hill, all of Pennsylvania. He was a member of the Painters union.

WILLIAMS—George Williams, a highly respected resident of this city, died yesterday afternoon at his home, 11 day street. He is survived by a wife, Mrs. Williams, and five daughters, Mrs. Charlotte Brown, Mrs. Ella Howard, Mrs. Margaret Wilson, Mrs. Katherine Merrill, and Miss Rosa Williams; four sons, William, George, Walter and Clarence Williams. The body was removed to the rooms of Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons and later to his home, 18 Brown street.

FUNERALS
HEARD—The funeral of Miss Clara Heard was held at the rooms of Undertaker George W. Healey, 79 Branch street this morning at 10:30 o'clock and was very largely attended. The services were conducted by Rev. Alfred R. Hussey, pastor of the First Unitarian church. A very large delegation was present from the city library. Burial was in the family lot in cemetery at Nashua, N. H.

BURNS—The funeral of Robert D. Burns was held yesterday afternoon from the rooms of Undertakers J. Will Carpenter & Son, 85 Plainfield street, Providence, R. I. The services were conducted by Rev. Clifton H. Walker of Sharon, Mass. The remains were buried Tuesday morning in the family lot in the Edison cemetery. The local arrangements were in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

HARRISON—The funeral services of Hazel Harrison took place at her home, Billerica Centre, yesterday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev.

of eleven to two, and the suffragists believe such report will give them a gain in votes by stimulating doubtful members. The anti's are urging a vote the tenth, but there is a rumor that the suffragists plan to delay both sides claim victory, but the result seems to be in great doubt with a close vote promised. The rules committee had tentatively agreed for a vote of the tenth, but the chairman and ranking members are all ardent advocates of suffrage and at this moment it is by no means certain that the anti's will not attempt to delay for delay will not prevail.

RICHARDS.
William L. Walsh, pastor of the First Congregational church, Billerica Centre, died yesterday at his home, 33 Hill street, where the committee service was read by Rev. Mr. Walsh. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertakers Young & Blake.

CHRISTIAN—The funeral of Mrs. Apolline Christian took place yesterday from her home, 33 Decatur street. Burial was in the family lot in St. Joseph's cemetery, where the committee service was read by Rev. Mr. Walsh. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertakers Young & Blake.

DUCHARME—The funeral of Cecile Ducharme took place Sunday afternoon from her home, 213 Alton street. Services were held at St. Jean Baptiste church, the officiating clergyman being Rev. Eugene Turcotte, O.M.I. The bearers were Messrs. Medard, Charles, Fred and David Christian. Burial took place in the family lot in St. Joseph's cemetery. Undertakers Joseph Albert & Son in charge.

MIRALTO—The funeral of Mrs. Amelie Miralto took place yesterday from her home, 33 Tucker street. Burial was in the family lot in St. Joseph's cemetery. Undertakers Joseph Albert & Son in charge.

READ—The funeral services of Robert L. Read were held at his residence, 38 Fourth street, yesterday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. William F. English, Jr., pastor of the Kirk Street Congregational church. Appropriate selections were sung by Edward F. Adams and Miss Ella H. Thompson. The bearers were Messrs. Adams, English, Jr., and Thompson.

WILBER—James H. Wilber, aged 55 years, died this morning at his home, 121 West street. He leaves to mourn his loss one daughter, Ada P. Wilber, wife of Mr. J. H. Wilber, of New Bedford, and Mrs. Fannie C. Reed of Kansas City and one brother, Stephen Wilber of Little Compton, R. I.

MURPHY—Patrick J. Murphy, an old and well known resident of this city, died this morning at his home, 723 Moody street. He is survived by two sons, Thomas J. and John J. Murphy, and one daughter, Della A. Murphy. Burial took place this afternoon at 1 o'clock in St. Patrick's cemetery, under the direction of Undertakers James P. O'Donnell & Sons.

Joseph Peabody, William H. G. Wight, Edward W. Clark and William J. Waterston. Burial was in the family lot in the Hillside cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertakers Young & Blake.

TURNER—The funeral services of Private Ray C. Turner, a member of E. company, Second Central Ontario Canadian army, was held at the home of his uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Currier, 238 Parker street. The services were conducted by Rev. Ernest A. Trickett, pastor of the Chelmsford Street Baptist church. Appropriate selections were sung by Miss Elizabeth Thorne and Miss Blanche Sennell. The British army was represented by Serg. Healy and L. E. Field of the British recruiting commission. The bearers were Messrs. Bertram, Frank and Herbert Currier and William H. Currier. Burial was in the family lot in Westlawn cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

FUNERAL NOTICES
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Chelmsford. Funeral services will be held at her home, Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

CLUNE—The funeral of Michael J. Clune will take place on Thursday morning at 8 o'clock, from the rooms of Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons. High mass of requiem will be sung at St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock. Burial will take place in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons in charge.

DELUCE—Died in this city Jan. 7, at the home of his mother, Mrs. Peter Rydell, 259 Thorndike street, Fred S. Dudley, aged 37 years. Funeral services will be held at the home, 259 Thorndike street, Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Friends are respectfully invited to attend. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertakers Hiram C. Brown and St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons in charge.

GRIGAN—The funeral of John T. Grigan will take place Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock from the home of his parents, John and Catherine Grigan, 18 Brown street. High mass of requiem will be sung at St. Michael's church at 9 o'clock. Burial will take place in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers Higgins Bros. in charge.

WILLIAMS—The funeral of George Williams will take place on Thursday morning at 8 o'clock from his home, 18 Brown street. High mass of requiem will be sung at the Immaculate Conception church at 9 o'clock. Burial will take place in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers Higgins Bros. in charge.

FLEMING—The funeral service of Frederic J. Fleming will be held at the home of his mother, Mrs. J. Fleming, 230 o'clock at the First Baptist church. Friends invited without further notice. Undertaker Weinbeck will have charge of the funeral.

SPENCER—The funeral of Miss Mary J. Spencer will take place from the home of her parents, Thomas and Mary Spencer, 432 Lincoln street, Wednesday morning at 8:30 o'clock. High mass of requiem will be sung at the Sacred Heart church at nine o'clock. Undertaker J. F. Rogers in charge.

AHERN—The funeral of John Aherne will take place Thursday morning at 8 o'clock from the chapel of James P. O'Donnell & Sons. A funeral mass will be sung at St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers James P. O'Donnell & Sons.

KELLEY—The funeral of Michael J. Kelley will take place Wednesday morning at 2 o'clock from the home of his daughter, Mrs. Charles D. Williams, Varnum avenue. A solemn high funeral mass will be sung at St. Columba's church at 10 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers James P. O'Donnell & Sons in charge.

SCANNON—The funeral of Patrick J. Scannon will take place Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock from his home, 25 North Franklin court. A funeral mass will be sung at St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers James P. O'Donnell & Sons.

WILCOX—The funeral of Margaret E. Wilcox will take place Wednesday afternoon from the home of her parents, Leo P. and Margaret E. Wilcox, 285 Hammond road at 2 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertaker Peter H. Savage in charge of funeral arrangements.

MORRISSEY—The funeral of Johanna Morrissey will take place Wednesday morning from the home of her daughter, Mrs. John Ewing, 125 D street, at 8:15 o'clock. High mass of requiem at St. Margaret's church at 9 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertaker Peter H. Savage in charge of funeral arrangements.

MURPHY—The funeral of Patrick J. Murphy will take place from his late home, 192 Moody street Thursday morning at 8:15. High mass of requiem will be sung at St. Columba's church at 9 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Friends will please omit flowers. Undertaker Peter H. Savage.

WILCOX—The funeral of Margaret E. Wilcox will take place Wednesday afternoon from the home of her parents, Leo P. and Margaret E. Wilcox, 285 Hammond road at 2 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertaker Peter H. Savage in charge of funeral arrangements.

MORRISSEY—The funeral of Johanna Morrissey will take place Wednesday morning from the home of her daughter, Mrs. John Ewing, 125 D street, at 8:15 o'clock. High mass of requiem at St. Margaret's church at 9 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertaker Peter H. Savage in charge of funeral arrangements.

MURPHY—The funeral of Patrick J. Murphy will take place from his late home, 192 Moody street Thursday morning at 8:15. High mass of requiem will be sung at St. Columba's church at 9 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Friends will please omit flowers. Undertaker Peter H. Savage.

WILCOX—The funeral of Margaret E. Wilcox will take place Wednesday afternoon from the home of her parents, Leo P. and Margaret E. Wilcox, 285 Hammond road at 2 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertaker Peter H. Savage in charge of funeral arrangements.

MORRISSEY—The funeral of Johanna Morrissey will take place Wednesday morning from the home of her daughter, Mrs. John Ewing, 125 D street, at 8:15 o'clock. High mass of requiem at St. Margaret's church at 9 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertaker Peter H. Savage in charge of funeral arrangements.

MURPHY—The funeral of Patrick J. Murphy will take place from his late home, 192 Moody street Thursday morning at 8:15. High mass of requiem will be sung at St. Columba's church at 9 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Friends will please omit flowers. Undertaker Peter H. Savage.

WILCOX—The funeral of Margaret E. Wilcox will take place Wednesday afternoon from the home of her parents, Leo P. and Margaret E. Wilcox, 285 Hammond road at 2 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertaker Peter H. Savage in charge of funeral arrangements.

MORRISSEY—The funeral of Johanna Morrissey will take place Wednesday morning from the home of her daughter, Mrs. John Ewing, 125 D street, at 8:15 o'clock. High mass of requiem at St. Margaret's church at 9 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertaker Peter H. Savage in charge of funeral arrangements.

MURPHY—The funeral of Patrick J. Murphy will take place from his late home, 192 Moody street Thursday morning at 8:15. High mass of requiem will be sung at St. Columba's church at 9 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Friends will please omit flowers. Undertaker Peter H. Savage.

WILCOX—The funeral of Margaret E. Wilcox will take place Wednesday afternoon from the home of her parents, Leo P. and Margaret E. Wilcox, 285 Hammond road at 2 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertaker Peter H. Savage in charge of funeral arrangements.

MORRISSEY—The funeral of Johanna Morrissey will take place Wednesday morning from the home of her daughter, Mrs. John Ewing, 125 D street, at 8:15 o'clock. High mass of requiem at St. Margaret's church at 9 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertaker Peter H. Savage in charge of funeral arrangements.

MURPHY—The funeral of Patrick J. Murphy will take place from his late home, 192 Moody street Thursday morning at 8:15. High mass of requiem will be sung at St. Columba's church at 9 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Friends will please omit flowers. Undertaker Peter H. Savage.

WILCOX—The funeral of Margaret E. Wilcox will take place Wednesday afternoon from the home of her parents, Leo P. and Margaret E. Wilcox, 285 Hammond road at 2 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertaker Peter H. Savage in charge of funeral arrangements.

MORRISSEY—The funeral of Johanna Morrissey will take place Wednesday morning from the home of her daughter, Mrs. John Ewing, 125 D street, at 8:15 o'clock. High mass of requiem at St. Margaret's church at 9 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertaker Peter H. Savage in charge of funeral arrangements.

MURPHY—The funeral of Patrick J. Murphy will take place from his late home, 192 Moody street Thursday morning at 8:15. High mass of requiem will be sung at St. Columba's church at 9 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Friends will please omit flowers. Undertaker Peter H. Savage.

street. The services were conducted by Rev. Ernest A. Trickett, pastor of the Chelmsford Street Baptist church. Appropriate selections were sung by Miss Elizabeth Thorne and Miss Blanche Sennell. The British army was represented by Serg. Healy and L. E. Field of the British recruiting commission. The bearers were Messrs. Bertram, Frank and Herbert Currier and William H. Currier. Burial was in the family lot in Westlawn cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

FUNERAL NOTICES
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Chelmsford. Funeral services will be held at her home, Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

CLUNE—The funeral of Michael J. Clune will take place on Thursday morning at 8 o'clock, from the rooms of Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons. High mass of requiem will be sung at St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock. Burial will take place in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons in charge.

DELUCE—Died in this city Jan. 7, at the home of his mother, Mrs. Peter Rydell, 259 Thorndike street, Fred S. Dudley, aged 37 years. Funeral services will be held at the home, 259 Thorndike street, Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Friends are respectfully invited to attend. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertakers Hiram C. Brown and St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons in charge.

GRIGAN—The funeral of John T. Grigan will take place Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock from the home of his parents, John and Catherine Grigan, 18 Brown street. High mass of requiem will be sung at St. Michael's church at 9 o'clock. Burial will take place in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers Higgins Bros. in charge.

WILLIAMS—The funeral of George Williams will take place on Thursday morning at 8 o'clock from his home, 18 Brown street. High mass of requiem will be sung at the Immaculate Conception church at 9 o'clock. Burial will take place in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers Higgins Bros. in charge.

FLEMING—The funeral service of Frederic J. Fleming will be held at the home of his mother, Mrs. J. Fleming, 230 o'clock at the First Baptist church. Friends invited without further notice. Undertaker Weinbeck will have charge of the funeral.

SPENCER—The funeral of Miss Mary J. Spencer will take place from the home of her parents, Thomas and Mary Spencer, 432 Lincoln street, Wednesday morning at 8:30 o'clock. High mass of requiem will be sung at the Sacred Heart church at nine o'clock. Undertaker J. F. Rogers in charge.

AHERN—The funeral of John Aherne will take place Thursday morning at 8 o'clock from the chapel of James P. O'Donnell & Sons. A funeral mass will be sung at St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers James P. O'Donnell & Sons.

KELLEY—The funeral of Michael J. Kelley will take place Wednesday morning at 2 o'clock from the home of his daughter, Mrs. Charles D. Williams, Varnum avenue. A solemn high funeral mass will be sung at St. Columba's church at 10 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers James P. O'Donnell & Sons in charge.

SCANNON—The funeral of Patrick J. Scannon will take place Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock from his home, 25 North Franklin court. A funeral mass will be sung at St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers James P. O'Donnell & Sons.

WILCOX—The funeral of Margaret E. Wilcox will take place Wednesday afternoon from the home of her parents, Leo P. and Margaret E. Wilcox, 285 Hammond road at 2 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertaker Peter H. Savage in charge of funeral arrangements.

MORRISSEY—The funeral of Johanna Morrissey will take place Wednesday morning from the home of her daughter, Mrs. John Ewing,

"XIV.—A general association of nations must be formed under specific covenants for the purpose of affording

She was a member of St. Anne's
Catholic Church, St. Joseph's parish.

DON'T MISS THE RUMMAGE TABLE

20 COATS
15 DRESSES
25 SKIRTSValues to \$18
Choice

\$2

20 DOZEN
BUNGALOW
APRONS—Choice

42c

CHERRY & WEBB

LOWELL'S QUALITY STORE

15 DOZEN HIGH GRADE
WAISTS
Some Soiled.
Values \$2.00, at 62c300 BLACK AND NAVY
SKIRTS
Values to \$3.
Choice \$1.69

January Clearance

COMMENCES THURSDAY MORNING AT 9.30 O'CLOCK SHARP

36 ALL WOOL
SERGE DRESSESGood value at \$12.00—
Wednesday while they last,

\$6.62

Navy, Brown and Green.

A TWICE YEARLY EVENT—A CLEARANCE OF ALL WINTER GARMENTS AT COST AND LESS

Women's and Misses' Coats, Suits, Dresses, Furs, Waists, Skirts, etc.

Our entire stock, nothing reserved, at such prices as come only twice a year. To fully realize what this sale means you should see the garments. Cherry & Webb values are known all over New England. Compare the style and quality with the advertised prices. With winter in full swing this sale offers a wonderful opportunity to buy. NO EXCHANGES. NO REFUNDS. NO GOODS ON APPROVAL. ALL SALES FINAL.

100 SILK
PETTICOATSIn Taffeta Silk Jersey;
some with floral flounce;
\$3 and \$4 values. Choice

\$1.92

\$6.00 and \$7.00 values—
Choice \$3.82

1267 Coats

At Record Prices

Plush, Velour, Burella, Broadcloth, Pom Pom
and Mixtures. Fur, Plush and Kerami Col-
lars.

GROUP 1—Coats that are a big value at this low price.....	\$8.82
GROUP 2—Coats that were great value at regular price.....	\$14.22
GROUP 3—Coats that sold to \$35 in the lot.....	\$17.82
GROUP 4—Pan Velour, high grade qualities, with fur collars.....	\$19.82
GROUP 5—Cream of the stock; some were \$45.00.....	\$24.22



DRESSES

We are sacrificing at this sale the finest
assortment of dresses ever assembled in any
Lowell store. Serge, Satins, Crepe de Chine,
for street, afternoon wear and costumes. A
bewildering assortment.

GROUP 1—Dresses that sold to \$15— January Sale.....	\$9.82
GROUP 2—Dresses that sold at \$18.00 and \$20.00— Many new styles in but 4 days, but they must be marked down.....	\$11.62
GROUP 3—The most exceptional lot of dresses ever sold by us at these prices. Serge, Crepe, Satin and Taffeta Dresses.....	\$14.82

SUITS

In this suit selling 350 fine high grade, made
for Cherry & Webb, balance of cloths made
up in 12 of the season's best styles.

GROUP 1—Many sold at \$18.75. Now.....	\$9.82
GROUP 2—Burellas, Serges and Broadcloth; values to \$25.00.....	\$12.62
GROUP 3—Broadcloth with fur trimmings, silk lining; some were \$30.90.....	\$16.22
GROUP 4—Silverstone, fur collar, broadcloth and high- est grade styles. Sold to \$40. Choice.....	\$19.22

ENTIRE STOCK OF FURS AND FUR COATS

At More Than 25 Per Cent Off

\$50.00 Taupe Sets.....	\$35.00
\$75.00 Red Fox Sets.....	\$50.00
50 Black \$8.00 Muffs, at.....	\$5.00
\$15.00 Natural Raccoon Muffs.....	\$12.00
\$75.00 Muskrat Coats.....	\$55.00

15 Natural Raccoon Coats, 45 inches long, full sweep, \$150 values, at.....	\$122.50
Others reduced from \$200.00, \$135.00, \$150.00 Hudson Seal Coats, trimmed and plain, sold to \$375.00, reduced to	\$95, \$125, \$150, \$175 to \$250

Our Basement Store

Is noted from one end of city to the other for its val-
ues. Extra special at this semi-annual event.

Flannellette Kimonos 82c	Expansion Dresses of gingham and chambray; the newest house dress with elastic belt; will fit figures 36 to 46. Sale price \$1.82	Children's \$4 Serge Dresses, \$2.82
Flannellette Kimonos \$1.32		\$1.25 Sateen Petticoats..... 82c
Crepe Kimonos 82c		\$2 Heatherbloom Petticoats, \$1.22
Crepe Kimonos \$1.12		Children's Teddy Bears..... \$3.92
\$5.00 Raincoats \$3.22		Ladies' Sweaters \$1.59
\$8.00 Raincoats \$5.82		Bungalow Aprons 42c
300 Bathrobes sold to \$7.50, \$1.52, \$2.62 and \$3.82		Children's Fur Muffs..... \$2.42
		Children's Fur Scarfs..... \$2.32
		Angora Seta..... 92c, \$1.22 and \$1.82

SILK POPLIN DRESSES
\$8.00 values.....\$5.62
\$10.00 values.....\$7.62

SKIRTS

\$3.82 AND \$4.62
High Grade Novelty Skirts, made
from goods \$3.75 to \$5.50 per
yard. Choice \$6.62
As You See—Not Cost of
Material Asked.
An extra Skirt is a good buy at
these prices.

WAISTS

1000 Dozen New Waists Bought for the Holiday at Prices That
Will Not Happen Soon Again.
\$2.00 and \$2.50 1.62 | \$3.00 and \$4.00 2.62 | \$5.00 and \$7.50 3.82
EVERY HIGH GRADE WAIST IN THE STORE MARKED DOWN

CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT

This is Carnival time for the Kiddies' Mothers seldom refuse to Save
on Children's Wear.

CHILDREN'S COATS ABOUT HALF PRICE

25 Dozen New Gingham Dresses; \$1.25 value, 82c	35 Dozen New Chambray and Gingham; sizes 6 to 14; \$1.50 value.....\$1.12	25 Coats at.....\$2.22 50 Coats at.....\$3.62 40 Coats at.....\$4.82
--	---	--

Cherry & Webb 12-18 John St. Cherry & Webb

FOURTH LUCKENBACH FIGHT ON RAILROAD LINE SHIP LOST BILL IN CONGRESS

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The American
Steamship Harry Luckenbach has been
torpedoed and sunk with loss of life,
according to word received by the owners
of the vessel yesterday.

Eight of the crew are missing, the
owners were informed. The crew con-
sisted of 39 men, not including the naval
guard.

When last heard from by the owners,
the Harry Luckenbach was in France,
having been requisitioned at a French
port Oct. 15 by Gen. Pershing for use
as a supply vessel under the general
regulation order of the United States
shipping board. It is believed she was
sunk in the English channel.

The vessel was under command of
Capt. M. S. Jones. No information as to
the identity of the eight men re-
ported missing has been received.

The Harry Luckenbach was built in
1881 at West Haverpool, Eng., under the
name of the Surrey, and was also
known as the Michigan before her pur-
chase by the Luckenbach Steamship
line. She was registered at 2739 tons
gross.

Another ship of the same line, the
J. L. Luckenbach, had a four-hour run-
ning fight with a submarine the same
month, but escaped, although a num-
ber of her crew were killed by shell-
fire. The total gross tonnage of the four
ships sunk is 12,567.

DECLINE OF LIBERTY BONDS
NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The steady
decline of liberty bonds has been the
recent feature of the bond market. In
the first hour of today's trading the
3 1/2 per cents which were converted
into 4s, now called the "second 4s,"
fell to the new minimum of 96-23, a
discount of almost 3 1/2 per cent.

ELLIS H. ROBERTS, FORMERLY
TREASURER OF U. S. AND EDITOR
OF UTICA HERALD DEAD
UTICA, N. Y., Jan. 8.—Ellis H.
Roberts, formerly treasurer of the
United States and for many years editor
of the Utica Herald, died at his
home in this city today. He was born
Sept. 30, 1827.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Congress-
ional hearings on the railroad bill
were in full swing today with indica-
tions of certain opposition to the ad-
ministration's plan of indefinite gov-
ernment control of the roads and their
reimbursement on the basis of average
earnings for the past three years.

A resolution seeking to amend the
section calling for indefinite govern-
ment control so as to provide for the
return of the roads to private man-
agement at the close of the war al-
ready has been introduced in the sen-
ate while first criticism of the reim-
bursement plan was made yesterday
by Julius Kruttschnitt at a hearing be-
fore the senate interstate commerce
committee.

The house interstate commerce com-
mittee announced that Interstate Com-
merce Commissioner Anderson would
open its hearing today with an explana-
tion of the administration's bill.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—Distribution to
all parts of the world of President Wil-
son's address to congress today by wire-
less and cable has been arranged for
by the committee on public information.
The sending was to begin at the
president's office here at 8 o'clock
and was received from Washington
that the president had begun to speak.

SPECIAL ELECTION TO
BREAK TRIPLE TIE

At the weekly meeting of the Y.M.C.A.
held Sunday morning a special elec-
tion was held to break the triple tie
resultant from the annual election held
a week ago. Out of the ten candi-
dates three were elected and three
others tied for the two remaining ad-
vances. At a special election Leo Cal-
lahan and Timothy Linchman were
elected. The officers for the coming
year as finally chosen are as follows:
President, John J. Shea; board of di-
rectors, Andrew Doyle, Frank McCar-
lin, Henry Driscoll, Leo Calahan and

Timothy Linchman. The vice president
will be chosen next week after the in-
stallation of the board of directors.
Recently a committee was chosen to
conduct a musical show for the Y.
M.C.A. on the night before Lent. Wil-
liam Cookin was elected director and
with such a man at the helm backed up
by a live committee, the show is
bound to prove a success. Mr. Cookin
is director of the Immigrant Concep-
tion choir and is well versed in musical
affairs. The first rehearsal will be
held next Sunday afternoon and every
member is requested to be present.
The committee in charge of the
show is as follows: Timothy Linch-
man, chairman; Leo Calahan, secre-
tary; Joseph Wedge, Vincent Higgins,
Joseph Boyd, Jr., John Payne, Andrew
Doyle, Thomas Clark and Jas. Chaney.

15 YEAR SENTENCE FOR SOLDIER AT AYER

AYER, Jan. 8.—Nathan Hyatt of
Springfield, a member of the National
army at Camp Devens, today was given
a 15 year sentence in the govern-
ment prison at Fort Jay, N. Y., and
ordered dishonorably discharged for
refusal to perform military duty. The
sentence, the most severe imposed here
by a general court martial, was ap-
proved by the camp commander, and
published as a warning against similar
infractions of discipline.

Hyatt, a private in Company 19, De-
not brigade, was convicted on two
charges. The first alleged that on
Nov. 10, 1916, he refused to obey the
orders of his superior, Second Lieut.
Herbert E. Jacques of Boston, to go
on sentry duty, he refused, saying he
would rather be in the guard house
than on sentry duty. In the same
day it was charged in the other
count, he refused to go on sentry duty
in an attempt to evade duty.

RECEIVER MEETS BAY
STATE CARMEN

BOSTON, Jan. 8.—The fourth
conference to be held between the com-
mittee of the joint conference board
of the Bay State Street Carmen's
union and Receiver Wallace B. Don-
ham will be held this afternoon at
the office of the company on State
street.

ENDICOTT APPOINTS HALIFAX COMMITTEE

HALIFAX, N. S., Jan. 8.—The ap-
pointment of Henry E. Endicott,
chairman of the Massachusetts Hal-
ifax relief committee of a local com-
mittee with authority to deal with all
matters concerning the distribution of
Bay State relief funds, was announced
here today. This action was taken.
Mr. Endicott explained, in order to
bring about the closest possible co-
operation between the people of Mas-
sachusetts, who had responded so
generously to calls for assistance, and
citizens here charged with the work
of carrying out the wishes of the con-
tributors.

G. Fred Pearson, publisher of the
Morning Chronicle and actively as-
sociated with reconstruction work,
was named as chairman of the com-
mittee. Other members are: A. D.
MacRae, secretary; Mrs. G. S. Camp-
bell, Mrs. J. Norwood Duffus, R. T.
MacRae, H. R. Silver and W. R.
Powell.

Mr. Endicott left here for Boston
last night, accompanied by A. C. Rat-
shek, James J. Phelan, Robert Win-
sor and Joseph B. Russell. Citizens
of Halifax took occasion to remind the
delegation of the city's gratitude to
the people of Massachusetts for
prompt relief measures after the dis-
aster on Dec. 6.

SENATE WAR INQUIRY RESUMED TODAY

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The senate
war inquiry committee resumed hear-
ings on the army clothing situation
today with the prospect that this phase of
the investigation would be disposed of
late today or tomorrow. With this
question out of the way the investi-
gators will proceed with examination
of Brigadier General Littell regarding
cantinment construction.

William McKean, a chef in Bath,
while shucking oysters the other day
was surprised to see a bright shiny
\$5 gold piece. The specie was coined
in 1915 and was imbedded between the
flesh and shell.



EARL CADDOCK

FIRST CHAMPION TO JOIN U. S. SERVICE

A few weeks ago a wrestling tour-
nament, advertised for the champion-
ship of the world, was held in New
York. Dozens of wrestlers took part
and it was finally won by Wladis-
law Zhyzko, who promptly annexed the
title.

The man who probably has more
right than any other to claim Frank
Gottsch's title was not entered.
And for a particularly good reason.

champion until Caddock has a chance
to defend the honors he won against
Joe Stecher last summer.

EXEMPTION BOARD OF DIVISION SENT OUT LAST QUESTION- NAIRES TODAY

The exemption board of Division 1
completed today the sending out of
questionnaires, the total number sent
out being 3175. A good many of the
questionnaires were returned because
of the fact that those to whom they
were addressed had moved and that
Julian Keyes stated today that all of
those who do not receive question-
naires by tomorrow should call at the
board's headquarters. As a matter of
fact the board is not obliged to send
questionnaires. The law provides that
all registrants shall call at their re-
spective division headquarters and get
their questionnaires, but the local
boards, intent upon giving a little ex-
tra accommodation to their good ser-
vice, mailed the questionnaires and
those who have not received them
should not fail to call at headquarters
tomorrow.

Division 3 board will complete send-
ing out its questionnaires tomorrow.
The total number in this division is
2200 and today the registrants whose
order numbers were between 3005 and
2167 inclusive received "theirs."

NANNY- NABBERS



THE WAITER WHO
TAKES AWAY YOUR
PIE BEFORE YOU'RE
HALF THROUGH



AMERICANS REPORTED TO BE REDS' CAPTIVES

Reports from Russia say that the Reds have arrested John F. Stevens, former chief engineer of the Panama canal, and other members of the Stevens railroad commission, sent by America to help Russia straighten out railway tangles.

Those are: Stevens; W. L. Darling, chief engineer of the Northern Pacific; Henry Miller, former operating vice president of the Wabash; George Gibbs, former chief mechanical engineer of the Pennsylvania; and J. P. Grenier, chief consulting engineer of the B. & O. This picture of the commissioners was taken when they were en route to Russia.

INTERESTING LETTERS FROM LOWELL SOLDIERS IN THE WAR ZONE

OUR MAIL SERVICE

Of parcels and boxes, we've sent quite a lot. Correctly addressed to the boys "Over There." Do they get lost in transit—or have they yet got to the place with the title "Somewhere?"

What's wrong with the service? It's awfully slack. For there's something disquieting with Uncle Sam's mail—And our postal director requires a good W-N-C-K. If I could but meet him, he'd have cause to wall.

Week in and week out we're expecting to hear From the land of the "Fleur de Lys" (which is France). Then we use these expressions "It's strange" and "It's queer." And we wonder, and look at each other askance.

Our congressman, John Jacob Rogers, has been "Cross the pond"—where our dough-bays are training. There was much in the papers of what he had seen. An account of his visit was most entertaining.

Of your boy and my boy he tells us with pride. And they send by him greetings to parents and friends. He will quickly brush out, now he's back on this side. The cause of our postal neglect, which offends.

We regret not the postage we've paid out, but the cost of things sent, be it little or great. It's the boys' disappointment—that's why we deplore. The U. S. M. service, whose motto is "Wait."

—E. C.

Private Bernard O'Grady
Private Bernard O'Grady, a Lowell boy with Battery F, Lowell's Own, is another soldier "over there" who complains about not receiving letters from home. It would seem that the families with the postal authorities of that part of France in which the battery is located for most of the complaints have come from the boys of the battery and Congressman Rogers in his recent interview in The Sun stated that the battery is in a different part of France, than that occupied by the Lowell boys in the Infantry and Engineer Corps. The fact that the boys are not receiving all the letters sent them from home should cause their friends to write even more frequently in hope that some of them will reach their destination.

Private O'Grady writes an interesting letter to his pal, Mr. John Hogan, of 41 Whipple street, as follows:

Somewhere in France,
Dear Jack: Just a few lines to let you know that I am well and hoping you are the same. I received your letter and was glad to hear from you. We don't receive much mail over here. I have received only one letter from mother and I know she writes once or twice a week. The mail gets lost somewhere. Well Jack, this is some place. I wish you were over here with me. I know you would like it. All it does is rain. Harry is well and has gotten so fat you wouldn't know him. We get plenty of food and



LOWELL BOYS IN BATTERY F—PICTURE TAKEN IN FRANCE

what the Cartridge shop is doing. I am sending you a picture of some of the Lowell boys and myself. Let me know if you receive it. I guess I'll say goodbye, and I hope to see you soon for the people over here where we are think we will be going back to the good old U.S.A. soon. Goodbye, with best wishes for a Happy New Year to all.

Private Bernard O'Grady,
Battery F, 102nd Field Artillery,
American Expeditionary Forces.

Accompanying Private O'Grady's letter was a post card picture of nine Lowell boys, one of whom looks like Harry Cole, formerly of Pace's, but now the Battery cook. Harry is well and able to present French dishes at

Page's upon his return. In the picture he appears to be reading, probably studying up a newly discovered menu.

Engineers at Religious Duties

Jack Donovan writes a brief letter showing that the boys over there are not neglectful of their religious duties while at the front even though not possessed of a regimental chaplain of their own faith, for he writes:

Somewhere in France,
Dear Jim:
Tonight all the Catholic boys of Companies B and C went to confession to Fr. Craven, an English chaplain, who ranks as a major in the British army. We all attend mass in his little chapel in a town near here. He came over to the camp to attend us and he heard confessions in one of the tents and gave communion in our canteen. Tommy Baxter of Lowell acted as altar boy and served the mass. The Catholic boys and many of



Capt. Needham Writes

Mr. Otto Hockmeyer of this city has received the following interesting letter from Capt. Sumner H. Needham of Battery F.

Somewhere in France,
Dec. 7, 1917.

My Dear Mr. Hockmeyer:
We are all well and fast learning to be real soldiers. The men are fairly well quartered and have an excellent mess. Our cooks are doing a fine job, sometimes under difficult conditions. I suppose that you know by now that First Sgt. Currie and Sgt. Berry are second lieutenants and Sgt. Holder and Corp. Converse are in the way of gaining commissions. Sgt. Soule is now first sergeant and Corp. Duncan, formerly of the Y. M. C. A., is my supply sergeant.

We don't need much of anything but a good pair of serviceable gloves for each of the men, preferably for lined, as the weather is getting quite cold here, and the issue gloves could be improved upon. We could also use a Red Cross muffler for each man, and if you can secure them and send them along we will be happy; also cigars and tobacco would be welcome. We especially need the gloves, and tough

GERMAN PRISONERS IN U. S. MAKE TOY SOLDIERS LIKE KATSEBUS OWN

A member of the Prinz Eitel Frederick, prisoner of war at Fort McPherson, Ga., who has spent his idle moments making toy soldiers fashioned after the well known German model, helmet and all. Other prisoners make toy battleships, sailing vessels and miniature cannon.

It's truly astonishing how quickly it acts, penetrating through every passage of the throat and lungs—loosens and raises the phlegm, soothes and heals the inflamed or swollen throat membranes, and gradually but surely the annoying throat tickle and dreaded cough will disappear entirely. Nothing better for bronchitis, sinusitis, croup, whooping cough or bronchial asthma.

Pinex is a special and highly concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, and is known the world over for its prompt healing effect on the throat membranes.

Avoid disappointment by asking your druggist for "2½ ounces of Pinex" with full directions and don't accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction or money promptly refunded, goes with this preparation. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

BRITISH SUBJECTS OF MILITARY AGE

BOSTON, Jan. 5.—British subjects of military age have been flocking to the British and Canadian recruiting stations during the last few days to offer themselves for service in the British and Canadian armies. They are beginning to realize that the time is not far away when they will be compelled to serve in the American, British or Canadian forces.

On Monday 62 men applied for enlistment at the British and Canadian recruiting headquarters at 41 Eron field street, Boston, and as many more are expected every day this week.

Capt. Kenneth D. Marlett, head of the British and Canadian recruiting mission in Massachusetts, has sent a letter to British subjects of military age in the Bay State, plainly outlining the status of British and Canadian obligations. Similar letters have been sent to British subjects in the other states of New England and letters have also been sent to them from the headquarters in New York of the British mission in the United States.

The British and Canadian mission and the United States authorities are co-operating in this drive to round up British subjects who have so far avoided their duty and within a week or two both the American and British authorities will be in possession of complete information as to the physical fitness for military service of every man of British birth in the United States who is within the American, British and Canadian draft ages.

Capt. Marlett's Letter
Capt. Marlett's letter to British subjects reads:

Sir:
Your name has been submitted to the British-Canadian recruiting mission by your local exemption board as having claimed immunity from military service, the basis of your claim being that you are still a British subject. Therefore, on your own admission, your duty is with the imperial or Canadian forces.

A man who claims exemption from the U. S. army on the grounds of foreign birth and yet does not come forward and make application for service with the country whose protection he claims, is merely evading his obligation on a technicality. That these men are being noted by the U. S. authorities is evident from the fact that your name has been submitted to us under instructions from Washington.

What, do you think, after the war, will the status of man of military age and physical fitness who has not made an effort to place his services where they undoubtedly belong? Does it not seem feasible to you that there are going to be two classes after the war is over—the man who did his duty and the man who didn't? It is a question for your own good judgment as to which man is going to have the better standing in the community.

FAVORITE OUTDOOR SPORT ON SHIPS PASSING THROUGH SUBMARINE ZONE

"Good morning! Is my life belt on straight?" said the youthful patriot in the center of the picture to Congressman John P. Miller, of Seattle, Wash., shown at the extreme right. Miller,



ones, as the hands get very cold driving and handling the guns.

Another thing we could use would be a pair of woolen foot warmers for each man. They are usually worn inside of rubber boots, about the shape of a slipper, with no sole, and just coming up to the ankle bone. We have the rubber boots, and they would do much to keep the feet warm and they could be worn also inside of field shoes. I do hope I am not asking for too much, but I have waited until there was a real need.

The men are all contented and willing at all times, and it makes me very happy to say that there is no growling in Battery F. Everything is done with a willingness that at times is wonderful, and we have a record we are well proud of.

I must close with best regards to yourself and any of my friends you may chance to meet. Wishing you a happy New Year, I am,
Yours very truly,
Capt. Sumner H. Needham,
Battery F, 102nd F. A.

one of the congressional party that recently returned from a visit to French battlefields, found that donning the lifebelt is as important a feature of the morning toilet on shipboard in the center of the picture to Congressman John P. Miller, of Seattle, Wash., shown at the extreme right. Miller,

ones, as the hands get very cold driving and handling the guns.

Another thing we could use would be a pair of woolen foot warmers for each man. They are usually worn inside of rubber boots, about the shape of a slipper, with no sole, and just coming up to the ankle bone. We have the rubber boots, and they would do much to keep the feet warm and they could be worn also inside of field shoes. I do hope I am not asking for too much, but I have waited until there was a real need.

The men are all contented and willing at all times, and it makes me very happy to say that there is no growling in Battery F. Everything is done with a willingness that at times is wonderful, and we have a record we are well proud of.

I must close with best regards to yourself and any of my friends you may chance to meet. Wishing you a happy New Year, I am,
Yours very truly,
Capt. Sumner H. Needham,
Battery F, 102nd F. A.

ones, as the hands get very cold driving and handling the guns.

Another thing we could use would be a pair of woolen foot warmers for each man. They are usually worn inside of rubber boots, about the shape of a slipper, with no sole, and just coming up to the ankle bone. We have the rubber boots, and they would do much to keep the feet warm and they could be worn also inside of field shoes. I do hope I am not asking for too much, but I have waited until there was a real need.

The men are all contented and willing at all times, and it makes me very happy to say that there is no growling in Battery F. Everything is done with a willingness that at times is wonderful, and we have a record we are well proud of.

I must close with best regards to yourself and any of my friends you may chance to meet. Wishing you a happy New Year, I am,
Yours very truly,
Capt. Sumner H. Needham,
Battery F, 102nd F. A.

ones, as the hands get very cold driving and handling the guns.

Another thing we could use would be a pair of woolen foot warmers for each man. They are usually worn inside of rubber boots, about the shape of a slipper, with no sole, and just coming up to the ankle bone. We have the rubber boots, and they would do much to keep the feet warm and they could be worn also inside of field shoes. I do hope I am not asking for too much, but I have waited until there was a real need.

The men are all contented and willing at all times, and it makes me very happy to say that there is no growling in Battery F. Everything is done with a willingness that at times is wonderful, and we have a record we are well proud of.

I must close with best regards to yourself and any of my friends you may chance to meet. Wishing you a happy New Year, I am,
Yours very truly,
Capt. Sumner H. Needham,
Battery F, 102nd F. A.

ones, as the hands get very cold driving and handling the guns.

Another thing we could use would be a pair of woolen foot warmers for each man. They are usually worn inside of rubber boots, about the shape of a slipper, with no sole, and just coming up to the ankle bone. We have the rubber boots, and they would do much to keep the feet warm and they could be worn also inside of field shoes. I do hope I am not asking for too much, but I have waited until there was a real need.

The men are all contented and willing at all times, and it makes me very happy to say that there is no growling in Battery F. Everything is done with a willingness that at times is wonderful, and we have a record we are well proud of.

CARING FOR WOUNDED AT A FRENCH TELEPHONE EXCHANGE

This photograph taken during recent fighting in Belgium shows the telephone operators at a French central station made out of a captured German concrete shelter, caring for two wounded poilus who were struck in the legs by shell fragments and missed by the ambulance corps. The Belgian battle front has Atlantic City faded when it comes to board walks. In the foreground is the war variety, laid over shell holes and almost impassable Flanders mud.



it in starting a wireless course for both officers and men.

Lieut. Joseph F. Sullivan of Lynn and Providence, formerly a commercial operator, commenced a business with a squad of artillerymen scoured Boston for equipment. They found men and firms willing to loan them seven sets of antennas, 16 of which were mounted on the barracks roof and sets have been put up in officers' quarters. For Lieuts. George W. Mayo and Day, Kimball of Boston.

Headquarters company of the 302nd and the 301st Supply company have other sets, and day and night there is the busiest wireless exchange. 16 of the boys who are going to be balloon and aeroplane observers for the brigade and 17 men of the 802nd taking the course. They pick up the adjutant's clock, top time and set the adjutant's clock.

After taps Lieut. Sullivan slips back to barracks to the wireless room so that rookies, taking turns in groups of four each night, can listen in on the weather reports. Two audio bulbs have been promised, and then the 303rd expects to get European news. Rest will be easy.

Outside the wireless room the whole squad room was as noisy as a telephone exchange yesterday afternoon. The boys who are going to be balloon and aeroplane observers for the brigade and 17 men of the 802nd taking the course. They pick up the adjutant's clock, top time and set the adjutant's clock.

The wet driving weather kept the 204th infantry off the range yesterday. There was little outdoor work anywhere.

Camp Devens Mustache Club
Connecticut Posters of Co. B, 363rd Machine Gun battalion, have devised the latest messable diversion, a mustache contest.

The company mechanic, George Andrus of Hartford, is far in the lead with a blonde growth. There are 20 other starters. When they come out of quarantine, then they go to a dance and a box of cigars will be awarded the winner in the Mustache club.

The quarantined 17th company of the Depot brigade, Lynn and Salem men, hold noonday and early evening tin-pan band rallies.

One of the 303rd Heavy Artillery companies has an effigy of the Kaiser; the members claim it has the measles, too.

PATRICK CLARK WANTS TO FIGHT FOR UNCLE SAM—WAIVES EXEMPTION

Patrick Clark, a resident of this city, has filed his questionnaire and despite the fact that he has several reasons for claiming exemption, the young man absolutely refused to take advantage of them and he will serve Uncle Sam if called. Mr. Clark is a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and inasmuch as he is a subject of Great Britain and an alien, he works at the United States Cartridge company and could claim exemption on the ground of having dependents. The young man, who is 23 years of age, comes of a fighting family, his father, he has a brother in the 89th New York regiment and another brother with the American expeditionary force in France. He says he does not want to join any other army than that of the United States.

Division headquarters yesterday announced the sentence of 44 more recruits to British subjects of military age in the Bay State, plainly outlining the status of British and Canadian obligations. Similar letters have been sent to British subjects in the other states of New England and letters have also been sent to them from the headquarters in New York of the British mission in the United States.

The British and Canadian mission and the United States authorities are co-operating in this drive to round up British subjects who have so far avoided their duty and within a week or two both the American and British authorities will be in possession of complete information as to the physical fitness for military service of every man of British birth in the United States who is within the American, British and Canadian draft ages.

Capt. Marlett's Letter
Capt. Marlett's letter to British subjects reads:

Sir:
Your name has been submitted to the British-Canadian recruiting mission by your local exemption board as having claimed immunity from military service, the basis of your claim being that you are still a British subject. Therefore, on your own admission, your duty is with the imperial or Canadian forces.

A man who claims exemption from the U. S. army on the grounds of foreign birth and yet does not come forward and make application for service with the country whose protection he claims, is merely evading his obligation on a technicality. That these men are being noted by the U. S. authorities is evident from the fact that your name has been submitted to us under instructions from Washington.

What, do you think, after the war, will the status of man of military age and physical fitness who has not made an effort to place his services where they undoubtedly belong? Does it not seem feasible to you that there are going to be two classes after the war is over—the man who did his duty and the man who didn't? It is a question for your own good judgment as to which man is going to have the better standing in the community.

The opportunity is now presented to you to come forward and take a man's part in a man's war.

Judging by the reports from Washington, friendly aliens will soon be made subject to the draft and, therefore, we earnestly urge that you take this opportunity of voluntary enlistment. No doubt when the draft is made applicable to friendly aliens the first to be called will be those who in the last draft claimed exemption.

Of the 60,000 or more British subjects in the New England states between the ages of 21 and 31 the percentage of men who have come forward is pitifully small. Does this ful-

The customer picked up a knife from the counter and handed it to the butcher with a friendly smile. "I really don't want it," he said, "but if you will cut it off I will take it along with the rest."

"But what did you demand the butcher in blank surprise. "Your hand" was the gentle reply. "You weighed it with the sausage, and I like to get what I pay for."

We employ no such methods at the UNION. Everything is weighed upon visible scales, in the presence of the customer, and we see to it that you get your "pound of flesh" to the tune of exact measure. This system prevails throughout the store.

We mark, and do not put into prices, but the weight—NEVER! Here's a few slashes for today:

Medium Sized Potatoes.....30c pk.
Sugar Cured Smoked Shoulders.....22c
Rib Corned Beef.....12½c
Sliced Liver.....10c
Jonathan Apples.....20c doz.
Florida Oranges.....45c
Fancy Prunes.....3 lbs. for 25c
Tomato Soup.....9c
Pork and Beans (Tomato Sauce).....7c
20 Mule Team Borax Chips.....23c
20 Mule Team Powdered Borax.....12½c
20 Mule Team Borax Soap.....5c
Popular Blend Coffee.....23c
Jungle Chop Tea.....29c
Pure Cocoa.....19c

UNION MARKET

173-185 MIDDLESEX

TEL-4810

FOR ALL DEPTS

FOOT OF SOUTH ST.

SHYLOCK UP-TO-DATE

The customer picked up a knife from the counter and handed it to the butcher with a friendly smile. "I really don't want it," he said, "but if you will cut it off I will take it along with the rest."

"But what did you demand the butcher in blank surprise. "Your hand" was the gentle reply. "You weighed it with the sausage, and I like to get what I pay for."

We employ no such methods at the UNION. Everything is weighed upon visible scales, in the presence of the customer, and we see to it that you get your "pound of flesh" to the tune of exact measure. This system prevails throughout the store.

We mark, and do not put into prices, but the weight—NEVER! Here's a few slashes for today:

Medium Sized Potatoes.....30c pk.
Sugar Cured Smoked Shoulders.....22c
Rib Corned Beef.....12½c
Sliced Liver.....10c
Jonathan Apples.....20c doz.
Florida Oranges.....45c
Fancy Prunes.....3 lbs. for 25c
Tomato Soup.....9c
Pork and Beans (Tomato Sauce).....7c
20 Mule Team Borax Chips.....23c
20 Mule Team Powdered Borax.....12½c
20 Mule Team Borax Soap.....5c
Popular Blend Coffee.....23c
Jungle Chop Tea.....29c
Pure Cocoa.....19c

WOOL REFUSAL "GRAVE BLUNDER," SAYS MARVIN

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Winthrop L. Marvin of Boston, secretary and treasurer of the National Association of Woolen Manufacturers, told the senate military affairs committee yesterday that the failure of the government to accept the offer of the Boston wool dealers last April to turn their entire supply of wool over to the government at the prevailing market price of April 1, 1917, would cost the United States perhaps \$50,000,000 by reason of the advances in prices.

"It has cost the government on fabrics manufactured since \$20,000,000 to \$30,000,000," said Mr. Marvin, "and I regard it as one of the gravest blunders of the war."

"Was it not perfectly apparent that the price of wool would advance sharply with the outbreak of the war?" asked Senator Weeks.

"It was just as certain as that the price of gunpowder would advance," replied Mr. Marvin.

"What reason did the war department give for refusing to take advantage of this patriotic offer?" questioned Senator Weeks.

"I understand Secretary Baker and the quartermaster general held that there was no precedent for the acceptance of such an offer," replied the witness.

The committee was told that the price of wool had advanced 25 to 35 per cent since the offer was made.

Defends Use of Shoddy

The witness defended the National Council of Defense against the charges that it was responsible for the change of specifications which brought shoddy into army clothing.

The wool manufacturers' committee, acting in advisory capacity to the National Council of Defense, assumed entire responsibility for the new specifications permitting a mixture of 35 per cent of shoddy in the wool used in army uniforms, the witness said.

"Prior to the war," said Mr. Marvin, "the specifications called for 75 per cent wool and 25 per cent cotton in army uniforms and clothing. On May 1, 1917, a recommendation of a committee from the National Association of Woolen Manufacturers, the requirement was changed to 50 per cent wool and 50 per cent substitute or overworked wool. That change was made because the

wool manufacturers who made the cloth believed this would be warmer and more comfortable than the mixture of cotton previously used.

"Was this the only reason for the change?" asked the committee.

"No, there was another very important reason. There was an impending famine in the wool market, and the prevailing belief was that wool would be used entirely the available stocks would be exhausted."

When asked if this change was not at a sacrifice of durability, the witness said this was not necessarily true if reworked wool of good quality was used.

When pressed by Senator Chamberlain as to whether there could have been any improper motives that influenced the change of specifications, Mr. Marvin declared that the paramount consideration was to preserve a sufficient wool supply.

Col. Wood Backs Marvin

Col. Wood of reworked wool instead of cotton in army uniforms was endorsed by John P. Wood, of the Engineers Reserve Corps, an ex-president of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers, who said the order was adopted over the opposition of Quartermaster General Sharpe and Charles Eissenman, vice chairman of the Defense Council's supplies committee.

"If it would be a great mistake to impose heavier clothing upon the soldiers while training in this country, and that it would be time enough to make it a permanent experience abroad demonstrated its necessity."

In response to questions by Chairman Chamberlain, Mr. Marvin said it would take six months to get enough all-wool clothing for 1,000,000 men if the order for the use of shoddy should now be revoked. Manufacturers, he said, could not secure enough wool for such an order.

During the hearing the committee received a telegram from F. J. Haggenbach of Salt Lake City, president of the National Wool Growers' association, asserting that the wool shortage "scarcely" has been caused by interests desiring to use shoddy, and that present and future wool supplies are ample to afford sufficient wool to make all-wool army clothing.

The incline toward the Boston & Albany tracks when he slipped. There were no witnesses to the accident. He was found lying on the icy pavement seemingly unconscious.

He was taken to the City hospital, where he was pronounced dead. The physicians found a piece of wire five inches long in one nostril, indicating that he had fallen against the wire fence, which separates the end of Overland street from the railroad tracks.

His body was taken to the mortuary and his mother, Mrs. Henry Lamb of 64 Beacon street, Somerville, was notified.

DR. GARFIELD LIMITS COAL EXPORTS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—America's coal exports this year will be limited strictly to shipments to be used for war purposes and to those necessary in exchange for commodities of military importance, according to an announcement of this policy last night. Fuel Administrator Garfield declared that in no event will exports be permitted to equal in volume those of the year just ended.

The fuel administrator turned over to the war trade board yesterday figures showing the amount of coal the country can spare and asked the board to exercise supervision and to distribute abroad. The amount available for export was not made public. Canada will be exempted from the regulations, and shipments to that country will be left in the hands of the fuel administration.

"In view of the existing coal shortage and the great demand here, American must come first in supplying her industries and households with coal," said Dr. Garfield last night.

The new export policy means that England will be called upon to supply domestic users in France and Italy. Producers desiring to export coal to allied countries must show that shipments are to be used for war purposes and must give to the war trade board the names in every instance of the final consignees.

The arrangement was worked out yesterday at a conference between fuel administration, state department and war trade board officials.

The war board now in control of all exports and imports, will use coal to trade with neutral nations, particularly those in Latin-America, for goods the United States needs in prosecution of the war. British coal shipments to the United States have been used for this purpose for some time.

Prices of export coal, although \$1.25 a ton higher than domestic prices, still are lower here than the prices obtaining in other export countries.

OFFICERS VISIT HOME OF PRO-GERMAN LAWYER

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 8.—Federal officers last night visited the home of Maximilian von Hoegen here, but failed to serve warrants for his arrest because he was not found. Von Hoegen, a lawyer, was mobbed last Saturday night by a posse of citizens angered by his pro-German utterances. It is understood that a thorough search of all of the lawyer's effects was made and his family questioned as to his whereabouts. What was learned was not made known by the federal agents.

ANNUAL EXHIBITION DUE BY O.M.I. CADET'S WILL BE HELD SOON

Preparations are under way for the annual exhibition of the O.M.I. Cadets to be held in the next future and tomorrow evening in the Cadet armory the young soldiers will begin active work on the exhibit. Major Joseph P. Boyd, Jr., wishes as many of the cadets as possible to attend so that the drill may be representative of the entire battalion.

Tonight the Cadet basketball team will meet the Belvidere Five in the High street armory. A week from Saturday the Cadets will play St. John's Prep. school of Danvers.

MIDDLESEX WOMEN'S CLUB

The annual mid-year reception of the Middlesex Women's club was held yesterday afternoon in Colonial hall. The incident attracted a large attendance to a great extent because of who did attend spent an afternoon of enjoyable and informal pleasure. The club was in the receiving line: Mrs. Elsie Powers, president; Mrs. Louise B. Norman, vice president; Mrs. Amelia Sherman, vice president.

WIRE DRIVEN INTO NOSH CAUSES DEATH OF JAMES J. LAMB OF SOMERVILLE

BOSTON, Jan. 8.—James J. Lamb, 25, of 64 Beacon street, Somerville, was killed in a peculiar manner last evening, when he slipped and fell against a wire fence in Overland street, Back Bay. A five-inch piece of wire entered his nostril, either penetrating his brain or causing him to bleed to death.

Lamb was apparently walking down

ident: Mrs. Emma B. Robertson, treasurer; Mrs. Anna L. Marshall and Miss Mary U. Mann served frappe, and the ushers were Miss Esther Elliott, Mrs. A. C. Spaulding, Miss Edith C. Erskine, Miss Adelaide Walsh, Mrs. Roy Lovejoy, Mrs. Gardner Macartney, Miss Marion Clogston, Miss E. E. Wilson, Wright, Mrs. Elmore McPhie, Miss Dorothy Humphrey and Miss Sarah Hobson.

CORN SHOW FEATURE OF PUBLIC MEETING OF STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE

WORCESTER, Jan. 8.—A corn show with special attention to development of varieties adapted to New England conditions was a feature of the Wednesday mid-winter public meeting of the state board of agriculture which opened here today. An unusual number of exhibits was attracted by the addition of new classes and the offering of increased prizes. Among the new prizes was one for ninety-day corn, the desire of the board being to encourage the raising of short season crops which would not suffer from spring and fall frosts that make corn growing hazardous in New England.

FAVOR CHURCH UNION

The members of the First Congregational church held a meeting last evening and again favored a union with other down-town churches of the city. The meeting was presided over by Deacon Chalmers, who was chosen moderator and the reports of the sub-committees were heard. In the course of the meeting it was announced that a meeting of a joint committee consisting of delegates from the First Congregational, First Unitarian, Congregational and Kirk Street Congregational churches will be held in the near future.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS BY CHILDREN OF MARY SODALITY OF ST. LOUIS PARISH

At a recent meeting of the members of the Children of Mary sodality of St. Louis parish the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Miss Isidora Dallaire; first assistant, Miss Yvonne Lafontaine; second assistant, Miss Lucy Maillet; secretary, Miss Eva Dupuis; treasurer, Miss Ida Belleville; councilors, Misses Alida Daigle, Irene Renaud, Apolline Lemay and Adrienne Deschenes. The chaplain is the pastor of the parish, Rev. J. B. Labossiere.

W. C. A. CLASSES

Mrs. Elsie Powers Corwin opened her beginners' class in dramatic art at the W. C. A. last evening at 7 o'clock. The advanced class met at 8 o'clock. This course includes voice cul-

ture, gesture and literary interpretation and is given in 10 lessons with a recital.

Miss Edith Price of the Lowell Guild gave the first lesson in home nursing last evening at 7 o'clock. This course comprises instruction in hygiene, sanitation, care of the sick, etc. It continues for 15 weeks and is given every Monday evening from 7.30 to 9.

JOLLY GLEE CLUB

A well attended and enjoyable dancing party was held at Associate hall last night, the occasion being the annual gathering of the Jolly Glee club, which is composed of popular young men of this city. The Miner-Doyle orchestra furnished music for dancing and the success of the affair was due to the zealous work of the following efficient officials: General manager, John Foudy; assistant, James H. Nickerson; floor director, Thomas H. Kenney; assistant floor director, Henry J. Kelley; and treasurer, J. Donald O'Grady.

CHURCH SERVICE FLAG

A service flag containing between 300 and 400 stars will soon be displayed from St. Jean Baptiste church corner of Merrimack street for dancing and the success of the affair was due to the zealous work of the following efficient officials: General manager, John Foudy; assistant, James H. Nickerson; floor director, Thomas H. Kenney; assistant floor director, Henry J. Kelley; and treasurer, J. Donald O'Grady.

MISCELLANEOUS SHOWER

A miscellaneous shower was held last night in honor of Miss Ora Bibeault at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Bibeault, 110 Ford street. About forty of her friends called and presented her a chest of Rogers 1847 silver, linen and innumerable other useful gifts.

A musical and literary program was carried out and refreshments served. Later all departed after wishing the bride to be happiness and prosperity. The home was prettily decorated with palms, Japanese lanterns, greenery and streamers of crepe paper.

Miss Bibeault is to be married to Mr. Albert Vignat, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ambrose Vignat of Merrimack street tomorrow morning at a nuptial mass which will be celebrated at St. Joseph's rectory at 7 o'clock by Rev. Louis Bachand, O.M.I.

What is believed to be the record yield for corn in Illinois is that made on the John Brown farm south of Cambridge. Production will range from 115 to 120 bushels to the acre.

FREDERIC J. FLEMINGS DIED SUDDENLY

The many friends and business acquaintances of former Alderman Frederic J. Flemings were shocked to learn of his sudden death last evening, which occurred on the 8.30 o'clock train from Boston to Lowell, as he was returning to his home.



FREDERIC J. FLEMINGS

From a meeting of the Boston Baptist Social union held in Ford hall, Boston, during the afternoon.

Mr. Flemings was one of a party of 30 members of the First Baptist church of this city, who had attended the meeting at which their pastor, Rev. A. C. Archibald, had made the principal address.

While the party was proceeding to take the train Mr. Flemings apparently was in the best of health and

spirits and walked briskly to the station. About 10 minutes after the train had started he suddenly showed signs of distress and his son, James F. Flemings and his son-in-law, Frank E. Dobson, sprang to his assistance and with the other local men did all in their power to relieve him. A request for a physician was made but there was none on the train.

The train was stopped at Winchester with the idea of removing him to a hospital but at that time life had flown and the train proceeded rapidly through the city and was heard with expressions of sorrow and regret for Mr. Flemings was widely known and well beloved, and universally respected by his many business acquaintances.

Frederic J. Flemings was born in Tewksbury and was 65 years of age. He was educated in the schools of his native town and at the Howe school of Billerica. Early in life he left his father's farm and coming to Lowell started in the paper and printing business in which by close application and efficient methods he was eminently successful. In 1895 he listened to the importunities of his friends and became a candidate for alderman during the administration of the late Mayor William J. Courtney. He served two terms as alderman with credit and distinction, being chairman of the board for one term, and then retired from politics. He was a member and one of the most active workers of the First Baptist church. For many years he was a teacher in the Sunday school and chairman of the board of assessors of the society.

Mr. Flemings was a charter member of Centralville lodge, I.O.O.F. He was also a member of Pilgrim Encampment, a member of Kiwanis lodge, A. F. and A. M. of Mount Hope R. A. Chapter, Amherst county, and of the Scottish Rite bodies, including the Massachusetts Consistory. He was also a director of the Appleton National bank, vice president of the Cushman Paper Co. in Maine, past president of the New England Paper Jobs association. He had been for many years a trustee in the Middlesex North Agricultural society and a leader in the direction of his business affairs.

Mr. Flemings' place of business was in Perry street, and his home was in High street. He was survived by his wife, four sons, John of Sharon, Mass., George

of Elizabeth, N. J., Harry of Chelmsford and James of this city; four daughters, Mrs. J. W. Myers, Mrs. Frank E. Dobson, Mrs. William Conant and Miss Alice Flemings; and several grandchildren, Walter Myers, William, Jessie and Edward Conant, Dorothy, Elizabeth, Barbara, Priscilla, Harriet, Evelyn, Frederic, Arthur and George Flemings.

ILLINOIS CAMPER GIRLS ACTIVE

There are 34,000 Camper girls in the state of Illinois and the new war program which they have recently issued has had the approval of President Wilson. The girls have achieved important practical results in knitting woollen comforts for the soldiers, the wool having been supplied mainly by the Red Cross and the finished garments returned to that source.

The Camper Girls of Chicago have contributed between \$300 to \$1000 for Red Cross work within recent months. The Chicago girls are divided into three groups, and each group is caring for a Belgian family for five years.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

The annual meeting of Central council, A.O.H., was held yesterday afternoon, and the following officers elected: President, John Kenney of Division 2; vice president, James O'Sullivan, Division 1; treasurer, Thomas Dorsey, Division 3; recording secretary, John Barrett, Division 3; Junior, Hugh J. McGowan, Division 3. The chairman of the St. Patrick's day committee being ill, and the secretary at a training camp in Georgia, the president will call a meeting of this committee to be held the last Sunday in January.

BOLSHEVIKI OFFERS WHEAT SHIPPED FROM AMERICA TO NORWAY

LONDON, Jan. 8.—The Bolsheviki government, The Times says it understands, is offering to Norway the wheat stored on the Murman coast and shipped from America for use in Petrograd. It says that as the offer is made at a time when Petrograd and Finland are both said to be on the verge of starvation and the Finns are appealing to Sweden, the United States and Great Britain to send wheat, it would seem to have been made at the instigation of Germany, which wishes to pose as a friend of Norway.

Germany itself is offering wheat to Holland and the Scandinavian countries. It is added, although the only supplies available for exportation are those in Belgium and other occupied territories and the food of prisoners.

CONSOLIDATING COMMISSIONS

Special to The Sun.

STATE HOUSE, Boston, Jan. 8.—Governor McCall's policy of consolidating commissions has worked out successfully in the first instance tried at his suggestion. This is shown by the report of the commission on waterways and public lands made public today, indicating a saving of \$18,000 for the commonwealth in the first year of the existence of the new commission. The new organization represents a consolidation of the directors of the port, waterways and the harbor and land commission.

The waterways commission has been able to make such a financial record, which its directors believe is without parallel in the history of departmental government in this state, by increasing the earnings of the department \$45,203 over what was earned by the two commissions that it succeeded by reducing the expenses \$39,199.

The cost of maintaining the waterways commission in the past year was \$135,842 as against \$225,533 which was required to maintain the harbor and land commission and the directors of the port of Boston. The total earnings of the waterways commission in 1917 were \$251,253 in contrast to earnings of \$145,050 by the two old commissions in 1916.

With the definite policy of wartime economy established until peace is declared, only such expenditures in the development of waterways in Massachusetts as are absolutely necessary to meet the actual demands of the times will be made in the ensuing year, according to the announcement made by the commission.

Considerable new work on harbors and rivers which would be justified under normal conditions has been delayed until a more opportune time both on account of the existence of the war and the high cost of materials and the shortage of labor, associated with carrying out construction work, which the existence of the national war emergency has brought about, the commission says.

The comprehensive program for river and harbor development which the commission formulated has been temporarily side-tracked. Regarding development of the three principal rivers of the state, the Connecticut, the Merrimack and the Taunton, the commission says it has made surveys and reports regarding each which show clearly the possibilities, needs and advantages to be derived by improvements, but there is need also of a better understanding of incidental costs, which as yet have not been fully worked out.

"Expenditures which will be involved in constructing railroad connections and terminal facilities along the Merrimack river," the commission says, "after the improvement of the channel there is completed so that actual service may come to this people directly interested, will be the subject of a special investigation. The commission further says that it is particularly necessary that the people of the Merrimack valley should know the facts associated with the big improvement plans for the Merrimack river which they are advocating." HOTT.

BREAKING UP NATIONAL GUARD A SEVERE BLOW

BOSTON, Jan. 8.—A statement "that methods adopted by the war department in drafting National Guard troops into federal service have been disapproved by officers and men is given prominence in the annual report of Adj. Gen. Jesse P. Stevens, made public today. Declaring that breaking up of National Guard organizations was a very severe blow, he says: "The war department has been unable to understand that the very strength of a military organization is in its pride in its traditions."

The report shows that the state has given 61,623 men to the military service of the nation in addition to those called in the draft.

WIRE DRIVEN INTO NOSH CAUSES DEATH OF JAMES J. LAMB OF SOMERVILLE

BOSTON, Jan. 8.—James J. Lamb, 25, of 64 Beacon street, Somerville, was killed in a peculiar manner last evening, when he slipped and fell against a wire fence in Overland street, Back Bay. A five-inch piece of wire entered his nostril, either penetrating his brain or causing him to bleed to death.

Lamb was apparently walking down

Get Rid of That Bad Back!



Urinary disorders may give further proof. Don't neglect it! Though easily corrected at first, delay may run you into gravel, dropsy, crippling rheumatism or dangerous Bright's disease. Get a box of Doan's Kidney Pills today. They have helped thousands. They should help you.

Lowell People Tell You How:

LAWRENCE STREET	WILSON STREET	WALKER STREET
J. D. Finnegan, city fireman, 822 Lawrence st., says: "I have nothing but the highest praise for Doan's Kidney Pills, for they helped me a whole lot. I had lumbago and my back was sore and lame. When I stooped, it was hard for me to straighten up. The lumbago caused me to suffer a great deal and I was miserable. My kidneys acted irregularly. Doan's Kidney Pills made my back strong and well and I felt like a different person. My kidneys were soon in good condition, too."	Mrs. J. Seavey, 17 Wilson st., says: "My kidneys annoyed me a great deal and as one of the family had used Doan's Kidney Pills with fine results, I tried them. Doan's proved very good and rid me of all that trouble. My experience with them is proof that they are good and I can recommend them to anyone." (Statement given July 13, 1915.) On May 4, 1917, Mrs. Seavey said: "I use Doan's Kidney Pills now whenever I have any sign of kidney trouble. They have never failed me. I know there is no better medicine for kidney trouble."	C. C. Thompson, blacksmith, 748 Walker st., says: "My work is awfully hard on the kidneys and I have had dull pains across my kidneys. At times when I have taken cold, my kidneys have acted irregularly and have caused me a lot of trouble. Doan's Kidney Pills have soon relieved that trouble and at my age of 76, I can work at my trade every day and never know what it is to be tired. I use Doan's Kidney Pills occasionally and they keep my kidneys in good condition."
CENTRAL STREET	C STREET	BELLEVUE STREET
Mrs. Mary J. Coughlin, 348 Central st., says: "Doan's Kidney Pills are a reliable medicine and I know from using them that they are worthy of endorsement. My kidneys troubled me so that I could hardly do my housework. I had no energy and often had to sit down and rest. My back ached all the time and my kidneys acted irregularly. I bought Doan's Kidney Pills and they helped me wonderfully. My back didn't trouble me any more."	H. H. McDonald, railroad brakeman, 57 C street, says: "My kidneys became weakened by the jarring and jolting of the cars. I had attacks of backache that lasted for several days at a time. I was sore and lame and it was hard for me to bend or stoop. My kidneys acted irregularly. I got Doan's Kidney Pills from the Burkinshaw Drug Co. and they soon had my back well and strong again. I was free from all signs of kidney trouble."	Mrs. L. G. Gifford, 28 Bellevue St., says: "I suffered from backache brought on by disordered kidneys. I was all worn out and had rheumatic pains caused by lying in a damp house. Spasms haunted before my sight. The way my kidneys acted caused me a lot of distress. I took Doan's Kidney Pills and they gave me much relief." (Statement given April 9, 1915.) AGAIN PRAISES DOAN'S On May 4, 1917, Mrs. Gifford said: "I gladly repeat all that I have said recommending Doan's Kidney Pills. They are fine and have helped me a great deal."

Doan's Kidney Pills

Every Druggist has Doan's, 60c a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Manufacturing Chemists, Buffalo, N. Y.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor
SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for publication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

THE MAYOR'S SUGGESTIONS

In his inaugural address Mayor Thompson made some excellent points, one of the chief being an appeal for local co-operation for the better interests of the city and for the subordination of all work that can be postponed in order that the people of the city may render the utmost service in helping to win the war. His urgency of economy and conservation, of course, is timely and to the point. That is the duty of city officials at all times, but this policy must be carried to greater extremes this year than ever before on account of the numerous demands of the war upon the resources of the people.

The advice to avoid any construction work requiring steel should be followed as far as possible inasmuch as the country needs all the steel it can get for building ships and other purposes.

In view of the amount of money recently paid out for damage claims of one kind or another, it is no wonder that His Honor adverted to this as one of the things requiring reform.

As to the water department, when he says that it should be self-supporting with its present income, he voices public sentiment on the matter although the commissioner in charge claims that a radical increase in water rates is necessary.

The mayor's suggestion that a fixed percentage of the tax levy be set apart for the use of the school department is a plan of financing schools that works well in other cities. It should receive careful consideration.

It is our earnest hope that Mayor Thompson will be successful in carrying out his ideas and suggestions for better city government. There is certainly much room for improvement; but we can see but little hope of better conditions if the trio that attempted to run the government last year continues along the same lines. The character that places such power in the hands of three men is radically wrong. We have had ample proof of that. The mess which these men have made of matters in their attempt to remove officials from office without sufficient cause or in a manner which the supreme court overruled, has involved unnecessary expense while bringing unsavory notoriety upon our city. If the commissioners who have been responsible for this business will only co-operate with the new mayor in promoting the interests of the city, there may be some improvement in the methods of transacting the city's business and something more to show for the money expended.

MAKING MILLIONAIRES

Despite the war, or perhaps as a result of the war, there has been an addition of 7923 new millionaires to the income tax rolls for last year. This information appears in the recent report of the internal revenue commissioner. Senator Simmons says there will be no revenue legislation this year. Although the southern senator may have considerable influence with the administration, there is no reason to believe that he speaks for President Wilson or even for the democrats in congress. In his war message of April 2 the president made this statement:

"It is our duty, I most respectfully urge, to protect our people so far as we may against the very serious hardships and evils which would be produced by vast loans."

To attain this end more legislation may be necessary in order to reach big incomes and war profits in a way not yet authorized by any act of congress. It transpired at the hearing before the senate committee investigating the shipping board, that the department of labor in settling the shipbuilders' strike on the Pacific coast granted an increase of 50 per cent to cover the increase in the cost of living in 1917. That shows how much the dollar has shrunk in a year due in part to the large loans. But regardless of the cause, if this shrinkage of the dollar continues the result will be very serious to the people. Wages very seldom keep pace with this form of depreciation. However can fix the price of sugar and of wheat but it is even more important that some government authority shall fix or stabilize the value of the dollar so far as that may be possible.

WAR SITUATION CLARIFIED

The crux of the Russian matter, today, is that the Bolsheviks thought they were dealing with Germany and found themselves dealing with the German autocracy. That's all, and it was to have been expected.

Prussian militarism naturally demanded Poland, Lithuania, Courland, etc., as "buffer" territory and, naturally, was determined to hold and fortify Livau, Riga and other parts as guarantee. Knowing itself well, German autocracy isn't trusting without security, so simple and irresponsible an element as the Bolsheviks, and the latter could not furnish the security without total risk of their own necks.

The break in the Brest-Litovsk negotiations ought to have some effects favorable to the entente interests. The socialists of Germany can now see that autocracy's talk about no annexation and no indemnities was all bluff. All Russia ought to be able to see that, if Russia is to save vast parts of her territory, Russia must fight, or at least, put up such a bluff at it that Germany cannot strip the eastern front of her

WARRIORS. And pacifists all over the world must admit that, if Russia cannot make a separate peace, her attempts at general peace are mere vaudeville.

The Brest-Litovsk affair, in its present status, is a good thing, in that it once again, more clearly than ever, demonstrates the fact that the world's business is strictly the overthrow of German autocracy.

PATRIOTISM ABOVE POLITICS

An example of patriotic political action has been given by the democrats of the Eighth senatorial district of Wisconsin.

With the opening of the war last spring, a Milwaukee socialist who represented the district in the legislature, made speeches so disloyal that he was expelled from the senate, only three members voting in the negative. In order to ensure the election of a loyal candidate to succeed him the democrats joined the republicans in support of the republican nominee. The victory was decisive and the manner in which it was secured offers a salutary lesson to political parties in other parts of the country. It is time to put patriotism above politics.

CAUSING A WOOL FAMINE

With regard to the knitting of sweaters, the women are keeping up the work without interruption, despite the high price of yarn and the difficulty of getting the right kind. It appears, however, that in many cases machine-made sweaters just as good could be bought for much less money. As the knitting craze put up the price of sugar and helped to bring on the famine, so this home knitting craze will drive the price of wool still higher and reduce to a very great extent the quantity of wool that can be put in the cloth made for army blankets and soldiers' uniforms.

REPUBLICAN DEMANDS

The republican party of this nation is determined not to let the democrats get a major portion of the glory of running the war. The serious part of the business has not yet arrived and it might be just as well to share with them the responsibility for what may occur. There will be great sacrifices and great losses on the part of the United States if the war lasts into the fall of 1918. Already many republicans are holding prominent places but the discredited politicians are out in the cold.

THE DRAFT LAW DECISION

Nobody, of course, expected that the United States supreme court would find the anarchists in their effort to punch holes in the constitution by condemning the draft law. The slackers and alien enemies are finding it daily more difficult to justify their opposition to the course of the government in conducting the war.

SHOULD MAKE A MILLION FOR HIM

Cincinnati Man Discovers Drug That Loosens Corns So They Lift Out.

Local druggists are having a tremendous call for freezone, the drug which is said to shrivel corns, root and all, without any pain.

A few drops applied directly upon a tender, aching corn relieves the soreness at once, and shortly the entire corn, root and all, lifts right out with the fingers.

This new drug is being dispensed at small cost in quarter ounce bottles, which is sufficient to take off every hard or soft corn from one's feet. It is a sticky substance which dries at once, and does not inflame or even irritate the surrounding tissue or skin. There is no excuse for anyone twining death by infection or lockjaw from cutting their corns now.

UMBRELLAS

REPAIRED AND RE-COVERED

Phone and We Will Call

SARRE BROS.

520 MERRIMACK ST.

NEWS

Perhaps you didn't know that we have an expert razor sharpener that devotes his entire time to this work and nothing else.

You can have old style razors to a safety and each one is tested properly, so that none leaves our store that is not absolutely right.

PRICE, 35c

HOWARD The Druggist,

197 Central St.

SEEN AND HEARD

Hoyle has nothing in his well known rule book as to which is the right side of a pancake.

Or which is the other side of a fence, or how big is a piece of paper, or how many is a bunch.

The dogs of Hixbra are gifted with laziness. When happy, they let the wind wag their tails for them.

The darkest shadows of life are those which a man himself makes when he stands in his own light.

"Officer," said the lady much above the usual avoidances, "could you see across the street?" "Madam, I could see you half a block!"—Judge.

A St. Louis marvel has invented a match with a four-fold purpose. It can be used first for a match, second for a toothpick; third, to take the place of a missing suspender button; fourth, as a pipe cleaner.

Some men who flirt with the booze while there's a dollar left in the kick are selfish enough to complain if their wives refuse to sympathize with them in the cold gray dawn of the morning after.

While the fool Miller is abroad, seeking whom he might mark as his next victim, let him pay particular attention to the fellow who loses a rubber on the way to the car and doesn't miss it till he gets to the office.

Always Unselfish

The life work of Farmer Millsap's

TRY THIS FOR A COLD—IT'S FINE!

"Pape's Cold Compound" Ends Severe Colds or Grippe in Few Hours

You can end grippe and break up a severe cold either in head, chest, body or limbs, by taking a dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" every two hours until three doses are taken.

It promptly opens clogged-up nostrils and air passages in the head, stops nasty discharge or nose running, relieves sick headache, dizziness, feverishness, sore throat, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffling. Ease your throbbing head—nothing else in the world gives such prompt relief as "Pape's Cold Compound," which costs only a few cents at any drug store. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, and causes no inconvenience. Be sure you get the genuine.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

A handy Calcium compound that safeguards against chronic lung and throat troubles. A tonic-restorative prepared without harmful or habit-forming drugs. Try them today.

50 cents a box, including war tax

For sale by all Druggists

Eckman's Laboratory, Philadelphia

HIS HEART BADLY AFFECTED

"Fruit-a-lives" Soon Relieved This Dangerous Condition

632 GERRARD ST. EAST, TORONTO.

"For two years, I was a victim of Acute Indigestion and Gas In The Stomach. It afterwards attacked my Heart and I had pains all over my body, so that I could hardly move around. I tried all kinds of Medicine but none of them did me any good. At last, I decided to try 'Fruit-a-lives'. I bought the first box last June, and now I am well, after using only three boxes. I recommend 'Fruit-a-lives' to anyone suffering from indigestion."

FRED J. CAVEEN.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c.

At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ogdensburg, N.Y.

wife was over; like a head of wheat fully ripe she was about to be gathered in by the grim harvester. "Obadiah," she said, in a feeble voice, as the end drew near peacefully and painlessly, "you have been a good husband to me."

"I have tried to be, Lucindy," replied Farmer Millsap.

"You have laid yourself out to make things easy and comfortable-like for me."

"I have always tried to do my best, Lucindy."

"Obadiah," she went on, "we've lived together 55 years, hasn't we?"

"We have."

"And ever since we were married you've eaten all the bread crusts, hasn't you?"

"I don't deny it, Lucindy. I have."

"You've eat the bread crusts for 55 years, so's I wouldn't have to eat 'em, hasn't you, Obadiah?"

"Obadiah," said Farmer Millsap's

ECKMAN'S

Calcerbs

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

A handy Calcium compound that safeguards against chronic lung and throat troubles. A tonic-restorative prepared without harmful or habit-forming drugs. Try them today.

50 cents a box, including war tax

For sale by all Druggists

Eckman's Laboratory, Philadelphia

Lowell, Tuesday, Jan. 8, 1918

A. G. Pollard Co.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

Come Today for the Clearance Sales in Books, Infants' Wear, Ribbons and Fancy Work.

The Greatest Values of the Year in Their Several Lines Are Marked by the Orange Cards.

Special Announcement of Excellent Underprices Now of Interest in Our Underprice Basement.

Dry Goods Section

SAMPLE BED SPREADS—About 150 bed spreads, for single and double bed, square cut corners, fringe and scallops, crocheted and satin finish, slightly soiled, at 25 per cent. discount; \$1.50 to \$7.00 value, at.....\$1.00 to \$4.00 Each

TOWELS—About 40 dozen towels, drummers' samples, slightly soiled, huck and Turkish, in all sizes, at 25 per cent. discount; 20c to 75c value, from.....12 1/2c to 39c

Ready-to-Wear Section

QUILTED JACKET—Ladies' quilted jackets, black and white, with sleeves; \$2.00 value, at.....\$1.00 Each

QUILTED VEST—Ladies' quilted vest, white and black; \$1.00 value, at.....50c Each

BLANKETING VEST—Ladies' vests, made of heavy blanketing, in large assortment of patterns; 50c value, at.....39c Each

Men's Furnishing Section

MEN'S WOOL SWEATERS—Men's heavy knit wool sweaters, in brown and gray, regular \$3.00 value, at.....\$2.00 Each

BASEMENT

wife, after a pause, "It was very kind of you. And now you've mind my telling you one thing, will you?"

"No. What is it, Lucindy?"

"Obadiah, there was a world of self-satisfaction in her voice. She always was fond of crusts."—Ed-Bits.

Brace Up and Forget It

When you have a feeling that "something is going to happen," go right off it as soon as you can. Go take a walk. If you cannot do that, wash your face in cold water, the colder the better; get a good book or call on some of your friends; get up and shake yourself some way and start over again. There are some people who worry every idle hour they have, thinking of the misadventures which may never come. They are trouble frequently enough in actual experience. Why make yourself miserable till you have reason? Trouble in the future seems great through perspective, for imagination is a wonderful magnifying glass. When the circumstance confronts us the reality is usually insignificant. Try for confidence in yourself. Meet and overcome all your fears. If you do not believe in yourself, no one else will. Encourage this line of thought, or, better yet, go ahead on the assumption that everything is going to turn out all right, and you will find difficulties will fade away like mist in the sunlight. Do not forget that you are God's child, and nothing is too good for him or his kingdom. You cannot fail, no matter what happens.

Itymes for Straphangers

For several months President Shonts has been visiting busily, making exhorting passengers not to cross their legs and to avoid various ways of being killed or maimed. Now he has dropped into verse, rose imposed limitations that hampered the flow of his fancy. With Mother Goose as a model he has struck a sublime note.

Some street railway presidents find enough to do to make \$100,000 or so a year. They look after the finances of their corporations, keep on bad terms with the public and perform other incidental duties. Time hangs heavy on President Shonts' hands unless he discovers something more to occupy his leisure. When the public service commission has shut up shop and his day's work is over he tosses off a jingle like this:

Little Jack Horner stands on the corner

To show off to Billy and Burt.

He simply will not

Wait for street cars to stop.

And some day he'll get badly hurt.

Or when the straphangers are rushing home, packed in a hermetically sealed car, he goes without his dinner to console them with this:

So, girls, you must remember to copy

Betsy White—

Face forward with your right foot

And you'll be always right.

The booklet of lyrics produced by President Shonts for distribution by the New York Railways company as a Yuletide offering of good cheer lacks one thing. The around little verses from his pen should be set to music.

May we not hope that before long he will compose a series of simple melodies to which they may be sung by the "Dear Children" to whom they are addressed by their distinguished author? Then his name will be forever enshrined in the loving hearts of a people of this city and the memories of Father Shonts and Mother Goose will be inseparable.—New York World.

By Berton Braley

You see, it's this way

I've got several things I

Want to do today, and besides

I'm too lazy to put any thoughts

Into rhyme

(That requires a certain amount of brain work and energy)

And I don't feel energetic)

So

I'm going to see if I can't slip

This free verse dope

Over on the editor in place

Of real stuff that's worth money.

If I get by with that stunt

I can go join the boys

At the Kelly pool game

And tell 'em how easy

It is to be a poet.

That's the only excuse I have for

This free verse proposition.

And at that it's a better excuse

Than the regular free verse poets

have.

Stong.

Note.—We have had some great stuff from our friend, Berton Braley, but it seems that he met a rebuff that has knocked him quite silly. We have read all his verse with the greatest eagerness, but since he drops to verse libre, he must need a vacation.—Editor.

HONOR RIBBONS FOR WOUNDED

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—American officers and enlisted men who are wounded in this war are to wear—for the first time in the history of our armies—ribbons of honor which will indicate that they have shed their blood for their country. Orders have just been issued that these ribbons are to be worn on the right breast, and are to be one and a half inches long and three-eighths inches wide, the length to be divided into equal sections of red, white and blue. The soldier is to wear one ribbon for each date upon which he receives a wound.

All the foreign armies designate wounded men by stripes or similar marks, usually worn upon the sleeve.

These new American ribbons are but one designation among a large number that have been ordered on account of the great broadening of the American armies to meet conditions of the present war. A description of all the markings is given in the current number of the Army and Navy Journal. Among the new regulations as to uniforms and insignia are the following:

Aviators—To wear two silver embroidered wings on a blue background, the wings three inches from tip to tip, with a shield between, surmounted by five-pointed star, with the letters "U. S." in gold thread embroidered beneath.

Junior Aviators—The same, except for the star.

Observers—To wear a single wing, with the letter "O."

Aeronauts—Two wings with a halloin between them and the gold letters "A."

Army Field Clerks and Field Clerks of Quartermaster's Corps—Same uniform as officers, but minus all insignia of rank, and a hat cord of silver and black intermixed.

Postal Agents attached to Units in the Field—Same as field clerks, but with brassard bearing words "Postal, U. S."

Bank Service—A link one inch high.

LOWELL TEACHERS' ORGANIZATION

Regular monthly meeting, Wednesday, Jan. 9, 8 p. m., Memorial hall, Spenser. Brig. Gen. William Weigel of Camp Devens.

Keep Your Feet Dry

Preserve your health, save paying a doctor.

MEN'S GUARANTEED NO. 1 RUBBERS

Storm Rubbers, Eversticks. All fresh goods, \$1.25

MEN'S DULL FINISH

Pure Gum Rubbers, will outwear any other rubbers sold.....\$1.50 and \$1.75

MEN'S OVERSHOES

Fine Jersey tops, fresh goods, one to four buckles.....\$1.75 to \$3.50

MEN'S HEAVY

Tan Calf Shoes, as near waterproof as leather can be made, two full viscolized soles, lined with heavy waterproof canvas.....\$8.00

BOYS' RUBBERS

But only the good kind, made from fresh live rubber, no seconds or shoddy sold in our store. These guaranteed fresh rubbers....60c to \$1.15

BOYS' STORM BOOTS—Special Values

Made from heavy oil tanned grain leather, high cut, bellows tongue, two straps, viscolized soles, \$2.85 and \$3.50

Putnam & Son Co.

166 CENTRAL STREET.

with number of regiment below.

"Interpreters" Corps—The letters "INT" inclosed in a wreath one inch high.

Artillery—Crossed cannons with "AA" in upper angle.

Trench Mortar—Crossed cannons with "TM."

Machine Gunners—Crossed rifles with "MG."

Ammunition Trainmen—The letter "A."

Intelligence Police—The letters "IP."

Dental Corps—A bronze caduceus, one inch high, with the letter "D" superimposed upon the center.

Veterinary Corps—The same with "V."

Ambulance Service—With "A."

Sanitary Service—With "S."

Chemical Service—Crossed retorts within a ring.

The orders prescribe a badge which may be worn by those who took part in any of the Mexican campaigns. This consists of a brimless disc, 1 1/4 inches in diameter, showing a Mexican yucca plant with mountains in the background. Above the plant are the words "Mexican Service."

The latest orders announce, also, that short mackinaw coats, or similar garments, will be issued to all drivers of motor trucks, motor cars, motor ambulances or motorcycles, in lieu of the olive-drab long coat.

SEC. BAKER BROADENS GOETHALS' POWERS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Reorganization of the war department, begun with the creation last month of the war council of high general officers, advanced a step further yesterday, with the appointment by Secretary Baker of Major General George W. Goethals, acting quartermaster general, to serve also as director of war department transportation and storage.

Wide economies in the use of cars and in shipping charges are expected from this centralization in one agency of functions heretofore exercised by five departmental bureaus independently.

Behind the announcement stands the probability that army purchasing also will be drawn together under a central control. Steps to this end are under

consideration, but legislation may be required to carry it out.

The question of finding a man for the job, however, already has been taken up. Some officers think the duty should be placed under the general staff, but others believe a separate office should be created, to be filled by a civilian, of national reputation for business ability. It is virtually certain, however, that should a civilian be appointed he would be commissioned a general officer and made subject to all army law.

General Goethals, as acting quartermaster general, directs the supply, subsistence and pay departments of the army, supplemented by the embarkation and other services already established in his office, each with a general officer in charge. Under today's order he, in addition, supervises transportation and storage already established in the department, and will deal with the director of the railroads, the shipping board or any other centralized agency for transportation or storage, presenting complete schedules of cars and tonnage needed and working out routing and storage so as to get the most efficient use of the nation's facilities.

Secretary Baker said yesterday he had not heard that war department shipments were tying up thousands of freight cars, owing to the congestion of railroads and terminals, and that under Director McAdoo's recent order, the department faced demurrage charges of \$1 a day per car. No added, however, that the department "should take pot luck with the whole country" on the demurrage question and be compelled to unload at once any cars it was using for storage purposes.

LODGES' SECRETARY RESIGNS

John B. Dufault of Worcester and well known in this city, who for the past nine years has held the position of private secretary to Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, has tendered his resignation and returned to his home city, where he will enjoy a well earned rest.

Mr. Dufault counts a host of friends in this city, for at one time he was secretary of the Franco-American Republican club of Massachusetts, of which Rep. Henry Acheson of this city is president. Mr. Dufault's resignation went into effect at the close of the last senatorial session and it was with regret that he left his post in the senatorial office.

SUSPICIOUS FIRE OVER CARTRIDGES

Fourth Mysterious Fire In 10 Days In Big Boston Hardware Store

Many Firemen Injured—Three Alarms—Loss \$50,000—Investigation Ordered

BOSTON, Jan. 8.—For the fourth time in ten days the wholesale hardware firm of Bigelow & Dowse company, 239 Franklin street, was visited by fire late yesterday afternoon, but unlike the previous fires, which were extinguished in their incipency by the firm's fire-fighting force, yesterday's fire was beyond control when discovered and it required all the city apparatus, summoned by an automatic alarm and three bell alarms, to subdue it.

The damage by fire was estimated at \$50,000, but the loss will be swelled by the volumes of water that cascaded from the seat of the fire on the fifth, or top floor, to the basement.

Two tons of cartridges and small-arm ammunition were stored in a fire-

proof room in the cellar. Firemen feared another conflagration in the building such as that of 15 years ago, when \$250,000 loss was sustained and exploding cartridges endangered the lives of the fire-fighters.

Investigation Ordered
Because of the rapidity with which the fire spread, and because of the previous three fires, which were investigated by Chief Thayer, Chief McDonough last night ordered a thorough investigation into yesterday's fire. After the second fire, suspicion was directed toward one of the employees of the concern and he was discharged. The automatic alarm was instantly followed by a bell alarm immediately upon his arrival. While the extra apparatus was responding another alarm was turned in from Foster's wharf, in the North End, and, but for the fear of disorganizing the entire fire department by sounding six alarms for the downtown section, a fourth alarm would have been sounded for the Bigelow & Dowse fire.

The fire was one of the most stubborn the firemen have had to contend with for a long time, as the building is one of the older type in Boston, a wholesale district. The firemen were hampered by the narrow stairs leading to the top of the building and the excessive smoke. The fire, which was confined almost entirely to the fifth floor, had undoubtedly been smoldering for some time. Although employees of the company attempted to extinguish it with hand extinguishers soon after its discovery, the blaze rapidly gained headway, even after the arrival of the first pieces of fire apparatus. Excavations in Franklin street hampered the firemen in placing their apparatus and next difficulty for the downtown section in procuring water from the frozen hydrants.

Third Alarm Sounded
Upon the arrival of Chief McDonough, flames were leaping from the top windows on the Franklin street side of the building and he immediately ordered a third alarm sounded, skipping the second. This brought all the apparatus that was needed. Water towers 1 and 4 were placed in Franklin street, directly in front of the building, and Tower 2 in Wendell street in the rear; Ladders 17 and 18 were raised in Franklin and Wendell streets respectively, and soon a deluge of water was being directed into the seething mass of smoke, step-ladders, sleds, paper files and other material stored on the top floor.

Breaking out at 4.45 p. m., the fire, which emitted dense volumes of smoke, attracted crowds of people. Some of the employees of the company, the Bigelow & Dowse Co., including about a score of girls. These were all at work in the offices on the first and second floors. At the first alarm they fled from the building, some not waiting to secure their wraps, and sought refuge in adjoining establishments. Few, however, lost any clothing, as the male employees on the upper floors taught up the girls' clothing, as they, too, rushed out of the building.

Walter Kendall, a clerk, was at work on the top floor when he discovered the fire. It was burning heavily among the shelves on the Franklin street front. Although Kendall summoned help and attempted to fight the fire with extinguishers, the smoke and flames drove the employees back, and finally to the street. Henry Roche of 229 Dudley street, Roxbury, a 17-year-old employee, was at work on the fourth floor, devoted to cutlery and tools, with three others. After the first excitement had subsided fears were entertained for his safety, but he turned up all right.

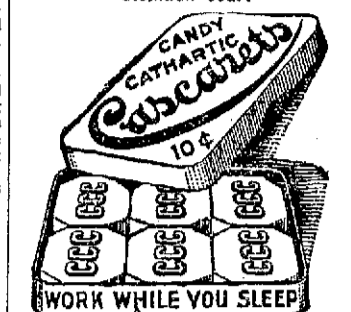
Score Overcome By Smoke
Because of the peculiar character of the goods stored on the fifth floor, the fire was hard to fight. Streams of water poured into the blaze from front and rear had little apparent effect, for nearly an hour, but finally, by venting the roof and lower floors, the firemen were enabled to fight the fire from the top and inside with good success.

A score of firemen were affected by smoke. Capt. James Ryan of Engine 25 was overcome by smoke and illuminated gas and sent to the Relief Station. Lieut. George B. Dwyer of Engine 4 and Hoseman Edward Locke of the same company had similar experi-

BEST FOR LIVER, BOWELS, STOMACH, HEADACHE, COLDS

They lighten the liver and bowels and straighten you right up.

Don't be bilious, constipated, sick, with breath bad and stomach sour.



WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Tonight sure! Take Cascarets and enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced. Wake up with your head clear, stomach sweet, breath right and feeling fine. Get rid of sick headache, biliousness, constipation, furred tongue, sour stomach, bad colds. Clear your skin, brighten your eyes, quicken your step and feel like doing a full day's work. Cascarets are better than salts, pills or calomel because they don't shock the liver or gripe the bowels or cause inconvenience all the next day.

Mothers should give cross, sick, bilious, feverish children a whole Cascaret anytime as they can not injure the thirty feet of tender bowels.

Hoseman Shanley of Engine 25 was slightly injured when a hot-air explosion threw him down a flight of stairs. P. J. Mulane of Protective 1 was also overcome. Dist. Chief Caulfield of the Mason street headquarters and Lieut. George Carney of Engine 25 were also overcome by illuminating gas, they maintained and were treated by Dr. Edward P. Gookin of the fire department in nearby doorways. They afterward returned to duty, as did several other men treated by Dr. Gookin.

Other firemen overcome by smoke were Hoseman Thomas F. Wren of Engine 25, and Hoseman Paul J. Howard of Engine 25-29. Both were treated at the Relief Station.

Hoseman Theodore B. Cressey of Engine 28-30 also was treated at the Relief hospital for smoke sickness.

ONE OUT OF EVERY 250 IN STATE IS INSANE

Special to The Sun.

STATE HOUSE, Boston, Jan. 8.—One person out of every 250 in the state of Massachusetts is insane. This statement, based on careful investigation, is made by the state commission on mental diseases in a report issued today.

Dr. George M. Kline, chairman of the commission, one of the signers of the report, declares that there are in the state under observation in private and public sanitariums, 15,918 persons. In addition, there are 1212 persons who are temporarily absent from institutions, and a considerable number of others in the community who had been previously discharged or had never appeared in institutions for the insane.

The figures in the statement are for the year 1916 and show an increase of

302 insane persons over the preceding year. First cases of insanity appeared in public institutions in 1830, when 1133 of 3188, compared with 3147 the previous year. The increase in new cases was 38. Of all the commitments of the insane, more than 77 per cent. appeared for the first time in any institution for the insane.

One insane person came under care for the first time from among 1133 of the estimated population of the state, compared with 1173 of the previous year. The nativity of such persons does not differ materially from the percentages of previous years. Exclusive of about 1-2 per cent, whose birthplaces were unknown, 10 per cent. were born in Massachusetts; 43 per cent. in New England; 56 per cent. in the United States and 41 per cent. in foreign countries.

The age of 55 or more had been reached by 29 per cent, when admitted for hospital treatment, by 17 per cent. when insanity began. The average age on admission was 43 years. It is shown, further, that the country districts furnish relatively fewer cases of insanity than the more populous centers. The cities or towns of over 10,000 inhabitants comprise 80 per cent. of the total population and country districts only 20 per cent., whereas 81 per cent. of the insane commitments were made from the former and 19 per cent. from the latter.

Causes for insanity are given as follows: Heredity, 17 per cent.; alcoholic, 16 per cent.; intemperance alone, 12 per cent.; senility, 11 per cent.; coarse brain lesions in 11 per cent. and syphilis in 10 per cent. These five causes were operative in 74 per cent. of the year's first cases of insanity. The results of treatment at institutions under either direct or indirect supervision of the commission on mental diseases show that 444 recovered during the period, 473 were improved, 446 did not improve, and 126 were shown not to be insane. The recovery rate for the whole state was 1 per cent. of commitments. HOYT.

USE WOOD AND SHAKE OFF COAL DEPENDENCY

State Forester Frank W. Rane contends that, with proper handling of wood fuel, using the material that is readily available and which should be harvested from the forests, Massachusetts could shake off her dependency upon coal.

"Wood is the natural fuel of Massachusetts," he says. "Why should we disregard so valuable a birthright? It is not only our patriotic duty to use fire wood for fuel at this time in order to give way for the coal so much needed in our industries and hard to get, but even of greater fundamental importance to us as an economic people it is unutterably and absolutely wrong for us not to utilize the millions of cords of wood that is actually standing on the hills and mountain sides and in our valleys, in fact, actually going to waste, and which would be our lifeblood and unscientific awakening."

"Why should people be freezing in our cities and towns this winter while wood is actually rotting and wasting all over our state within their very grasp?"

"Why should we wish for coal to keep us warm when the wood that should be cut for the better improvement of our woods and forests, if nothing else should be available? There are thousands of cords of fallen and standing dead and dry wood waiting to be converted into fuel. Massachusetts this winter, which, if not utilized, will become a forest-fire menace to our state later on, probably costing us no one knows how much in conflagrations, not taking into account the utter desolation and waste they leave behind them."

"With our natural reservoir of natural fuel going to waste while we are spending our energies and bawling the fact that we are going to freeze this winter, it is a nothing short of lack of foresight and dependence upon the great Provider who has placed at our bidding plenty in store for our use, if we cannot see it and will not use it, simply because we would rather be warmed by some other substance, then let us freeze. This, in substance, is nothing short of our real attitude at the present hour."

"The state forester's department has been active in advocating and aiding our people in forest utilization for years, and at least 20,000 cords have been made available outside of the ordinary channels through this work, but this is not enough. We need a wide open campaign of greater accomplishments. While the state offers assistance in the way of advice through the state forester's department, this does not pay the laboring man who will chop wood."

"If we can get the national or state fuel administrator, or some other authority, to determine upon what the minimum price will be for standard grades of cordwood at shipping points on the cars, and then secondly, organize some method of financing wood cutting operations, retaining a lien upon the product until it is sold, there is no question but that something of real accomplishment could be done."

"Why not go further and commandeer that wood should be used more generally if it is for the best interest and good of our section of the country. This is not a time for guesswork, but for the cold realities of a real situation that should be dealt with at once. It is ridiculous to be compelled to pay \$17 or more for cordwood in one locality, and half of that amount in another. Many look upon wood as a luxury, when it should be as natural a home product and as common use as any of our agricultural crops. It is an actual fact that farmers and those living in the country have consumed this year in their coal supply for fuel at distances of fifteen miles from market when wood could have been had almost for the chopping on their own lands. Why transport coal from Pennsylvania and other coal fields and block traffic and use freight cars for accomplishing what, nothing but a great economic waste."

"We have talked conservation for years, but talk is cheap. Not many years ago our railroads used cordwood in their engines here in Massachusetts, and if the truth were actually known, even steam could be generated in many boilers in manufacturing plants scattered throughout New England, that could be generated from wood."

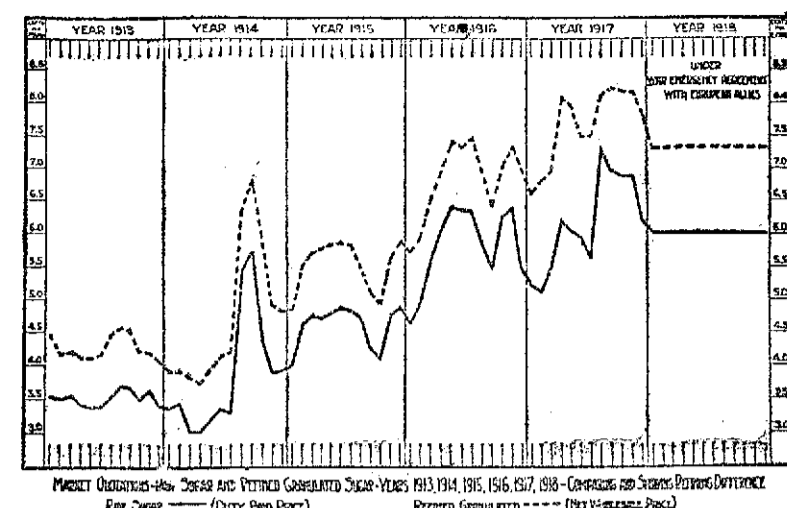
It may entail many simple though easily wrought out ideas to show how wood can be used in furnaces and stoves as well as hearth fires. The writer has given a great deal of attention to the subject and has discussed it months ago with our authorities, but even yet, he feels we are slumbering while we should be wide-awake on the whole proposition."

CONGRESSMAN SHIN INJURED
WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Representative Thetis W. Shin of Tennessee, chairman of the house interstate commerce committee, suffered severe injuries about the shoulder when he fell on an icy pavement near the Capitol yesterday. Physicians believe that either his arm or shoulder was broken.

EXAMINATIONS FOR CANDIDATES FOR COMMISSIONS IN MOTOR MECHANICS REGIMENT

BOSTON, Jan. 8.—Examinations were begun here today for candidates for commissions as officers of the motor mechanics regiment, now being organized for service abroad. The examinations are being held by a board of signal corps officers and will continue for three days.

Why You Are Not Paying 30 Cents for Sugar



In April 1917 the cables told of a plan proposed by Herbert C. Hoover, then in London, which he described as "a plan by which the Allies can consolidate under one head the whole purchasing of food staples from our market, and not only will competitive bidding be abolished, but by co-operative buying on our side we can arrange the proper balance between the rights of producers and consumers."

This plan was favorably received by the sugar refining industry, which had been on a war basis almost from the beginning of the European War.

The war had brought the Allies into the Cuban market, resulting in severe domestic and international competition with no increased supplies. Naturally prices of refined sugar, both to the American public and to the Allies, rose under this forced draft.

Domestic sugar refiners, since the outbreak of the European War not only have safeguarded the United States supply but have maintained the lowest sugar prices in the world.

This brilliant record is due largely to the fact that sugar refining is in the hands of large business units, with an excess of refining capacity sufficient to supply all domestic needs, and so far all demands of foreign countries.

In the spring of 1917 there was a serious attempt at the disorganization of the sugar refining industry, following a long series of attempts at destruction of sugar ships.

Accompanying these incidents were widely circulated sensational reports predicting a sugar famine and sugar shortage, causing widespread apprehension.

At that time, even with the assurance of ample supplies on hand, retail sugar prices rose in some sections to 20 and 25 cents a pound.

The efforts of the American Sugar Refining Company to allay public alarm, to check hoarding, to accept a price less than that which it could easily have secured, and to distribute its product fairly and evenly among the trade, were of real public service.

While there were great supplies of sugar in far-away Java which ordinarily would have gone to Europe, yet the necessity for saving ships became so great that Europe turned to Cuba for even larger supplies than previously.

It takes a cargo ship 150 days to make a round trip between England and Java, while a round trip between England and Cuba can be made in 50 days.

Under these circumstances and seemingly to avoid paying proposed United States war taxes on refined sugar the European Allies purchased in Cuba the sugar which ordinarily would have come to the United States in the fall months.

These conditions, and especially the necessity of saving ships,

In war time and at all times it is our aim to safeguard the interests of the public we serve.

American Sugar Refining Company

"Sweeten it with Domino"

Granulated, Tablet, Powdered, Confectioners, Brown

RED BLOODED MEN FIGHTERS

THEY RULE THE WORLD

Red blooded men are born leaders in every walk of life and fight intelligently with both brain and muscles. They are always live, wired, smiling and full of ginger; keen, alert on their toes and ready for anything that comes their way. Work is a pleasure and they land on top every time.

You will not find a strong, successful man or woman trying to plug along with poor health or weak nerves. They know better, they are wise and see to it that their blood has plenty of good fresh iron and their nerves at all times loaded with Phosphates—the nerve food.

A leading doctor says, "Show me a strong, healthy, successful man or woman and you can bank on it every time, their bodies are just loaded with Iron and Phosphates." Another prominent physician says, "There is no need of anyone going through life sickly, miserable, played out, fagged and nervous when Phosphated Iron will always put energy and vigor in the body, mind and nerves." This same doctor also said, "With the system loaded with Phosphated Iron you can fight life's battle at any stage of the game and be a winner at every turn."

Mr. Run Down Man or woman in any stage of life, if you feel all in, your nerves are all shot, and life seems like one continual drag and drudgery from day to day, get next to yourself, wake up, take a brace, lay in a supply of Phosphated Iron and take a new lease on life. You will once again feel like a live one and face the world with the smile that wins. Are you game?

To insure physicians and their patients receiving the genuine Phosphated Iron, it has been put up in capsules only, so do not allow dealers to give you tablets or pills. Insist on capsules.

Fred Howard, 199 Central St., Lowell Pharmacy, 632 Merrimack St., and leading druggists everywhere.

What Every Housewife Should Know About Coffee

FRESH coffee, fragrant in the cup, never came from coffee that was ground long before you bought it.

The minute coffee is ground the strength and flavor are released and deterioration begins. That's why La Touraine is never ground until you order it.

"Food will win the war—don't waste it."

La Touraine

The Freshly Ground Coffee



All the goodness of this rich blend is preserved for you—it is sealed in the plump ripe coffee beans. None of the quality is lost through long standing in bags or cans. Try La Touraine—today.

W. S. Quinby Company
Boston—Chicago

The dealer in Quinby products is worthy of your confidence. He is reliable and up-to-date. He believes in quality goods and fair dealing.

Sold only in the La Touraine bag
35c a pound—all grocers

GERMAN FIELD MARSHAL THREATENS TO RESIGN

Russia apparently will continue peace negotiations with the central powers at Brest-Litovsk. A Berlin dispatch received in Copenhagen says that Russian representatives arrived at Brest-Litovsk Monday and that the negotiations were to be reopened yesterday afternoon. Foreign Minister Trotsky accompanied the delegation.

Official confirmation of this report is lacking, but probability is lent to it by the fact that neither Russia nor the central powers have declared officially that the peace negotiations have been broken off definitely. Germany suspended the negotiations temporarily late last week because it could not meet the Russian request that the conference be transferred to Stockholm.

Rindenburg May Resign

The political crisis in Germany brought about over the annexation policy of the government is most serious according to reports from neutral capitals. It is reported that Gen. von Ludendorff, as leader of the militarist group, threatened the resignation of himself and Field Marshal von Hindenburg should the government continue to support Foreign Secretary von Tschammer's peace plans. The German social democrats have adopted a resolution asking for the resignation of the government and the recognition of the democratic principle of right of self-determination in occupied territories only can bring a lasting peace.

War Aims Bring Better Feeling

In London it is felt that the central powers will be compelled to make full answer to Premier Lloyd George's statement of war aims which apparently has brought about better feeling in Great Britain. President Wilson and Premier Clemenceau have congratulated the British leader on his statement. German newspapers in their comment on the statement have expressed the sincerity of the British premier's words.

Artillery Duels in West

Intense artillery duels continue on the western front but the Germans have carried out only two raids—one southeast of Ypres and the other north-

GERMAN RULES PRESS

Censor's Warnings Fall Into Hands of U. S.—Deceive Own People and Enemies

Papers Warned America's Army of 100,000 Men Is Bluff

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Evidence of the care the German government is taking to direct public opinion and to deceive not only its enemies but its own people, is contained in a series of secret instructions issued to the German press by the censorship, which have fallen into the hands of the state department. These instructions cover a period of less than three months of last year, but they tell a complete story of how the Teutonic war lords control public opinion.

Owners of newspapers and publishers generally not only are limited as to the character of the articles printed, but in many cases are told what they should publish and in what terms. Labor disturbances, food shortages and difficulties in securing and distributing coal, are placed under the ban, but newspapers are urged to give prominence to enemy losses and to certain prescribed interpretations of international situations.

The instructions of the censorship of the authorities in punishing infractions of orders is contained in one notice in which attention is called to the fact that the press must not be allowed to seek out and to bring to ruthless punishment originators and communicators of untrue military, political, financial and economic reports. "If this order is violated," it says, "the Berlin view of the preparations for war in the United States by a paragraph of an order dated June 6 last, it says:

"While the news about America's war preparations, such as the organization and outfitting of an army, is of interest to the German people, the French-English press is locked upon in that form, as 'bluff,' the spreading of which may unfavorably affect the opinion of the German people. The fact must not be overlooked on the other hand, that the United States, with the support of its capacity for material and industrial management, is able to keep its war machine supplied with energy and tenacity. The war preparations in America are, therefore, as was intimated in the reichstag at the time, not to be taken seriously, without on that account being made a source of worry."

America's Task 'Impossible'

Another, dated June 9, says: "Pettit Parisien informs us that the American divisions, numbering 125,000 men, have been ordered to leave the autumn of 1917. It is urgently requested not to reproduce this information without some comment. We do not wish to see the United States of America to accomplish things, but not on the other hand, overestimate it. 'In order to bring a division over from America 75,000 tons must be taken trip after trip. From the mere fact of lack of space, the transportation of such a body of troops within certain fixed time limits is impossible. It is impossible to train these troops properly by autumn. These facts, which have recently been discussed in the German war news cannot be too strongly emphasized in the discussion of that French news."

Silence About Russia

The Russian situation is mentioned a few times, one memorandum on June 5 carrying a warning that "reports about the Russian situation for a time on the Russian front may neither be published nor discussed."

Another about the same time said: "One of the future issues it might be mentioned that the present situation in Russia has the appearance of being caused by the efforts with the view to her (Russia's) continuing for a time the Russian situation. The participation by the Americans, however, that will be remains to be seen. It is of no consequence to set forth the opinion that a new offensive will appear in the place as amounting to a conviction."

Rourke and Lepine Still Holding the Fort

Purchasing Agent Maxine Lepine and City Treasurer Fred H. Rourke have not yet received official notification from the supreme court to the effect that Edward H. Foye and Andrew C. Stiles had been ordered to resign from the respective offices of purchasing agent and city treasurer, and until they do so they will remain in office.

When city hall opened this morning, Mr. Foye reported at the office of the purchasing agent and demanded the keys of the office from Mr. Lepine, but the latter informed Mr. Foye that he would not leave the office until officially notified to do so by the court. Then the "two purchasing agents" entered into a friendly conversation and were having a very friendly chat when visited by The Sun reporter.

When asked who was purchasing agent, Mr. Foye replied: "I am, Mr. Lepine was also asked the same question and he said: 'I am.' Then Mr. Lepine said there was no trouble in the office and as soon as he was notified by the court he would turn everything over to Mr. Foye."

Mr. Rourke arrived at city hall shortly before 10 o'clock, and at that time Mr. Stiles had not put in an appearance. It was reported yesterday afternoon that Mr. Rourke would resign in order to avoid the supreme court's notice, but the rumor was denied by Mr. Rourke this morning. Friends of Mr. Stiles aver that he will resign as soon as the present holder of the office has been notified by the court of the reinstatement of Mr. Stiles.

BANK MEETING ADJOURNS

Owing to the sudden death of Mr. Frederic J. Fleming, for many years a director of the Appleton National bank, the annual meeting of the shareholders held today was adjourned without action to Tuesday, Jan. 15, at 11 a. m.

Gas Fixtures, Globes, Mantles, Etc.

Welch Bros. Co.
73 MIDDLE STREET

Bright, Sears & Co.
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE
Bankers and Brokers
SECOND FLOOR

THE STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—Industrials, motors, oils, and related specialties were prominent features of the early trading in today's stock market, advancing from 10 to 20 points. Rails, copper and shipbuilding also were moderately higher, the entire list indicating a revival of speculative interest for the long account. Trading was broad, with many individual transactions, especially in United States Steel and other leaders. Liberty bonds were firmer.

After a brief pause occasioned by a red-tape delay, the market gathered fresh strength. The further rise accompanied the announcement that the president would again address congress on international matters. Rails, copper and shipbuilding advanced, with striking advances were made by a few specialties, American Tobacco gaining 14 points and Texas Co. 6 1/2. Liberty bonds advanced 1/2 to 3/8, the converted 3 1/2-20 or second 45s the new minimum of 95 1/2 to 95 3/8. A more general reaction occurred in the afternoon, the market falling to lowest quotations of the day. The closing was heavy, Liberty 3 1/2-20 at 95 3/8, the first at 97 1/2 to 97 3/8, and the second at 96 1/2 to 96 3/8.

Cotton Futures

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—Cotton futures closed steady and January, 21.75; March, 21.50; May, 21.25; July, 21.00; September, 20.75; October, 20.50.

Prices closed steady, January, 21.75; March, 21.50; May, 21.25; July, 21.00; September, 20.75; October, 20.50.

New York Clearings

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—Exchanges, \$704,111,091; balances, \$61,755,238.

Money Market

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—Money market, 5 1/2 to 6. Sterling, 60-day bills, 4 1/2 to 4 3/4; commercial 60-day bills, 4 1/2 to 4 3/4; demand, 4 1/2 to 4 3/4; cables, 4 1/2 to 4 3/4. Gold, 100 to 101. Silver, 100 to 101. Treasury notes, 100 to 101. Bonds, 100 to 101.

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Chino	42 1/2	42	42
Copper Range	47 1/2	46 1/2	46 1/2
Daily West	3 1/2	3 1/4	3 1/4
Daily West	3 1/2	3 1/4	3 1/4
Franklin	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4
Granby	7 1/2	7 1/4	7 1/4
Greene Cananea	35 1/2	35 1/4	35 1/4
Hammond	47 1/2	46 1/2	46 1/2
Inspiration	47 1/2	46 1/2	46 1/2
Isle Royale	25 1/2	25 1/4	25 1/4
Kerr Lake	15 1/2	15 1/4	15 1/4
Lake	2 1/2	2 1/4	2 1/4
Mayflower	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/4
Miami	31 1/2	31 1/4	31 1/4
Nobles	15 1/2	15 1/4	15 1/4
Nevada	15 1/2	15 1/4	15 1/4
New Idria	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/4
Nipissing	8 1/2	8 1/4	8 1/4
North Lake	60 1/2	60 1/4	60 1/4
Old Dominion	43 1/2	43 1/4	43 1/4
Osgood	60 1/2	60 1/4	60 1/4
Quincy	71 1/2	71 1/4	71 1/4
Ray Con	25 1/2	25 1/4	25 1/4
Santa Fe	80 1/2	80 1/4	80 1/4
Shannon	57 1/2	57 1/4	57 1/4
St. Mary	51 1/2	51 1/4	51 1/4
Superior	31 1/2	31 1/4	31 1/4
Superior & Boston	3 1/2	3 1/4	3 1/4
Trinity	3 1/2	3 1/4	3 1/4
Tulahoma	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/4
Utah Smelting	41 1/2	41 1/4	41 1/4
Utah Apex	2 1/2	2 1/4	2 1/4
Utah Cons	11 1/2	11 1/4	11 1/4
Wolverine	35 1/2	35 1/4	35 1/4

TO MOBILIZE THREE MILLION WORKERS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Mobilization of 3,000,000 workers for agriculture, shipbuilding and war contract plants was entrusted yesterday to the United States employment service by the department of labor.

Tremendous expansion of the service is in progress in preparation for recruiting men necessary to carry on the economic work in support of the military forces in the war.

Solution of the labor shortage problem by this means is confidently promised by the department and the co-operating labor organizations in answer to suggestions that conscription of labor is necessary.

One early result is expected to be the placing of 400,000 mechanics in shipbuilding plants to aid in hurrying to completion the merchant marine program.

John B. Densmore of Montana, solicitor for the department of labor, will be national director of the employment service by appointment of Secretary Wilson. He will have as his assistants Robert Watson, of Massachusetts, and Charles T. Clayton, of Maryland. Samuel J. Gompers, of New York, son of the labor leader, will succeed Mr. Watson as the department's chief clerk.

WANT TO INCREASE COMMODITY RATES

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Fifteen per cent. increase in commodity rates was sought in an application filed with the interstate commerce commission today by eastern trunk line railroads operating in connection with steamship companies from Boston, New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore to Washington, Richmond, Norfolk, Newport News and other Virginia points. Diners Point, Md., and other points south of these gateways.

LOWELL BOSTON COLLEGE STUDENTS TO HOLD ANNUAL DANCING PARTY

Lowell-Boston college students are looking forward eagerly to tomorrow evening when they will hold their second annual dancing party at the associate hall. A final meeting of the committee in charge was held at Boston college yesterday and plans were perfected. The members of the Lowell Boston College club will appear in dress suit although the affair will not be considered formal for that reason. President Thomas E. Payne is general manager of the affair.



Read About the Hour Sales for Wednesday Morning

8 TO 9 O'CLOCK	
15c Pure Red Currant Jelly, just the spread for the kid, jar.	10c
9 TO 10 O'CLOCK	
12c White River Rice (1 lb. pkg.)	8c
Nothing finer is produced.	
10 TO 11 O'CLOCK	
45c Spring Lamb Chops, lb.	29c
Eat Chops at this price.	
11 TO 12 O'CLOCK	
49c Ceylon Tea, lb.	38c
Less than the wholesale price.	
The Food Administration Advises You to Eat WHITING, the new flaky, tasty fish, 3 lbs.	
25c	

Merrimack Square

BIGGER PRINTING BILL FOR WAR DEPARTMENT

Special to The Sun
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 8.—The war department estimates that it will take ten times as much money (the coming year for printing, as it ordinarily expends for that purpose in times of peace. The department asks for three million dollars for printing the coming year.

The government printing office expects to use one hundred million pounds of paper costing about four million dollars.

The increase due to the war is shown by the fact that in normal years the public printer has required only 28,000,000 pounds of all classes of paper, while for the coming year his estimate for book paper alone exceeds that total.

One way of effecting economy in the immense amount required will be to reduce the weight of the most impor-

GIRLS! BEAUTIFY YOUR HAIR AND STOP DANDRUFF

Hair Becomes Charming, Wavy, Lustrous and Thick in Few Moments

Every Bit of Dandruff Disappears and Hair Stops Coming Out

For a few cents you can save your hair. In less than ten minutes you can double its beauty. Your hair becomes light, wavy, fluffy, abundant and appears as soft, lustrous, and charming as a young girl's after applying some Danderuff. Also try this—moisten a cloth with a little Danderuff and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. This will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt or excessive oil, and in just a few moments you have doubled the beauty of your hair. A delightful surprise awaits those whose hair has been neglected or is scraggy, faded, dry, brittle or thin. Besides beautifying the hair, Danderuff dissolves every particle of dandruff, cleanses, purifies and invigorates the scalp, forever stopping itching and falling hair, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair—fine and downy at first—yet—really new hair growing all over the scalp. If you care for pretty, soft hair, and lots of it, surely get a small bottle of Danderuff. Danderuff from any drug store or toilet counter and just try it.

Coburn's HOUSEHOLD CHEMICALS

PURE COD LIVER OIL
It comes from the Norway fisheries, where it is made from unblemished livers. Half pint.....50c

REFINED WHITE RUSSIAN MINERAL OIL
The safe and sure remedy for constipation. Recommended by leading physicians. It is odorless and tasteless. Pint.....75c

PURE BAY RUM
The aromatic liquid of delicate color—prepared by distilling rum into which fresh leaves of the bay tree have been steeped. Pint 65c

Free City Motor Delivery
C. B. COBURN CO.
63 MARKET ST.

Boston Fish Market

CHAPMAN & McQUADE 80 GORHAM STREET

We are going to do our patriotic bit by having a limited supply of Fancy Whiting which we are going to place on sale Wednesday morning. The price will be.....3 Pounds for 25c

Also, we will have Fresh Labrador Herring for...10c Pound which cannot be duplicated. This is a request from our Food Administrator, and we are going to the full limit to make it a success.

LOWELL'S LEADING and MOST SANITARY FISH MARKET

We have decided to withdraw delivery of transient orders. We will deliver for our regular customers who have weekly orders.



THE FINISHING TOUCH IN LAUNDRY WORK

Clothes which are washed are but half done—

Be they ever so snowy white, it takes the finishing touch of smooth hot ironing to render them dainty, fresh and ready to wear.

THE ELECTRIC IRON gives that instant heat which makes ironing a pleasure instead of a task. Don't fire yourself out carrying a heavy, sooty iron from stove to board. Use an Electric Iron.

UNITED STATES WAR SAVINGS CERTIFICATES AND THRIFT STAMPS
On Sale at the Cashier's Window

CONGRESS MAY TAKE UP NEW SUFFRAGE BILL

Special to The Sun
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 8.—The house committee on suffrage, which was created recently for the purpose of giving suffrage bills a favorable report, has a joker up its sleeve in case suffrage comes up for a vote on the tenth as is expected. The plan is to table the Anthony amendment, which was before the judiciary committee and reported with no recommendation, and substitute the bill introduced this session by Raker of California, and which is now before the new committee. The Raker bill will probably get a favorable report

of eleven to two, and the suffragists believe such report will give them a gain in votes by stimulating doubtful members. The anti is urging a vote the tenth, but there is a rumor that the suffragists plead for delay.

William L. Walsh, pastor of the First Congregational church, Billerica Center. Burial was in the family lot in Fox Hill cemetery, where the committee service was read by Rev. Mr. Walsh. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertakers Young & Blake.

DEATHS
FLOUFFE—Antoine Flouffe, aged 81 years, died today at his home, 8 Racine place. He leaves his wife and two daughters.

CITY COUNCIL HELD BRIEF MEETING
The municipal council held a brief meeting this morning with Mayor Thompson in the chair and all members present. The Lowell Electric Light corporation was given a hearing on its petition for the erection of two

Girls—Do You Know Why Your Hair is Ugly?
It's amazing how much pretty hair does towards producing the appearance of youth and beauty so much desired by women of all ages. It's really a simple matter for any woman to merit this praise since beautiful hair is only a matter of care.

When your hair becomes faded, dry, streaked and scraggly, when it falls out badly and new hair cannot grow, the roots must be vitalized and properly nourished. To do this quickly, safely and at little expense, there is nothing so effective as Parisian sage (liquid form) which you can get at any drug store or toilet counter.

ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7 at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston, aged 6 months. She leaves beside her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, three brothers, Fred W. Norton E. and John Rouleau, one sister, Fay V. Rouleau.

ROULEAU—June Rouleau, aged 10 years, died yesterday at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. She leaves her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, three brothers, Fred W. Norton E. and John Rouleau, one sister, Fay V. Rouleau.

WILBER—James H. Wilber, aged 53 years, died this morning at his home, 121 West street, Boston. He leaves one daughter, Ada P. Wilber, two sons, Thomas J. and John J. Wilber, and a mother, Mrs. Mary Howland, of New Bedford, and Mrs. Fannie C. Wilber, of Kansas City, Mo.

MURPHY—Patrick J. Murphy, an old and well known resident of this city, died this morning at his home, 732 Moody street. He is survived by two sons, Thomas J. and John J. Murphy, and a mother, Mrs. Mary Howland, of New Bedford, and Mrs. Fannie C. Wilber, of Kansas City, Mo.

CLUNE—Michael J. Clune, a well known resident of this city, died yesterday afternoon at his home, 124 West street, Boston. He leaves two sons, Mrs. James Winn and Mrs. Helen Beatty, and one brother, Peter A. Clune. The body was removed to the chapel of Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons.

SWENNEY—Charles Edouard, aged 1 day, died yesterday at the home of his parents, Charles and Mary Swenney, 124 West street, Boston. Burial took place this afternoon at 4 o'clock in St. Patrick's cemetery, under the direction of Undertakers Amodeo & Gahan.

HILL—Charles F. Hill died last evening at his home, 77 Westford street, at the age of 59 years. He leaves his wife, Mrs. Ella Hill; one son, Lester A. Hill; two daughters, Mrs. Cora James and Miss Nellie Hill; also one brother, Byron Hill, all of Pennsylvania. He was a member of the Painters union.

WILLIAMS—George Williams, a highly respected resident of this city, died last evening at the Lowell hospital. He is survived by a wife, Mary; five daughters, Mrs. Charlotte Brown, Mrs. George Williams, Mrs. Margaret Wilson, Mrs. Katherine Morrell and Miss Rose Williams; four sons, Malcolm, George, Walter and Clarence Williams. The body was removed to the funeral parlors of Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons and later to his home, 18 Brown street.

FUNERALS
BEARD—The funeral of Miss Clara Beard was held at the rooms of Undertakers George W. Healey, 1030 Broadway street this morning at 10:30 o'clock and was very largely attended. The services were conducted by Rev. Alfred R. Bussey, pastor of the Baptist Unitarian church. A very large delegation was present from the city library. Burial was in the family lot in cemetery at Nashua, N. H.

HARRISON—The funeral services of Hazel Harrison took place at her home, Billerica Center, yesterday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev.

FUNERAL NOTICES
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

Joseph Peabody, William H. G. Wright, Edward W. Clark and William H. Watson. Burial was in the family lot in the Hillside cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

FUNERAL NOTICES
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

street. The services were conducted by Rev. Ernest A. Trices, pastor of the Belmont Street Baptist church. Appropriate selections were sung by Miss Elizabeth Thorne and Miss Blanche Sennott. The British army was represented by Sgt. Lecky and L. E. Field of the British recruiting commission. The bearers were Messrs. Bertram, Frank and Herbert Currier and William E. Andrew. Burial was in the family lot in Westlawn cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

FUNERAL NOTICES
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street, Boston. Burial services will be held at her home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. In charge of Undertaker Hiram C. Brown.

DEATHS
ROULEAU—June Rouleau died Jan. 7th at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Rouleau, No. Belmont street